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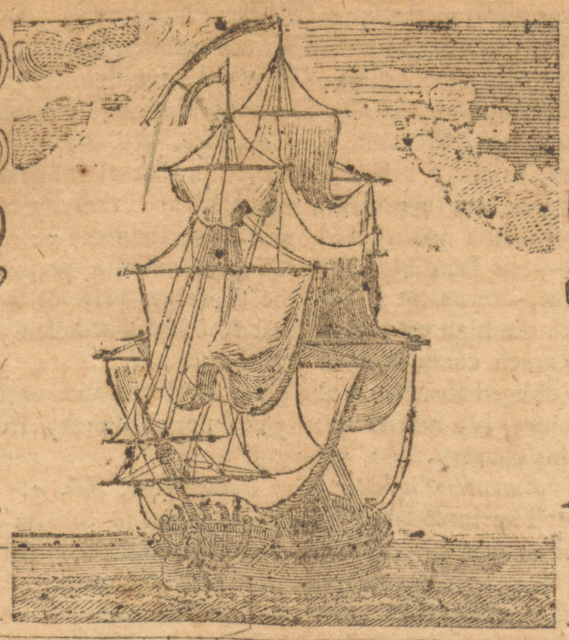
Pennsylvania AND GENERAL



THE Packet THE ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, MAY 3d, 1773.

Quicquid agunt Homines, nostri est Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

THE SONS OF SCIENCE IN AMERICA,

Are by this notification informed,

THAT, under their auspicious influence, ROBERT BELL, Bookseller, humble provedore to the sentimentalists, and hand servant to the friends of literature, hath now fully accomplished a decent American Edition of the splendid Judge BLACKSTONE'S COMMENTARIES on the LAWS OF ENGLAND, in Four Volumes; the fourth volume of which is now ready to be delivered to the subscribers:—Also, a New Edition of the much esteemed Letters of the very respectable dissenting Divine Dr. FURNEAUX to Judge BLACKSTONE, with PRIESTLEY'S Remarks on the Commentaries, and some other curious tracts worthy of high rank in every gentleman's literary repository, being an interesting Appendix, which maketh a Fifth Volume to range uniformly with said Commentaries.

N. B. For the accommodation of the un-opulent, among whom are many firm friends to the exploration and investigation of every truth, in which humanity or christianity are interested, who ardently wish to see the foundation of civil and religious liberty fully displayed, asserted and established, above, and beyond the reach of all human tyranny, Furneaux's letters to Blackstone,—Priestley's remarks,—the extraordinary case of Allen Evans, Esq;—Lord Mansfield's famous speech on that remarkable case, &c. &c. are sold in One Volume, by ROBERT BELL, Bookseller, and by the Booksellers in America.

*** The encouragers in the different provinces shall be supplied with their books as soon as possible.

††† A smart active Boy, who loveth books, is wanted as an apprentice to book-binding, by said Robert Bell, at the late Union Library, in Third-street, Philadelphia.

Just imported, and to be SOLD very cheap, by

BARCLAY AND MITCHELL,

A LARGE assortment of very neat and elegant patterns of printed COTTONS and LINENS.

BUDDEN AND STRAKER,

Are now opening at their store on the west side of Front-street, the third door above Market-street,

A VERY large and neat assortment of European and East-India GOODS, imported in the last vessels from London, Liverpool and Bristol, and will be sold very low for cash or short credit, amongst which are, a great variety of India chintzes, cottons and calicoes, muslins of all sorts, Russia, Irish and Scotch sheetings, Irish linens, Russia drabs, ravens duck, oznabrigs, checks and stripes, cambricks and lawns, bandanoe and other silk handkerchiefs, fustians and jeans, mens and womens gloves, broadcloths, shalloons, durants, tammies, callimancoes, prunellas, German serges, sagathies, cravats, silk, cotton, worsted and thread hose, brown and white buckrams, &c. &c. &c.

TOWNSEND SPEAKMAN AND CHRISTOPHER CARTER,

CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS (late from London)

HAVE just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Osborne, a large assortment of the freshest Drugs, Genuine Patent Medicines, Shop Furniture and Surgeons Instruments, which will be sold on reasonable terms, at their shop on the north side of Market-street, between Second and Third-streets, Philadelphia.

Also a small quantity of very fine French Plumbs, Muscadine Raisins, Turkey Figs and Prunes.

JOSEPH DEAN,

Has just imported, in the ship Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London,

A NEAT assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the summer season, which he is now opening for sale at his store in Front-street, about mid-way between Market and Chesnut-streets.

Just imported in the Capts. All, Mesnard and Osborne, from LONDON, and are to be Sold Wholesale or Retail, at the most reasonable rates, at

GEORGE BARTRAM's

WOOLLEN DRAPERY

AND HOSIERY

WARE-HOUSE,

At the sign of the GOLDEN FLEECE'S HEAD, in Second-street, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets,

A very large Assortment of BEST, SUPERFINE, SECOND and LOW PRICED

BROADCLOTHS, &c.

(Particulars in our next.)

STEPHEN COLLINS,

At his store in Second-street, opposite the Church,

HAS just received a good assortment of DRY GOODS, which he will sell low for cash or short credit.

ROBERT AND JOHN PROUD,

Have just imported in the last vessels from London and Liverpool,

A NEAT assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the season, which they have for sale at their store, next door above the Church in Second-street.

SAMUEL GARRIGUES, JUN.

HAS opened a fresh and general assortment of MERCHANDIZE, suitable to the season; which he will sell reasonably (for cash only) at his RETAIL SHOP, in Third-street, between Market and Arch-streets, the fifth house above Church-Alley, Philadelphia.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

Has just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Osborne, and in the Catherine, Captain Sutton, from London,

A LARGE assortment of Hardware, Ribbons, Lace, Callimancoes, Durants, &c. &c. which he will sell on reasonable terms (with other Goods imported in the last vessels from Britain) at his store in Front-street.

MARK FREEMAN,

Has just imported in the ships Pennsylvania Packet, Capt. Osborne, and Catherine, Capt. Sutton, from London, and now opening at his store in Front-street, next door above the corner of Walnut-street,

A LARGE assortment of black and coloured India taffaties, black and coloured India paduasoys, India damasks, India black lutestrings, plain, changeable, striped and black mantuas, plain and figured black sattins, coloured ditto, peelongs, modes, sarsanets, persians, romal, Barcelona, Spittalfield and China silk handkerchiefs, silk mitts, sewing silks, muslins, chintzes, calicoes, silk, cotton, thread and worsted hose, worsted breeches patterns, Wiltons, duroys, Russia sheetings, coarse and second broadcloths, shalloons, durants, callimancoes, &c. all which Goods he is determined to sell very cheap for cash or short credit, as he intends to go to England the ensuing fall.

A large and genteel parcel of fine, super and superfine

BROADCLOTHS,

With a general assortment of

EUROPEAN AND EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Imported in the Capts. All, Osborne and Sutton, from London, and to be sold by

NEAVE, HARMAN AND LEWIS.

Just IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

JOHN WOOD,

CLOCK AND WATCH-MAKER,

At the corner of Chesnut-street, in Front-street,

SILVER watches of various prices, cast clock-work with or without faces, at 25. 10*d*. per pound, corner and arch pieces, crucibles, clock-wheels and pinions, turned and cut, clock and watch plyers, screw dividers, beam and wing compasses, hand and tail vises, sliding tongs, cutting nippers, beak irons, spring-saw frames, hammers, spring blewers, screw-plates, broaches, tumbenches, pivot turns, bench vises, pinion and frame gauges, double and steel tweesers, braces and bitts, calipers, clock freesing tools, watch rivetting tools, screw-keys, screw-drivers, spring tools, clock and watch turning arbors, barrel arbors and batchets, verge rivetting stocks, wire drawing plates, clock and watch main springs, watch glasses, fusee watch chains, gold, silver, and pinchbeck pendants, clock and watch hands, case springs and buttons, chain hooks, steel and brass watch keys, pinion wire, gravers, clock bells, sheet brass, catgut, Turkey oyl stones, polishing stones, gilding wax, fine scratch brushes, borax, rotten and pumice stones, emery, black wax, blow pipes, hand shears, boxes of money scales and weights, gold weights separate, magnifying glasses, steel magnets, borax boxes, cast watch-work, binding wire, finished clock-faces, silver and steel watch-chains, enamelled dial-plates, finished moon-wheels, forged clock-work, steel wire, hard brass wire, silk watch-strings, click steel, small square steel, watch-case stakes and hammers, burnishers, coral beads, all kinds of clock and watch files, &c. &c.

At the above shop is done all kinds of Clock and Watch Work, with care and dispatch.

BENJAMIN DEAN,

Has just imported per the Catherine, Capt. Sutton, from London,

A COMPLEAT and general assortment of mens, womens, boys and girls silk, cotton, thread and worsted Hosiery, which are now opening for sale, at his store in Second-street, between Market and Arch-streets.

Said DEAN has received by the Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London, and the last vessels from Liverpool and Bristol, a neat assortment of other SPRING GOODS, all which he is determined to sell very low for cash or short credit.

ROBERT WILSON,

Has just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Osborne, from London, and other late vessels,

A NEAT assortment of SPRING GOODS, which he will sell on very low terms, at his store in Second-street, near the south-east corner of Chesnut-street.

SOMERVELL AND NOBLE,

HAVING removed their store from Front-street, to Water-street, the third door from the corner of Walnut-street, request all persons indebted to them (whether by bond, note or book debt) to come there and settle with them immediately, otherwise they will, however disagreeable to themselves, be obliged to employ a lawyer to do it for them. They intend quitting the dry good business, therefore will dispose of what goods they have now on hand at a very low advance, for cash only.

N. B. They have for sale West-India Hydes in the hair, and a few bags of Pimento or Allspice.

JOHN MASON,

At the corner of Front and Market-streets, has just imported in the ship Catherine, Captain Sutton,

A VERY neat assortment of paper hangings, likewise a quantity of the very best spices, such as nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, and cassia; a quantity of the best Strasburgh snuff, with a large assortment of

TOYS,

All of which he will sell on the lowest terms.

Said MASON carries on the Upholstery business in all its various branches, and shall be extremely obliged to such ladies and gentlemen as are pleased to favour him with their orders which shall be neatly and carefully executed.

TO BE DISPOSED OF,

A SERVANT WOMANS TIME, who has three years to serve: she is a notable house woman, and is sold for no other reason than the want of employment. Enquire of the printer.

THOMAS HALE,

CARPENTER,

In Walnut-street, facing the State-house Gate,

CONTINUES to hang BELLS through all the apartments of houses, in the most neat and lasting manner.

FOR LONDON,

THE SHIP

PENNSYLVANIA PACKET,

PETER OSBORNE, MASTER;

WILL sail with all convenient expedition. For freight or passage apply to Joshua Fisher and Sons, or said Master.

To be disposed of on board said ship, a few hearty German men, women, boys and girls.

FOR CORK,

THE BRIG

DELIGHT,

BENJAMIN FISHER, MASTER;

WILL sail about the 12th instant (May.) For passage apply to said master on board, or to WILLIAM BUCKLEY.

VENDUE AT JOHN HART'S

TO-MORROW.

By the ſhip CATHARINE, *Captain* SUTTON, *arrived here from* LONDON, *we have the following Intelligence.*

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Jan.* 18.

ALI Bey, ſince the taking of Jaffa, hath likewiſe made himſelf maſter of Jeruſalem.

Peterſburgh, Jan. 24. Her Imperial Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint —— Baxter, Eſq; of London, who is now here, her Conſul General in England, and all its dominions.

Dourkach, Feb. 2. In the province of Alſacia and Lorraine, the other ſide the Rhine, ſuch formidable preparations are making as would induce one to imagine they were on the eve of a war.

Munich, Feb. 4. The mortality ſtill continues to rage among the horſes in this Electorate; it is a ſort of inflammation of the lungs which carries them off. The only remedy we have yet found effectual is bleeding them when firſt affected.

Trieſte, Feb. 4. Count Averſperg, firſt preſident of the regency, ſet off the 30th of laſt month ſuddenly for Vienna; this precipitate departure cauſes many conjectures to be made.

Vienna, Feb. 5. A ſtrong report prevails here, that the Electoral troops of Saxony are taken into the pay of France.

Peterſburgh, Feb. 9. Her Imperial Majeſty is greatly embelliſhing ſeveral towns in her empire, particularly this city and Moſcow. She has dedicated for ten years to come an annual ſum of 200,000 roubles for this uſe, and in particular for the rebuilding of the imperial palace in the heart of the city of Moſcow, which is called the Kremſel.

Warſaw, Feb. 17. A courier ſet out for Peterſbourg this day, with the reſult of the Senatus Conſilium, and a detail of all that was done there.

Hague, Feb. 20. The Viſcount de la Herreria, Ambaſſador from Spain at this place, delivered lately to the States-General a memorial, in which, by order of his Court, he complains of the abuſes committed by ſome officers of Dutch ſhips of war, who (in virtue of their liberty granted them by the 20th article of the treaty of Utrecht, to enter and continue in the harbour of Cadiz) have carried away vaſt quantities of piaſtres, without paying the cuſtomary duties eſtabliſhed by his Catholic Majeſty. To this the States have returned for anſwer, that they will give expreſs orders to the officers of their marine, that they ſhall ſtrictly obſerve the rules which the States themſelves have formed on this ſubject, which are conformable to thoſe of the Court of Spain.

Rome, Feb. 20. They write from Palermo in Sicily, that a diſtemper has broke out there, which was brought into the country by a Ruſſian veſſel, that arrived at Terranova on the 1ſt of January.

We learn from Corſica, that they expect there very ſoon a new King from the houſe of Bourbon. It is ſuppoſed that the Duke of Piemont, who is juſt now on a treaty of marriage with the ſiſter of the Dauphin is to be inveſted with the Royal dignity.

Peterſburgh, Feb. 23. Her Imperial Majeſty has iſſued orders for her troops, which are now in the palatinate of Chelm, in Ruſſia, to march immediately for Kaminiec, in the Upper Podolia, and take poſſeſſion of it in her name, and likewiſe the town of Braclaw, in the Lower or Eaſtern Podolia.

Hague, Feb. 26. They write from Liſbon, that they have lately condemned to infamous puniſhment 28 dealers in contraband goods, of whom 17 were Portugueſe, nine Italians, and two Engliſh, for the moſt part well known and conſiderable merchants.

Hague, March 4. Their High Mightineſſes, received accounts yeſterday from the Sieur Roſignol, their Conſul to the Empire of Morocco, that peace, friendſhip and good harmony are entirely eſtabliſhed between them and the Emperor of Morocco, on the ſame footing as by the preceding treaty.

LONDON, *March* 3.

Private letters from the Hague adviſe, that the Marquis de Noailles, Ambaſſador from France at that Court, ſet out ſecretly laſt Friday morning for Verſailles, in conſequence of ſome diſpatches he received from his Court, and that his lady was to follow him on Sunday. Theſe letters likewiſe ſay, that Mr. de Berkenrode, Ambaſſador from the States-General at Paris, was alſo on his return home; but the motives for theſe proceedings are not mentioned.

The ——— ſloop, from Maryland, for Liverpool, laden with tobacco, Lewis Farquharſon, maſter, is put aſhore, but ſafe; and it is expected will be got off.

The fourth battalion of the royal regiment of artillery, now quartered in Chatham barracks, and commanded by Colonel Ord, are ordered to hold themſelves in readineſs to embark for America, in order to relieve the firſt batallion of the ſaid regiment, commanded by Lieutenant General Belford.

Sunday Mr. Blanch, corn-chandler, in the Park, Southwark, turned out two pigeons at Windſor to fly to London, which he laid 20 guineas they performed in an hour; one of them came back in 48 minutes, and the other in 53.

March 5. We hear that the wool ſtaplers in Bedfordſhire, Hertfordſhire, and Northamptonſhire, have formed the higheſt opinion of Lord North's commercial knowledge, and are made ſenſible that he has the true intereſt of his country at heart, by the cool reception he gave the petition of the manufacturers of lace, not doubting that his Lordſhip not only ſees the abſolute neceſſity of preſerving our trade with Flanders, but is alſo very juſtly of opinion, that too great an encouragement given to the manufactory of lace in this country, will prove very prejudicial to the woollen manufactory, the ſtaple commodity of England, by depriving the above counties, as alſo Norfolk, Suffolk, Yorkſhire, Lancaſhire, Devonſhire, Berkſhire, &c. &c. of ſpinners, as many before employed in that uſeful branch, have of late turned lace workers, and thereby overſtocked the market with more lace than can be vended.—His Lordſhip's opinion proves him a perſon of great diſcernment; and the moderate price of wool, with the high price and great ſcarcity of woollen yarn (ſo much complained of by the manufacturers, who are obliged to advance the price of their goods on that account) is a matter worthy the notice of every friend to his country.

Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, Feb. 3.

"The intendant of the royal mines in Siberia has lately communicated intelligence to her Ruſſian Majeſty, that there have been lately diſcovered in this inhoſpitable country ſeveral rich ſilver mines, three of which he cauſed to be opened, and the produce of them already amounts to 150 quintals (or 300 weight) of fine ſilver; and he has the greateſt hopes, that the other mines will prove full as valuable. In conſequence of this advice, the Empreſs has ordered the intendant a grant of land in the province of Dwina, with 2000 peaſants, a penſion of 40,000 roubles, and an immediate preſent of 120,000. She has likewiſe ordered the other mines to be opened as ſoon as practicable, and that particular care be taken of the workmen, &c."

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, Feb. 2.

"A Venetian man of war is juſt arrived here from a cruize in the Archipelago; and brings advice, that on the beginning of laſt month, as three Ruſſian ſhips of force, and a ſmall tranſport, were ſailing by the iſle of Stanchio, or Coos, they were ſuddenly attacked by four Turkiſh gallies; but meeting with a much warmer reception than they expected, they ran into the harbour of the town of Stanchio, but were cloſely purſued by the Ruſſians, who fired at them on entering the Bay. Immediately the guns of the caſtle began to play, but were ſoon ſileneed by the Ruſſians, who took the gallies without more oppoſition, and directly ſet ſail for the iſland of Malta."

Lord Clive declared the other day in the Houſe of Commons, that if the King or the Miniſter ſhould have the nomination of all officers, civil and military, in the Eaſt-Indies, or even of the major part of them, it would add ſuch a weight to the power of the crown, as would effectually overturn the Engliſh conſtitution.

A correſpondent who is going to ſettle in Holland, wants to know the nature of the Bank of Amſterdam. To the beſt of our knowledge, it is as follows. It is a deep, unfathomable well, into which when once you have put your money, you can never take it out again; but you may eaſilydiſpoſe of it upon exchange, for there are always plenty of purchaſers. All great payments are made in Holland by transferring Bank ſtock, which therefore reſembles in ſome meaſure, our Eaſt-India ſtock. The Bank of Amſterdam receives money but it never pays any; its capital, therefore muſt be continually encreaſing.

March 6. They write from Pontypool, in Montmouthſhire, that an iron mine had been lately diſcovered in that neighbourhood, one piece of which of one pound of ore yielded thirteen ounces of ſolid iron.

It was laſt night rumoured about town, that Admiral Montague, and the other Commiſſioners who went with him on the expedition to Rhode Iſland, had been tarr'd and feathered there, and were returned over land to Boſton in a very woeful condition.

The Pallas, Bailey, from South Carolina, is arrived in the Downs: ſhe has been a miſſing ſhip, and valued at 25000l.

On Wedneſday died, on board his ſhip in the river, Capt. Lilley, in the New-York trade. The ſame day, in Threadneedle-ſtreet, Mrs. Mary James, wife of Mr. James, partner with Mr. Fordyce, leaving a diſconſolate huſband and ſeven young children.

Extract of a private letter from Warſaw, Feb. 21.

"The accounts from Buchareſt contradict each other every poſt. Sometimes they ſay the negociations are broke off, and at other times they repreſent that there is great hopes of a ſpeedy peace; adding at the ſame time, that there are only ſome points relative to Crimea to be ſettled. It ſeems pretty clear that we ſhall not be able to form a proper judgment of this affair till the expiration of the armiſtice, which will be on the 21ſt of March next; and in the mean time, the formidable preparations which are making both in Ruſſia and at Conſtantinople, do not preſage an approaching peace. On the other hand, we learn that the French Ambaſſador at Vienna has declared, that his Court is preparing to aſſiſt the King of Sweden to the utmoſt, and to ſupport that monarch in all his rights and lawful pretenſions."

March 8. The Biſhop of Oſnabrug is ſaid to have very quick parts. When the Prince of Wales the laſt week ſeemed greatly mortified at not being permitted to receive the Gentlemen of the principality of Wales, the Biſhop broke out, "Why, brother, I believe I ſhall ſee my German ſheep before you will your Welch goats."

Extract of a letter from Paris, Feb. 22.

"The Malteſe Ambaſſador has juſt received advice, that the Grand Maſter of the order of Malta died the 24th ult. and that the Baille de Ximenes, a Spaniard, has been unanimouſly elected, on the 28th, to ſucceed him in that eminent dignity."

Extract of a letter from Vienna, Feb. 24.

"At Beuda, a fine camp is now forming of 50,000 men, and new fortifications are building to render that important fortreſs (if poſſible) entirely impregnable. Moſt of the troops (except thoſe immediately neceſſary for the maintenance of garriſons) are ordered out of the hereditary dominions into the three frontier provinces of Sclavonia, Servia, and Croatia, where they are to form ſeveral camps."

On Saturday Dr. Solander was appointed librarian at the Britiſh Muſeum, in the room of Dr. Maty, who is appointed principal librarian; and Mr. Juſtamond and Mr. Planta (ſon of Mr. Planta, deceaſed) are appointed aſſiſtant librarians, in the room of Dr. Solander, and the late Mr. Planta.

The Croſby, Edwards, from Jamaica, arrived at Maryport. After taking out part of the cargo was drove on ſhore in a hard gale of wind and loſt.

The Peggy, Coldclough, from Virginia to Dublin, was loſt the 24th ult. near Londonderry.

The Friendſh p, Mackey, from London to the Granades, after being ſeveral days at ſea, was obliged to return to Falmouth with the loſs of ſeven horſes and other damage.

An expreſſion of the B——p of O——g's, when Jonas, the ſlight-of-hand man, was lately diverting the royal children, is talked of with much pleaſantry at St. James's. Jonas, it ſeems, had exhibited many dexterous feats, with which the children were highly delighted; at laſt the B—p burſting into a loud laugh, exclaimed, "Why, Jonas, I fancy you could conjure peoples heads away, and if you will only take off my brother C——'s, who ſtands greatly in my light, I ſhall be highly obliged to you."

A beautiful young Counteſs, well known in the gay world, is ſaid to be at preſent locked up in a ſpunging houſe, and cannot get a ſingle individual in the round of the whole nobility to extricate her from ſo mortifying a ſituation.

Letters from Stockholm ſay, relieving the inhabitants from the burthen of quartering the ſoldiers, is the moſt popular action that could be conferred: it has removed a mark of ſlavery.

The veſſel loſt in Tenby bay, from Virginia, proves to be the Pompey, Yeamans, bound to London; a few of the materials of the ſhip will be ſaved.

March 9. On Sunday night, about nine o'clock, a duel was fought, in St. James's Square, between Capt. An—ty and Ch—r Bl——e, Eſq; a Gentleman well known on the turf, in which the latter received a ſevere wound in the thigh. They fought with ſmall ſwords; the ſeconds were Mr. B—d and the Hon. Mr. St—pe.

A noble Lord, remarkable for a late law ſuit, and the Hon. Geo. S—!—n, had ſome words a few days ſince at Almack's, and retired to Hide Park to ſettle the matter in the *honourable* way, but it was made up by the interpoſition of the ſeconds.

Sunday morning a duel was fought with piſtols in Hide Park, between a Navy Captain and a gentleman of Little Chelſea, who received a wound in the left ſhoulder, which occaſioned a great effuſion of blood; however, the ball was extracted in the afternoon, and no fatal conſequences are expected to enſue from the wound.

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, March 2.

"His Pruſſian Majeſty has deprived the gentry, and other inhabitants of the territory of Waumira, in Poliſh Pruſſia, of the right which they had (while under the juriſdiction of the King of Poland) of being governed by their own Biſhop, who is a Prince of the Empire, and has taken them into his Majeſty's own protection.

Letters from Cornwall mention, that the riots of the tinners began to abate; and that it is ſuppoſed they will ſoon diſperſe.

March 10. Sir Baſil Keith (brother to Sir Robert Keith) is appointed Governor of Jamaica.

A perſon juſt arrived from Jamaica ſays, that both the French and Spaniards have, for ſome time paſt, been employed in doubly fortifying all their ports and iſlands in the Weſt-Indies.

The Portland man of war is ſailed for the Weſt-Indies with ſome particular diſpatches.

A North-American ſhip, from Jamaica, with ſugar and rum, bound for London, is loſt off Ireland.

Seven ſail of North-American ſhips laden with wheat and flour, were arrived at Dublin when the poſt came away.

'Tis reported that a certain *noble* American Governor is now on his way home *without leave*, and that the affairs of the colony are in the utmoſt confuſion. The above report came in a private letter from Charles-Town.

A few days ago Mr. Chriſtopher Morley, of Winthorpe, near Newark upon Trent, farmer, had the honour of receiving the gold medal adjudged to him, at a late meeting of the Agriculture Society at Doncaſter, for the *cleaneſt ſand fallow*. The ſucceſs of this intelligent farmer has raiſed ſuch a ſpirit of emulation in the neighbourhood, that it is thought the number of candidates for the premiums to be given this year will not be inconſiderable.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, March 9. Orders for the Court's going into mourning on Sunday next the 14th inſt. for the late King of Sardinia, viz.

The ladies to wear black ſilk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, and necklaces and ear-rings, black or white ſhoes, fans, and tippets.

Undreſs, white or grey luteſtrings, tabbies or damaſks.

The men to wear black full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black ſwords and buckles.

Undreſs, grey frocks.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Feb. 26.

"According to the laſt letters from Madrid, the King of Spain has ordered a camp to be formed this month, near Valencia, which is to conſiſt of 22 ſquadron of horſe, and 24,000 foot; the deſign of this is not known, but moſt people think it too early in the ſeaſon for a camp of amuſement. Some letters from Italy inſinuate that the King of Sardinia propoſes to aſſemble an army of 36,000 men this ſummer.

Laſt night's Gazette contains the addreſs of the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, Commons and Citizens of Dublin, to the King, congratulating his Majeſty on the birth of a Prince, and the ſafe delivery of the Queen; which was preſented to his Majeſty by the Earl of Rochford, and very graciouſly received.

March 11. A new regulation took place yeſterday at the General Poſt-office, by which gentlemen will have their letters much ſooner delivered than heretofore. An account is to be taken what time the mails come in, and every perſon concerned in opening the bags and ſorting the letters is to ſet down his name, with the time he goes upon duty, and a perſon is appointed to ſee that they do not make a falſe entry.

Patrick Welldon, Eſq; a merchant of Dublin, has invented a compoſition for bleaching and whitening linen, whereby it is done much better, much cheaper, and in leſs than half the time at preſent employed therein.

March 13. The Prince of Brunſwick is appointed a Field-Marſhal, in the ſervice of the King of Pruſſia.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, Feb. 20.

"The French and Dutch Ambaſſadors at this Court, have lately been highly in favour with the Spaniſh Miniſtry; ſcarce a day paſſes but they are each cloſetted with the King and Prime Miniſter. Prince Maſſareno, who has lately arrived here from London, is aſſiſting at each of theſe conferences; from the ſecreſy which is obſerved in reſpect to them, it is conjectured, that ſome matters of infinite importance are on the tapis. Orders have been lately ſent off to all the ſea ports to admit all the French and Dutch ſhips of war to anchor in the reſpective harbours belonging to Spain, and lie there without moleſtation. Likewiſe to expedite the Spaniſh ſhips now building and fitting out at Seville and Malaga."

We are informed that the Earl of Shelburne lately paid a viſit in Somerſetſhire to the Earl of Chatham. He is almoſt the only one of Lord Chatham's adminiſtration who remains firmly attached to him, and to his public principles. The contraſt between the conduct of Lord Shelburne and the Duke of Grafton is very remarkable. The Duke was led by the hand of Lord Chatham into office and importance. He was no ſooner ſeated in his place but he deſerted him, and became the tool of the enemy of his patron, and of the public, Lord Bute. The public conſequences and confuſion that deſertion drew on are well known. The Earl of Shelburne when very young took a place in adminiſtration under the auſpices of Lord Bute; but finding him a man who wanted wiſdom, and held principles incompatible with freedom, he ſoon reſigned. Since that he has been unalterably attached to Lord Chatham and his public meaſures. After this proof of their principles, we need not ſay which of theſe noble perſons is acceptable at St James's, and which obnoxious.

We hear from Carliſle that great intereſt is already making for that city and county of Cumberland, for the next general election, in favour of Sir James Lowther.

It is remarkable that the new appointed Governor of Jamaica is not only a very young officer in the Navy, but that the government of that iſland was applied for by the Admiral on that ſtation, as well as by a late Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, who were both refuſed.

The government of the Iſland of Jamaica is ſaid to be worth from ten to twelve thouſand a year, and is accounted the moſt deſirable thing in the gift of the King, except the Viceroyſhip of Ireland.

The Leipſic, Capt. Caton, from Amſterdam, laden with ſpirits and leaf tobacco, is foundered at ſea, and the crew periſhed.

On Wedneſday evening about ſix o'clock a duel was fought in the fields near Iſlington, between Mr. Gilbert and Mr. Mollard, jun. maſters of the ſcience of fencing, when the latter received three wounds in different parts of his body; one of which it is apprehended will prove mortal. A public diſpute in ſome of the papers between them, reſpecting their ſkill, was the cauſe of this unhappy deciſion.

March 17. Yeſterday the Royal aſſent was given, by commiſſion, to the following acts, viz.

An act to encourage the ſubjects of foreign ſtates to lend money upon eſtates in the Weſt Indies.

An act for naturaliſing the children of foreign Proteſtants, ſubjects of Great-Britain.

The Houſe of Commons paſſed the Bill for the recovery of ſmall debts in the city of Exeter.

Agreed to the report of the amendments made to the Bill to prevent abuſes in ſales of ſhares of ſhips, Britiſh bail.

Paſſed the Militia Bill.

Yeſterday ſome diſpatches were ſent off from St. James's for Holland, to be forwarded to the Lords of the Regency of Hanover.

Yeſterday morning his Excellency Count Mabſhan, the Pruſſian Ambaſſador, was at Lord Rochford's office, Cleveland-Row, and had a long conference with that Secretary of State.

A packet has lately been received from the Governor of Rhode Iſland, in which mention is made that the town of Newport is viſibly declining in its trade, and that ſome of the principal ſettlers have left that place.

This day being St. Patrick's Day, the ſame will be obſerved as a high collar day at St. James's, by the knights of their reſpective orders.

A council is to meet after the breaking up of the levee at St. James's this day, ſaid to be on Eaſt India matters.

In the Gazette of yeſterday are the two following threatening letters, ſent lately to Mr. Joſeph Barber, Bookſeller; and to the Rev. Mr. William Hall, both of Newcaſtle upon Tyne.

The following is a copy of that ſent to Mr. Barber:

Sur

i am in greet weent your have monny and i have none, ſo put an ginney on the gardine wall by the gate or you will ſufer for it, breed i muſt have don't fail, and you will ſave by it—

4 Jan. F—B.

you hiriſh dog I will ſir your ſanel Monny i muſt get from you dam you

Mr. Barber not complying therewith, his houſe at Weſtgate in Northumberland was on Friday the 5th inſt. ſet on fire, and burnt to the ground. His Majeſty's pardon, and a reward of one hundred pounds from the county of Northumberland, and ten pounds from Mr. Barber are offered to any accomplice.

The following is a copy of that ſent to the Rev. Mr. Hall:

Sur

Nowe be Chriſt if ye dont fulfil theſe better than the tother ye may depend we will burn you and Yours befor Fryday Morning, we fanei You, hannot getten the tother or elſe you ſhould have been damned before this. lay 1 Ginney behint the Steps of your Jaxhouſe to morrow Knite before 10 a Cloke or elſe dread your deeth do not not fale for be Godd it is true.

To

Parſon Hal

Spittle

His Majeſty's pardon, and a reward of fifty pounds from the town of Newcaſtle upon Tyne, and twenty pounds from Mr. Hall, is offered to any accomplice.

As the Dutch with their natural allies the Engliſh, are reſolved on a perfect neutrality, it ſeems a ſtumbling block to the politicians at the Hague, what mighty buſineſs the ſtates have at preſent in contemplation.

Advices from the Hague ſay, it is very confidently reported here, that the Pruſſian Monarch has concluded a very private treaty with the Court of Verſailles, which is likely to cauſe ſome further commotions in the North.

They write from Gibraltar, that the piratical ſtates of Barbary ſeem preparing to guard againſt the moſt dangerous ſtrokes which may happen to them from the Chriſtian powers. At Tunis, Algiers, Larache, and Mogadore (particularly the latter) they are building ſome additional works for the better protection of them.

Advices are received from the Eaſt-Indies, that the French Conſul at Goa, has been privately maſſacred, and his body found ſeventeen days afterwards, near fort Lewis on the coaſt.

They write from Warſaw, of the 1ſt inſtant, that fourteen of the principals of the late confederacy, had lately arrived there, among whom is the Count Wolſkie, for whom the King had formerly a very great regard, but that they had been refuſed a reſidence in the city, being conſidered rather ſpies from a certain quarter.

We hear from Stockholm, that three new regiments have been lately raiſed, the commands of which have been given to the Counts Geuthorpe, and Colonels Armſteidt and Glutits, in Norway, which are to ſerve in that kingdom only.

A report prevails, that his Majeſty's birth-day is appointed for receiving the two Royal Ducheſſes in form at Court.

The call of the Houſe of Commons ſtands fixed for this day.

March 18. The Weſt-India merchants on Monday gave a ſplendid entertainment at the London Tavern to the Governor of Barbadoes, at which were preſent Lord Mansfield, Lord Dartmouth, &c.

Letters from the North of Ireland ſay, "Our linen manufactory ſuffers greatly from emigrations to North-America, where, it it is ſaid, there will ſoon be occaſion for all that come."

We learn from Copenhagen, that there is nothing more to fear from Denmark with reſpect to a rupture with Sweden, his Daniſh Majeſty having ordered eight out of the twelve men of war that were fitting out to be diſarmed; and the four others are only to be employed in exerciſing the ſailors.

The Earl of Cheſterfield lies ſo dangerouſly ill that his life is deſpaired of.

Captain Longbrother, juſt arrived in the river from Denia, ſpoke with the Harmony, bound for Boſton, 52 leagues weſtward of Sicilly, all well.

This morning 700 tons of proviſions were ſhipped off on board two tranſports at the Tower, for his Majeſty's garriſon at Minorca.

A great number of journeymen, employed in the millwright buſineſs, have for ſome time paſt been engaged to go abroad by foreign agents, employed for that purpoſe, on extraordinary encouragement.

March 19. On Wedneſday the following petition of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the city of London, was preſented to the Houſe of Commons, viz. "The petitioners, always ready to unite in every degree of ſupport neceſſary for the ſecurity, intereſt and honour of the nation, cannot help lamenting, with ſerious concern, the frequent toleration of lotteries, in time of peace; and the petitioners conceive, that ſuch a Parliamentary right of gaming (eſpecially in this trading city) is highly injurious to the commerce of this kingdom, and to the welfare and proſperity of the people, many of whom, from an ideal and flattering proſpect of rapidly accumulating wealth without the means of honeſt induſtry, reſort to methods of raiſing money by dangerous and unwarrantable practices, in order to become adventurers, thereby involving themſelves in a labyrinth of difficulties, oftentimes terminating in very diſtreſsful conſequences, and to the ruin of many families; and therefore praying the Houſe, to give ſo important a ſubject a full conſideration which the nature of it neceſſarily requires, and to grant ſuch relief as ſhall be judged expedient." Which petition was ordered to lie on the table.

We have hitherto, from the beſt authority, been enabled to give the public a true ſtate of Lord Bellamont's ſituation; and, notwithſtanding the reports in ſome of the papers to the contrary, our readers may be aſſured, that his Lordſhip has reſted well for ſeveral nights paſt, and is now out of all danger; and that the Faculty, deſpairing of finding the ball, have determined to irritate the wound no further by ſearching for it, but to heal the orifice with all expedition.

The Earl of Harcourt has lately ſent ſome diſpatches from Ireland; which are ſaid to be of a moſt intereſting nature, and ſeveral meetings of the cabinet have been held upon them.

We learn from Cracow, that the grand Marſhal of Poland, and great numbers of the Nobility, &c. there, have proteſted againſt the diviſion of the kingdom, and refuſed to take the oaths of allegiance to the three Powers.

They write from Vienna, that the Emperor has given orders for another large body of troops to march to Poland.

They write from Jamaica, that the Governor of the Havanna had received orders to oblige all the natives of England, who may be there, to evacuate the iſland of Cuba.

There are letters in town from Liſbon, which ſay, that two Poliſh Jews are apprehended there, on ſuſpicion of being concerned in ſetting fire to different places in that capital.

Letters from Holland ſay, the States have received the ſtrongeſt aſſurances that the Court of Verſailles is meditating ſome hoſtile invaſions.

They write from Breſt, that a large Dutch Fly-Boat, of 500 tons, with naval ſtores from the Texel, had lately been wrecked in a hard gale of wind, near the iſle of Aix, and all the crew periſhed.

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, March 9.

"His Poliſh Majeſty has aſſerted a part of his ſovereign prerogative, which it is probable will very ſoon determine his particular fate. Two of the Imperial Generals and one of the Ruſſians, have taken the liberty to exact a tax from the inhabitants where their troops are quartered, and otherwiſe oppreſſed them in a very arbitary manner; on their frequent complaints the King remonſtrated to the Generals, and at laſt to their reſpective courts, but finding all ineffectual, he at laſt iſſued orders for arreſting them, which was immediately performed, and they were conducted by a party of horſe to the caſtle of Siradia, where they now remain."

It is ſaid, that application has been made to Parliament for power to import Iriſh Tallow, duty free, to reduce the price of candles.

Yeſterday the Houſe of Commons broke up at a little before five o'clock.

This day the Houſe of Peers will meet purſuant to their laſt adjournment.

A correſpondence, we hear, has lately exiſted between the Lords Sandwich and Chatham, which is likely to turn out to the ſervice of the nation.

Lord Townſend we are told, propoſed making a viſit to France, ſoon after his arrival here from Ireland; but the unhappy affair with Lord Bellamont prevented it at that time. Now he will not go till Lord Bellamont is perfectly out of danger, ſince there are ill-natured people enough that would attribute his departure to ſome other motive, in order to prejudice his Lordſhip's character.

A motion will ſoon be made, we hear, in a certain aſſembly, at the inſtigation of a Great Perſonage, for regulating duels, as follows: that every duel be fought with ſwords only, on the ſtage of one of the Theatres, and that any one may be admitted to ſee them, paying the price that is now paid at the oratorios at Drury-Lane: the money ariſing from this kind of entertainment to be applied in ſuch charitable uſes as may be agreed upon in the above aſſembly: and that duelliſts who do not conform to this regulation, ſhall ſuffer death or baniſhment, as well as a confiſcation of their eſtates.

The conduct of the great Elizabeth of Ruſſia, reſpecting the ſupport of commercial credit, deſerves to be celebrated by the liberal as well as the polite arts. Painting and ſculpture ought to immortalize her perſon, whilſt poetry and hiſtory diſplay to future ages her glorious efforts for averting, if poſſible, the general bankruptcy of Europe.

Some unlooked-for demands from Denmark or Sweden, it is ſaid, occaſioned a late expreſs from Stockholm.

Dublin, Feb. 27. The Parliament of this kingdom, which now ſtands prorogued to the 2d day of March next, is further prorogued to the 6th of April next.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 3.

Extract of a letter from London, March 18.

"Laſt week B. and F. ſtopped payment for 180,000l. Sterling, which has given another ſhock to mercantile credit; as to public news I know little of it, a war in Germany is expected, and ſome regulations in India matters, that will affect America, is talked of; one meaſure under conſideration is, to eſtabliſh India ware-houſes in America, where India goods will be ſold in the ſame manner they are here, but whether this will take place or not ſeems uncertain; the affairs of the Company are at preſent under the conſideration of the Houſe of Commons, and as the quantity of Tea on hand is immenſe, it is expected ſome regulation will take place that will admit of its being ſent to America.

Captain Oſborne, from London, on the 14th of March, in lat. 38 : 55, long. 21 : 22, ſpoke a brig from London for Africa, but it blowing hard could not learn who ſhe was: On the 19th, in lat. 34 : 4, long. 21 : 22, ſpoke a ſloop Capt. Buſh, from Carolina for Teneriffe: On the 14th ult. in lat. 29 : 14, long. 54, ſpoke the ſloop Recovery, Capt. Burk, from Jamaica for Africa: On the 17th, in lat. 30 : 11, long. 60, ſpoke the ſhip Richmond, Capt. Love, from London for Maryland, out 6 weeks all well; and on the 22d, in lat. 34 : 47, long. 68, ſpoke a ſloop Capt. Bradford from Rhode-Iſland for Hiſpaniola, out 4 days.

With Capt. Oſborne came paſſengers, Mr. ROBERT BARCLAY, Merchant, and Mr. CARTER, of London. PHINEAS BOND, Eſq; and THOMAS PARK, M.D. of this city, with ſeveral other gentlemen.

Captain Sutton, from London, on the 31ſt of March, in lat. 48, long. 20 : 21, ſpoke a ſhip from Liſbon for London, and on the 25th ult. in lat. 40, long. 70, ſpoke a ſloop from New-London, for Guadaloupe, out 24 hours.

With Capt. Sutton came paſſenger, the Reverend Mr. WILLIAM STRINGER.

The Captains Loxley, Coxe, and Dickenſon, were to ſail from London for this port, on or about the 12th of May.

Captain Harper, from Liſbon, on the 20th of March, in lat. 35 : 29, long. 14 : 49, ſpoke the ſhip Neſbitt, Capt. Green, from Cales, for this port, out 7 days; and on the 13th ult. in lat. 25 : 38, long. 55 : 51, ſpoke the brig Polly and Nancy, Capt. Daling, from North-Carolina for Antigua, out 28 days.

The Brig Dunmore, Capt. Maxwell, belonging to Virginia, ſailed from Liſbon for Falmouth, on the 16th of March, and a brig, Capt. Curry, for Maryland.

Captain Hathorn, from Leghorn, on the 25th ult. in lat. 37 : 23, long. 73 : 30, ſpoke the ſhip Richard, Capt. Ainſworth, from this port for Liverpool, out three days, all well.

Captain Manſon, in a ſhip from this port, is arrived at Leghorn.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sl. Peace & Plent.	R. Mumford,	Rhode Iſland,
Schooner Becky,	R. Harris,	Georgia,
Brig Georgia Pac.	G. Bunner,	Georgia,
Sloop Sally,	T. Alberſon,	New-York,
Schooner Mary,	J. Welſh,	Halifax,
Sloop Friendſhip,	J. Warner,	Rhode-Iſland,
Sloop Peggy,	S. Hinckly,	Boſton,
Sch. Bonaventure,	J. Waterman,	Boſton,
Schooner Polly,	J. Veſſey,	New-Providence,
Brig Speedwell,	J. Cox,	Grenadoes,
Ship Severn,	J. Hathorn,	Leghorn,
Brig Dolphin,	J. Ruſſel,	Montſerrat,
Schooner Amelia,	P. Barry,	Montſerrat,
Brig George,	J. Wilſon,	Liſbon,
Brig Sally,	J. Forbes,	Dominica,
Sloop Suſanna,	E. Coffin,	Hiſpaniola,
Brig Free Maſon,	D. Wilkin,	Hiſpaniola,
Ship Lyon,	J. Hamilton,	Vigo,
Brig Carpenter,	S. Williams,	Liſbon,
Ship Warwick,	C. Smith,	Hiſpaniola,
Ship Pennſyl. Pac,	P. Oſborne,	London,
Ship Catharine,	J. Sutton,	London.

OUTWARDS.

Ship Sally,	J. Brown,	Hiſpaniola,
Snow Harmony,	W. Timmons,	Surrinam,
Schooner Nelly,	N. Valence,	Dominica,
Sloop Lively,	R. Shewell,	Dominica,
Snow Jane,	T. Whitlock,	Liſbon,
Schooner Lydia,	P Amiel,	St. Euſtatia,
Sl. Peace & Plent,	R. Mumford,	Rhode Iſland,
Schooner Amelia,	P. Barry,	St. Kitts,
Brig Georgia Pac.	G. Bunner,	Georgia,
Sch. Bonaventure,	J. Waterman,	Boſton,
Brig Harmony,	J. Lockton,	Liſbon,
Sloop Peggy,	S. Hinckley,	Boſton,
Schooner Mary,	J. Walſh,	Halifax.

CLEARED.

Ship Polly,	T. Roach,	Liſbon,
Schooner Tryal,	D. Harrow,	St. Euſtatia,
Sloop Molly,	E. Rogers,	Boſton,
Ship Mercury,	R. Collins,	Virginia,
Schooner Hebe,	J. Wilſon,	Jamaica,
Sloop Polly,	W. Furnell,	Piſcataqua,
Ship Maria,	J. Dyſon,	Cadiz,
Sloop Experiment,	B. M'Cann,	North-Carolina,
Ship Mary & Eliz.	T. Meſnard,	London,
Ship Rich. Penn,	J. All,	London,
Brig Peggy,	J. Garrigues,	Liſbon,
Brig George,	J. Wilſon,	Virginia,
Sl. Three Friends,	J. Leathers,	Piſcataqua,
Schoon. Kingſton,	R. Patterſon,	Jamaica,
Sloop Patty,	G. Simpſon,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Charlotte,	J. Coburn,	Virginia,
Brig P. of Wales,	T. Maſon,	South-Carolina,
BrigCharleſtownP.	S. Wright,	South-Carolina.

Juſt arrived in the ſhip Friendſhip, Captain M'Culloch, from Belfaſt,

A FEW healthy Iriſh men and women SERVANTS, amongſt whom are, bricklayers, hoſierers, ſhoemakers, &c. whoſe times are to be diſpoſed of by JAMES STUART, in Second-ſtreet, or the Maſter on board.

N. B. A few barrels of choice Iriſh Beef to be ſold enquire as above.

LISBON WINE,
TO BE SOLD BY
CHARLES WHARTON,
At his ſtore near the Drawbridge.

JAMES CUNNING,
At the ſign of the Spinning Wheel, in Market-ſtreet, one door below Third-ſtreet, and oppoſite the Meal-market,

HAS juſt opened a general aſſortment of DRY GOODS, imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, which he is determined to ſell on ſuch terms as ſhall be agreeable to his former cuſtomers, and thoſe who will pleaſe to make trial: He returns his moſt grateful acknowledgements to his former friends and cuſtomers, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favours, by keeping a good aſſortment and ſelling on the moſt reaſonable terms.

N. B. A general aſſortment of ſuperfine cloths, at 30ſ. per yard, Hoſe's beſt ſhoes, at 8/6, enamelled and plain Queen's ware, by the crate or otherwiſe.

WILMINGTON LOTTERY, in TWO CLASSES.
For raiſing TWO THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED and EIGHTY FOUR POUNDS, Pennſylvania currency.

FIVE-SIXTHS of the money to be raiſed by this Lottery is to be applied, according to an article ſigned the 28th of December, 1772, for accommodating the *Members of the Church of England*, who inhabit the north part, and Northern Liberties, of the city of Philadelphia with places of worſhip; which, it is agreed, can only be done by building two ſmall CHURCHES or CHAPELS; one near the North Line of the city, and the other northward of the Barracks on a lot given by the heirs of William Coats. The remaining ſixth-part of the money to be raiſed by this Lottery is for certain pious uſes within the county of Newcaſtle, where tickets in the firſt claſs, price THREE DOLLARS each, may be had of the managers. viz. Richard M'William, Eſq; Meſſieurs Jonas Stidham, George Evans, and Joſeph Stidham.

Such perſons as have not an opportunity of applying to the ſaid managers may have their orders forwarded, and may ſee the ſcheme (in which there are but *two* blanks to *one* prize) by applying to any of the following gentlemen in Philadelphia, viz. Rev. Dr. Richard Peters, Rev. Dr. William Smith, Rev. Mr. Jacob Duche, Meſſieurs Michael Hillegas, William Moore, Matthew Clarkſon, Peter Knight, James Worral, William Coats, jun. Levi Budd, John Brown, Emanuel Eyre, William Maſters, Thomas York, and Thomas Budd.

The managers having received an account of the ſale of the tickets ſent to the Weſt-Indies and other diſtant places, are enabled to *aſſure the adventurers* that the drawing of the *firſt claſs* will begin in the borough of WILMINGTON the fifth day of July next; and they requeſt all who intend to become adventurers, or wiſh to promote the laudable purpoſes of this Lottery, to be ſpeedy in their application for what tickets yet remain unſold.

April 6, 1773.

On MONDAY the twenty-fourth of May next, will be expoſed to PUBLIC SALE, on the premiſes, at three o'clock in the afternoon,

THE Plantation and Land whereon the ſubſcriber now lives, laying in Frederick county, and province of Maryland, about five miles from George Town on Potowmack River, eight miles from Blandenſburgh, and near the public main road that leads from George Town to Frederick Town, containing about 384 acres, whereon is a good and convenient dwelling-houſe, with four rooms below and three above, a good cellar, a good and convenient kitchen, a quarter, meat-houſe, milk-houſe, corn-houſe, with ſtables under it, a fine paled garden and yard, and two good tobacco-houſes, in one of which there is a plank threſhing floor; there is alſo a good apple, peach and cherry orchard: The land will ſuit either for planting or farming, and there is ſome good marſh ground ſuitable for meadow. The purchaſer will have liberty to put in a crop of grain in the fall as early as he chooſes, and will have full poſſeſſion of the houſes and premiſes on the 20th day of December next. Six months credit will be given the purchaſer from the day of ſale, on his giving bond and ſecurity. Any perſon may view the ſame by applying to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes.

Alſo on the ſame day will be ſet up to the higheſt bidder, ſome country-born ſlaves.

ERAS. GILL.

FOR CHARLES-TOWN, IN S. CAROLINA,

The BRIGANTINE
FRIENDSHIP,
WILLIAM MOORE, Maſter;

BEING conveniently provided with genteel accommodations for paſſengers; will ſail on Saturday next. For freight or paſſage apply to JOSEPH BLEWER, at his houſe, in Southwark, or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his ſtore, on JOSEPH SIMS's wharf, who has for ſale, Carolina ſoal leather, and new rice.

N. B. A Black-ſmith, a Rope-maker, and a Breeches-maker, who can be well recommended, may hear of good encouragement by applying as above.

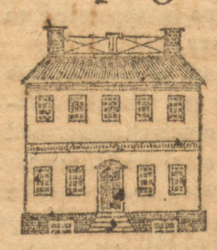
Philadelphia, May 1, 1773.

To be SOLD at PRIVATE SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet continued ſouthward beyond the city of Philadelphia, in the diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth 16 feet 8 inches and in length or depth 106 feet, bounded on the eaſt by Front-ſtreet aforeſaid, on the ſouth by the meſſuage and ground of Anthony Pearſon, on the weſt by land of Captain Lockart, and on the north by the meſſuage of Samuel Morton; whereon is erected a good two ſtory brick houſe 22 feet deep, and a frame kitchen adjoining 15 feet deep, the whole well finiſhed and lately painted, a genteel neat garden with ſundry fruit trees young and thriving, and a ſummer houſe, rents at twenty five pounds per annum; the houſe is inſured for ſix years to come, ſubject to a ground rent of two pounds ſixteen ſhillings and ſix-pence three farthings currency per annum. For further particulars enquire of FRANCIS GURNEY, at the Draw-Bridge.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1773.

TO BE LET,



A THREE ſtory Brick Houſe, with a two ſtory Brick Kitchen and Hatters ſhop adjoining, and a good cellar under the whole, ſituate in Market-ſtreet next door to the ſign of the waggon: It is well ſituated for any kind of public buſineſs, eſpecially a Hatter, and may ſuit very well for a dry or wet goods ſtore, as the back ſhop may eaſily be converted into a ſtore for any kind of goods. Any perſon inclining to take the above premiſes, may know the terms by applying to

WILLIAM JENKINS.

N. B. All perſons indebted to WILLIAM JENKINS, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment, and as there are ſeveral perſons whoſe accounts are of a long ſtanding, they may expect to be ſued without further notice, if not ſettled within ſix weeks after this date.

*** To be SOLD, the time of a Dutch boy, that has eight years to ſerve, bound to learn ſome branches of the Hatters trade.

Philadelphia, April 14, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber this morning, a ſervant man named JOHN BUTLER, by trade a cooper, ſays he was born in Belhaven, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has light hair on his head and eye-brows: Had on and took with him, when he went away, a light coloured broadcloth coat with red lining, a pair of light coloured breeches, together with ſundry other articles, among which was a pair of ſilver buckles, marked F. C. a ſilver watch, maker's name Charleſon, London, No. 2176: Took alſo with him a blue ſurtout coat, with one large cape, ſhort broad ſleeves, laced with worſted lace which it is poſſible he may rip off, but the mark will be ſeen where the lace is taken off, has flat metal buttons on each ſide, and ſide pockets. Whoever will take up ſaid ſervant, and confine him in any of his Majeſty's gaols on the continent, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the the above reward, and if the things be recovered, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

ANTHONY FORTUNE.

N. B. His arm is at preſent much feſtered by bleeding.

April 19, 1773.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

STOLEN laſt night, out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Nockamixon, in Bucks County, a cheſnut brown MARE, four years old, near fourteen hands high, paces and trots, is ſhod all round, has ſome ſaddle marks on her back, and ſome white on the upper ſide of her neck, occaſioned by the collar; ſhe has a ſtrong thick black mane. There was taken with her a half worn ſaddle and bridle. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings or ſends her to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

DANIEL STOVER.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

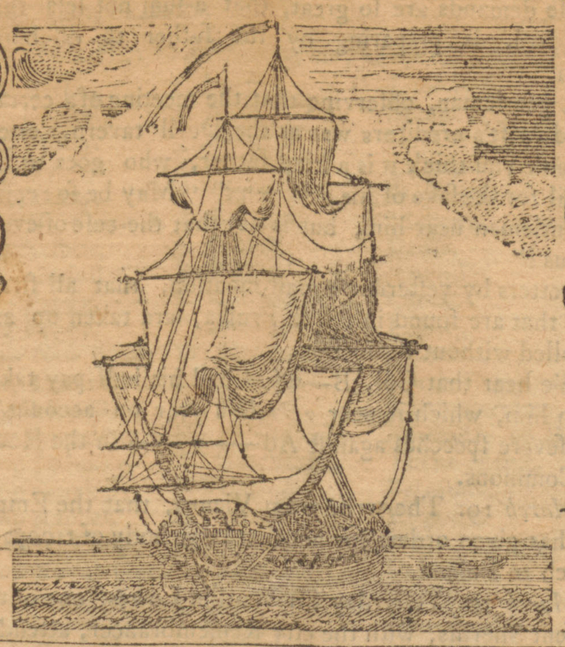
ABSCONDED on the 24th of April laſt, from the ſubſcriber, a German ſervant man and lad: The man is about thirty-ſix years old, and about five feet ten inches high; had on an old caſtor hat, a thread-bare light blue coat, a calico jacket with red and blue flowers, buckſkin breeches, calf-ſkin ſhoes, with oblong ſilver buckles: He is of a ſwarthy complexion, black ſtraight hair, and a black beard; he can play on the violin, and ſings well to it, writes a good hand, but does not ſpeak much Engliſh: His name is JOHN FREDERICK HONINGER, born at Speyer, a baker and miller by trade: He is ſo lame that he can hardly walk. The lad's name is JOHN SEBASTIAN FITZ CHARLES, ſixteen years and three months old, an handſome well-ſhaped lad, about five feet eight inches high, has ſhort dark yellowiſh hair cut on the fore part of his head; had on when he went away, a blue coat and red jacket, new ſtockings of a mixed colour, new pumps, and probably black leather breeches and blue woollen trowſers. Whoever takes up and brings home the ſaid ſervants, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, and for either *FIFTY SHILLINGS*, paid by

SEBASTIAN MUFFLER,
Confectioner, in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where Subſcriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertiſements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

MAY, 1773. VOL. II. NUMB. 81.

Pennsylvania AND GENERAL MONDAY,



THE

Packet THE ADVERTISER.

MAY 10th, 1773.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

April 20, 1773.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the Tenth of JUNE next,

ALL the REAL ESTATE belonging to the BUSH RIVER IRON WORKS COMPANY, at the head of Buſh River, in Baltimore County, Maryland, now laid out in the following lots for conveniency of ſale.

No. 1. The PRINCIPAL SEAT, containing about fifty acres of land, on which is an iron furnace (not in uſe,) a merchant mill and ſaw mill, on a very fine ſtream of water, with the mill race and dam; about twenty acres of the land is very good improved meadow, and moſt of the fifty acres may be watered from the race, and is very rich. There are divers ſmall houſes, out-houſes, &c. on this lot, which is pleaſantly ſituated at Buſh Town. The ſtream is capable of manufacturing thirty thouſand buſhels of wheat per annum, is in an extraordinary fine wheat country, and about 45 miles diſtant from York Town in Pennſylvania, to which is a very good road. The mills and furnace are ſituated at the head of navigable water, and the flour barrels may be rolled out of the mill into the craft, and tranſported from thence by water to Baltimore Town, on the Head of Elk, about 30 miles equal diſtance, at 9*d.* per barrel.

No. 2. A tract of land called Coomb's Adventure, on Patapſco River, about 2 miles diſtant from Baltimore Town; contains by eſtimation one hundred and ſeventy five acres. On this land is one of the beſt banks of iron ore in the province, and is very valuable from its ſituation, and many other conveniencies; it lays high, and a veſſel of 200 tons burthen may come cloſe to the ſhore, and is a fine place for a gentleman's ſeat.

No. 3 and 5. Contain about ſeven acres of land, adjoining Buſh Town, between the Furnace Race and Bynam's Run; is pleaſantly ſituated on the main road, and very convenient for building on.

No. 4. Contains three acres of the ſame ſort of land, on the other ſide the race.

No. 6. Is a lot of one acre of the ſame land adjoining.

No. 7. Is a lot of ſeven acres, adjoining Buſh Town, below the old race and the dam; valuable meadow ground.

No. 8. Contains about twenty-five acres, near Buſh Town, on the weſt ſide of Bynam's Run, below the dam; ſome of it fine meadow ground.

No. 9. Contains about thirty-one acres, above the dam, adjoining lands of James Mathers; part of it good meadow ground.

No. 10. Contains about five acres, between the race and the run.

No. 16. Contains about two hundred and thirty acres, at the north end of a tract of land called Nova-Scotia; very good land and well timbered.

No. 17. Contains about two hundred and ſeventy acres, part of the ſame tract; very fine land, about twelve acres of valuable meadow ground, and well timbered.

No. 18. About one hundred and thirty acres, part of the ſame tract; very good land, with a ſufficient quantity of meadow ground.

No. 19. About one hundred and twenty one acres, part of a tract of land called Abbot's Forreſt, about thirty acres of which is ſome of the beſt meadow ground in the province, which, together with the upland, is exceedingly well timbered, with white oak, poplar, aſh, &c.

No. 20 and 21. About one hundred and ten acres, part of the aforeſaid tract called Nova-Scotia, on the weſt ſide of James's Run, near Buſh Town; part of it good meadow ground.

No. 22. About one hundred and twenty acres, part of two tracts near Buſh Town; part of it rich bottom.

No. 23. About eighty acres, part of a tract of land called Friendſhip, pleaſantly ſituated between the main road and James Webſter's plantation, about one mile from Buſh Town.

No. 24. Is a griſt mill and ſtone mill-houſe, with twenty acres of condemned land, on a good ſtream of water, adjoining Buſh Town, one quarter of a mile from tide water, and near the main road.

No. 25. Is a wharf on Buſh River, for conveniency of veſſels loading and unloading near the town.

No. 26. About twenty-eight acres, part of the aforeſaid tract of land called Nova-Scotia, near or on Buſh River.

No. 27. About nine acres, called Broken Iſlands, on Buſh River.

No. 28. About ſixty-one acres, part of a tract of land called Friendſhip, ſouth-eaſt of lands of Hannah Richardſon's.

No. 29. About one hundred and eighty acres, part of ditto lands, on the main road near Buſh Town.

No. 31. About one hundred and thirty four acres of land, about four miles from Buſh Town, pleaſantly ſituated on the main road, and ſome of it cultivated.

No. 32. About three hundred acres of land, part of two tracts, on which is a good plantation, an orchard of good fruit, and great proſpect of iron ore.

All the above lands (except the lot No. 2, called Coomb's Adventure) are ſituated at and near Buſh Town, and none of them are more than four or five miles diſtant from navigable water. The ſale to be held at Joſeph Stiles's, at Buſh Town. Reaſonable credit will be given the purchaſers, on giving bond with approved ſecurity. The premiſes may be viewed any time before the day of ſale, and the ſeveral lots above deſcribed ſhewn, by applying to ISAAC WEBSTER, near Buſh Town, WILLIAM COX for JACOB GILES, or THOMAS BOND, ſon of JOHN. Further information reſpecting the premiſes may alſo be had by applying to THOMAS CLIFFORD, in Philadelphia.

N. B. As the Buſh River Company have but lately purchaſed the iron bank on lot No. 2, called Coomb's Adventure, and the iron ore on lot No. 32 (two miles diſtant from the furnace) has been but very lately diſcovered, ſhould any one perſon, or two or three in company, incline to purchaſe the whole and carry on the works, the furnace has all the advantages from ſituation and conveniency, as can be found at any one place in the province, and could not fail of making money faſt, provided the partners were unanimouſly engaged to conduct the ſame agreeable thereto, and the furnace ſtack is allowed to be ſtaunch and good.

BY VIRTUE of a WRIT, to me directed, will *poſitively* be ſold on FRIDAY the twenty firſt of May inſtant, at four o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck to the higheſt bidder preciſely at ſeven o'clock in the evening) at the houſe of Jeremiah Baker, at the ſign of Noah's Ark, in Front-ſtreet; two certain Meſſuages or Tenements, and two Lots of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet continued northward beyond the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth forty feet, and in depth one hundred feet, bounded weſtward with ground in the tenure of George Hyle, ſouthward with ground of William Clifton, northward with a certain lane or ſtreet thirty-five feet wide, and eaſtward with Front-ſtreet aforeſaid: ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, SHERIFF.

ROBERT BASS,

APOTHECARY, in Market-ſtreet,

Has this day imported in the Catherine, Captain Sutton, from London,

A NEW and freſh aſſortment of Drugs and Patent Medicines. As many of the moſt uſeful articles are imported in large quantities, he will ſell them by the box or hundred weight, at a very moderate advance. A neat variety of fine colours for portrait painting, ſets of foreign crayons, fine bruſhes and utenſils of moſt kinds, very neat miniature caſes, and frames for miniature pictures, gold and ſilver leaf, &c. &c. Hamet's fam'd dentrific and powder of pearl, with a variety of curved and plain teeth bruſhes, Rowley's Britiſh herb tobacco, and ſnuff, fine ſhaving ſoap, Sweed's tea, &c. &c.

N. B. Medicines prepared, and perſonal attendance duly given as uſual.

DUFFIELD AND DELANY,

DRUGGISTS,

In Second-ſtreet near Walnut-ſtreet, have juſt imported in the Catherine, Captain Sutton, from London,

A FRESH and general aſſortment of DRUGS, of the firſt quality and in excellent order, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, ſurgeons inſtruments and ſhop furniture, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms, for caſh or the uſual credit.

Medicine cheſts for ſhipping, &c. with ſuitable directions and family receipts, carefully made up as uſual.

††† They earneſtly requeſt ſuch of their cuſtomers who are indebted beyond the uſual time of credit, to diſcharge their reſpective accounts.

Philadelphia, May 1, 1773.

WHEREAS JANE, the wife of the ſubſcriber, by her ill conduct, hath from time to time gone ſtrolling about the city, and ſometimes in the country, drinking to exceſs and keeping bad company, and frequently running me in debt; theſe are to forbid all perſons to truſt her on my account, for I will pay no debts of her contracting after the date hereof.

THOMAS BARREIL.

Philadelphia, May 7, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that ELIZABETH, the wife of the ſubſcriber, has eloped from his bed and board, and in ſeveral other reſpects miſbehaved; he therefore now forbids any perſon to truſt her on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof.

his

JOSEPH † WALLCOMB.

mark.

BACHE's WINE-STORE.

Between Third and Fourth-ſtreets, at the yellow doors on the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet, RICHARD BACHE has opened his Wine-ſtore, and has for ſale by the pipe, hogſhead, quarter caſk, or gallon,

OLD Madeira wine, Teneriff, Fyal and Liſbon wines; Old Jamaica ſpirits and Windward Iſland rum; alſo a few dozens of moſt excellent claret and Southampton port. He likewiſe ſells New-York ſingle refined loaf ſugar, at 11*d.* per lb. the ſingle loaf, or 10*d.* half-penny by the quantity.

N. B. Orders from any part of the town or country, carefully and ſpeedily complied with, and each article warranted genuine as imported.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the ſubſcriber, on the 23d of December, a Dutch ſervant lad, named JACOB BANGLER: Had on when he went away, a light blue jacket, and an under jacket of a whitiſh colour, a felt hat almoſt new, one check ſhirt, one ſtriped ſilk handkerchief, a pair of leather breeches, a pair of light blue ſtockings, footed with dark blue; blinks a little, and has ſtraight light hair; about five feet ſix inches high, crooked legged, talks tolerable good Engliſh, and ſuppoſed to be near Eaſt-town. Whoever takes up the above ſervant and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, or brings him to me in Spring-Garden near Philadelphia, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

CHRISTIAN ALBURGHER.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living at Great Egg Harbour, in Glouceſter county, Weſt New Jerſey, on the 20th of March, a certain negroe man, called PERO, about 28 years old, five feet eight inches high, hobbles in his walk, his left foot having been froze, the great toe of which is conſiderably ſhorter than the other; had on and took with him, a blue duffil great coat, cotton ſtriped under jacket, one pair of grey nap trowſers, and one pair of white ſwanſkin ditto, much worn, ſpeaks broken Engliſh. Whoever takes up ſaid negroe, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

ELIJAH CLARK.

Newcaſtle Gaol, April 28, 1773.

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

BROKE out of the gaol of this county on Sunday night laſt, the following perſons, to wit. PATRICK M'DANIEL, a ſervant to JOHN ARMSTRONG, near Wilmington, about five feet ſeven inches high, ſhort black hair, a down looking fellow, about eighteen years of age; had on an old torn white coat, buckſkin breeches, blue ribbed ſtockings and old ſhoes. MATTHEW SIMPSON, about five feet ſix inches high, ſhort dark brown hair, full faced, freſh complexion, a well made fellow and a notorious rogue; had on an old ragged greyiſh coat, new felt hat, and had an iron collar on his neck when he broke goal; he ſerved his time (as he ſaid) in or near Lancaſter, afterwards became ſervant to ROBERT JOHNSON, tinker, in Penns Neck, Weſt New-Jerſey, who ſold him to ADAM LITTLE, in Kent County, Maryland. Alſo a negro man named POMPEY, who ſaid he was the property of JOSEPH CROMWELL, living near Deer Creek, Baltimore county; about five feet eleven inches high, a likely well made fellow and a notorious villain; what cloaths he had on were very ragged; had on his legs when he broke gaol a heavy pair of irons. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the above named priſoners, and lodges them in any of his Majeſty's gaols ſo that the ſubſcriber may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or SIX DOLLARS for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by

ROBERT MACK, GAOLER.

N. B. Was committed to my cuſtody, a certain ALEXANDER HASLET, who ſays he belongs to PATRICK GAMBLE, of Cheſter County; his ſaid maſter is deſired to come and pay charges and take him away.

TO BE SOLD BY

JOHN KAIGHN,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, two doors below the Church,

EXCELLENT ſalt petred gammons, hogs lard in kegs, pork in barrels and half barrels, ſome of which is ſalt petred, and a quantity of cheeſe, all made in Burlington county; alſo Pope's New-England ſcythes, for either upland or ſalt graſs; and a ſmall aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, to be diſpoſed of at prime coſt for caſh only.

STOCKHOLM, *Feb.* 12.

BY the laſt letters received from eaſtern Dalecarlia we learn, that the want of bread is ſo great that many perſons are daily found ſtarved to death in the woods, highways, and in the houſes; and that this want has cauſed ſo great an emigration of the inhabitants from that province as to be viſible to every one. It was hoped that the ordinance forbidding the diſtillery from grain would have put a ſtop to this terrible calamity, which has deſolated this country for the laſt two years: But the brewers, who are at the ſame time diſtillers, though they are forbid to carry on the latter buſineſs, buy up all the corn they meet with, and have raiſed it to ſuch extravagant prices as to put it out of the power of people purchaſing it.

Colone, March 5. Letters from Francfort mention, that a great number of tents are preparing, and horſes buying, by order and for account of the French Court.

LONDON, *March* 2.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, after the manner of the late Duke of Devonſhire, when Chief Governor of that kingdom, means, we hear, the enſuing ſummer, to make a general progreſs through the iſland, chiefly with a view of ſeeing that the barracks are in good repair, which furniſhes the people with an apprehenſion that there is an intention of increaſing their military eſtabliſhment.

Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, Jan. 25.

"Her Imperial Majeſty, the Empreſs of Ruſſia, on receiving information of the many failures in Amſterdam and London, has given orders to the court banker to aſſiſt any of the Britiſh factory at this place with a loan of money, if neceſſary, on the preſent emergency. Such is the noble conduct of the ſovereign, which does her great honor, ſhews how much ſhe has the intereſt of the commerce of her country at heart, as well as humanity to extricate individuals out of difficulties they may have innocently been drawn into by the imprudence of others."

March 3. A report prevails that a Britiſh ſquadron, conſiſting of ſix ſhips of the line and two frigates, will make its appearance in the Baltic before the firſt of June.

March 4. The laſt letters from the continent aſſure us that the triple alliance in the North has invited the Elector of Saxony to the Crown of Poland, and even offered to guarantee it to his poſterity, provided he conſents to a ratification of their claims, and aſſiſts them in ſuppreſſing the confederacies of the Poliſh Nobility.

Orders are given from the Admiralty-office for four cutters to be fitted out immediately at Sheerneſs, to cruize between the Lizard and about the iſlands of Scilly and Alderney.

March 5. A propoſal is on foot for leave to eſtabliſh mints for coining at New-York and Philadelphia.

Within theſe few days there have been ſeveral conſultations between the moſt eminent lawyers, on certain queſtions for their opinions concerning ſome parts of America.

March 9. It is the cuſtom of the Engliſh, ſays a correſpondent, to torture a favourite wiſh or idea ten thouſand different ways before they can prevail upon themſelves to conſign it to oblivion; as witneſs the Queen of Denmark's return to this Kingdom; a report which never had the leaſt foundation whatſoever either in probability or poſſibility, though ſo variouſly manufactured for the public amuſement.

March 10. It is reported, ſays a correſpondent, that a ſcheme is in agitation to create ſome Peerages in North America, and that there are ſome great miſunderſtandings now ſubſiſting between our Court and that of Holland.

It is reported that the aſſiſtance of England will be required by the States General of Holland, for forwarding an important expedition now on the tapis, and that ſome letters upon this ſubject was a few days ſince received at the Secretary's office from Sir Joſeph Yorke, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at the Hague.

March 11. Dantzick is at preſent ſurrounded with Pruſſian cuſtom-houſes, ſo that every thing paſſing to and from that city is obliged to pay a duty of eight per cent. by which their commerce is totally ruined.

The affairs of a certain great houſe in the city, which lately ſtopped, are now ſettled, and, upon the balance, the houſe was found to be in poſſeſſion of a conſiderable fortune.

March 13. A perſon lately arrived from Portugal, ſays, that a fabrick of baize is now carrying on there with great ſucceſs, as they ſell all they make, and are much ſuperior to what comes from England. Upwards of forty manufacturers are arrived there from Ireland, and more are expected.

The following is the form of the engagement to be entered into by every candidate to repreſent the city of London, in any future Parliament:

"I A. B. do moſt ſolemnly engage my word and "honor, that as long as I live I will faithfully and ſincerely endeavour, to the utmoſt of my power, to "maintain and continue a perpetual act of Parliament "to ſhorten the duration of Parliaments, and to reſtore "and preſerve to the people their conſtitutional right "of an annual, or if that cannot be obtained, at leaſt a "triennial choice of repreſentatives; and if I am a "member of either houſe of Parliament when a motion "for the above purpoſe ſhall be made, I will not "fail to attend and give my utmoſt ſupport to ſuch "motion."

It is ſaid there has been a meeting and a treaty between the ſon of a great defaulter, and his annuity creditors, whoſe demands are ſo great, that a ſum not leſs than 80,000 l. is preparing by the father to diſcharge them.

A gentleman, obſerving that the meeting of a certain ſpendthrift's creditors was at the Devil tavern, cried, "don't you think it is a kind father, who goes to the Devil for the ſake of his children?" "May be ſo replies a gentleman near him, but is not that the caſe of every gripus?"

Letters by yeſterday's mail mention, that all ſtrangers that are found in Poliſh Pruſſia, are taken up and enrolled without diſtinction.

We hear that Col. B—e has had his half pay taken from him, which is near 2000l. a year on account of his ſevere ſpeeches againſt Ad————n in the Houſe of Commons.

March 19. The write from Vienna, that the Emperor has given orders for another large body of troops to march to Poland.

March 20. Yeſterday Sir Watkin Lewes, one of the preſent Sheriffs, with the city Remembrancer, attended at St. James's to know his Majeſty's pleaſure when he would receive the addreſs, remonſtrance, and petition from the city of London, when his Majeſty was pleaſed to appoint this day ſe'nnight at two o'clock at St. James's.

The following is ſaid to be an exact copy of the city's remonſtrance, agreed upon in Common-Hall, March 11, 1773, *as it was delivered to his Majeſty's Secretary of State, that a proper anſwer might be prepared againſt the day when the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, &c. are to preſent it in form to his Majeſty:*

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble addreſs, petition, and remonſtrance of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Livery of the city of London, in Common-Hall aſſembled.

"*Moſt Gracious Sovereign,*

"WE your Majeſty's dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of the city of London, beg leave to approach the throne with the reſpect becoming a free people zealouſly attached to the laws and conſtitution of their country, and the Parliamentary right of your Majeſty to the crown of theſe realms.

We deſire with all humility, in the grief and anguiſh of our hearts, to ſubmit to your Majeſty, that the many grievances and injuries we have ſuffered from your Miniſters, ſtill remain unredreſſed; nor has the public juſtice of the kingdom received the leaſt ſatisfaction for the frequent atrocious violations of the laws, which have been committed in your reign by your Miniſters, with a daring contempt of every principle, human and divine. Your people have, with the deepeſt concern obſerved, that their former humble Petitions and Remonſtrances were received with a neglect and diſregard, very hardly brooked by the high ſpirits of a great and powerful nation; but the hopes of redreſs ſtill encouraging us to perſevere, we again ſupplicate your Majeſty to liſten to the voice of your aggrieved ſubjects, in vindication of your own and the nation's honor, againſt your deſpotic and corrupt Miniſters, who have perverted the fountains of public juſtice, and undermined the foundations of our excellent conſtitution. Our Repreſentatives, who were choſen to be the guardians of our rights, have invaded our moſt ſacred privileges. The right of being repreſented in parliament is the inherent, unalienable privilege, as well as peculiar glory of the free born inhabitants of this country; and a perſon qualified according to law a Magiſtrate of this city, was duly elected a Knight of the Shire for the county of Middleſex, by a great majority of legal votes, yet has been excluded from the Houſe of Commons, by a reſolution of that Houſe; and a Candidate, who had only a few votes, declared the Repreſentative of the electors of the ſaid county, againſt their conſent.—Through the like corrupt influence of the ſame Miniſters, the Chief Magiſtrate, and one of the Aldermen of this city were impriſoned for not obeying the illegal mandates of an arbitrary Houſe of Commons, and violating the ſolemn oaths they had taken for the preſervation of the liberties and franchiſes of the capital of your Majeſty's dominions. We recall to your Majeſty's remembrance, with horror, that unparalleled act of tyranny, the erazing a judicial record, in order to ſtop the courſe of juſtice, to introduce a ſyſtem of power againſt right, and to tear up by the roots truth and law from the earth.

We therefore, your Remonſtrants, again ſupplicate your Majeſty to employ the only remedy now left by the conſtitution, the exerciſe of that ſalutary power with which you are entruſted by law, the diſſolving of the preſent Parliament, and the removal of thoſe evil Counſellors who adviſed the meaſures ſo generally odious to the Nation, and your Majeſty, as the true Guardian of our Rights, ſhall ever reign in the hearts of a grateful people."

Several of Mr. Alderman Wilkes's friends waited upon him the 13th inſtant, and preſſed his going to St. James's with the other Aldermen to preſent the late Addreſs, Petition and Remonſtrance to the King. Mr. Wilkes's anſwer is ſaid to have been nearly in theſe words:

GENTLEMEN,

"YOU well know the ſupport I gave on Thurſday to the motions in Common Hall for the Remonſtrance, and the engagement for ſhortening the duration of Parliaments. I now feel a real pain in declining to comply with the ſolicitations of ſuch reſpectable friends. As I have long been perſonally obnoxious to the King, I have not for many years been to St. James's. It would now be rude and indecent to force myſelf into the Royal Preſence on an occaſion not the moſt pleaſing, I believe, to his Majeſty. I am not uſed to go into any Gentleman's houſe who does not wiſh to ſee me. The laſt year, as Sheriff, it would have been the particular duty of my office to have attended the King with any petitions or remonſtrances, and I ſhould have obeyed the commands of the city. I am now to be conſidered only as an Alderman. The attendance of the whole body is not neceſſary. No favourable effect could poſſibly ariſe from my being with you at St. James's; and if the leaſt diſturbance ſhould happen without, it would be conſtrued to be a premeditated riot, the Guards immediately be ordered to fire among the People, and another Maſſacre enſue.

"I am not fond of the air of a Court; It generally blaſts ſooner or later, and often nips even in the bud, our modern Patriotiſm. I ſhould be particularly unhappy at this time to ſee my Sovereign ſurrounded almoſt entirely by the enemies of our Country and his Family, and the royal ſmiles beaming on thoſe very Miniſters, againſt whom the City of London now petition and remonſtrate with ſo much truth and juſtice, while my Fellow Citizens were received with coldneſs and diſregard. My warmeſt wiſhes, however, Gentlemen, will go with you, and may you meet with that gracious reception and ſucceſs which your Cauſe and your Zeal ſo nobly merit."

The Lords read a firſt time the bill for puniſhing mutiny and deſertion, and for the better payment of the army in his Majeſty's American colonies.

Alſo the bill for naturaliſing ſuch foreign proteſtants as are or ſhall ſettle in America, ſerving in the Royal American regiment or as engineers.

We hear for certain, that the King of Pruſſia is determined very ſhortly to take poſſeſſion of Hanover.

March 22. We are told that the anſwer prepared to be given on a certain occaſion is big with reproof for giving ſo much trouble, and it is ſaid to be levelled at ſome particular leaders in the city, who are to be called troublers of their ſovereign's and his people's repoſe.

March 23. The Stadholder has caught the flame of Monarchy from the Swede, and he has invited the King of Pruſſia to inforce ſuch doctrines in Holland. In return for this ſervice, he is to have a ſeaport from the Dutch States. He is actually upon his march towards the frontiers of Germany.

March 24. An action happened the 21ſt of January laſt near the capital of the Crimea, between 3000 Ruſſian troops, and 16000 of the mutinous Coſſacks, who gained a complete victory, killing upwards of 1200 Ruſſians, and made 600 priſoners.

On Monday the Earl of Bellamont took an airing for the firſt time in Hide-Park.

A great houſe in Dublin is ſaid to have ſtopped payment.

One of the Morning papers informs us the following article is already entered in the city accounts by order of the Lord Mayor: "Twenty one pounds paid to the Attorney General, Edward Thurlow, Eſq; for his opinion that the City Remonſtrance was a libel."

Drogheda, March 6. Wedueſday ſe'nnight, in the great ſtorm, the old and ever memorable Caſtle of Coalp, near this town, was blown down.

ANNAPOLIS, *April* 29.

We are informed that his Excellency Robert Eden, Eſq; our late Governor, has received a new commiſſion under the Right Honourable Henry Harford Eſq; appointing and continuing him Governor of this Province.

We are alſo further informed that his Excellency has this day iſſued a Proclamation to the ſeveral Counties, notifying his appointment, and declaring the General Aſſembly to be diſſolved.—New commiſſions are alſo iſſued to the provincial Magiſtrates, the ſeveral County Juſtices and Sheriffs.

It is ſaid that Writs of Election alſo are iſſued, and that a new Aſſembly will be convened as ſoon as poſſible.

BOSTON, *April* 29.

We hear that his Majeſty has been pleaſed to grant as a ſalary to Daniel Horſmanden, Eſq; chief Juſtice of the province of New-York, the ſum of five hundred pounds annually.

NEW-YORK, *May* 6.

Capt. Lowndes, from St. Croix, a few days ago ſpoke with Capt. Elſworth, from London for Virginia, in lat. 35, long. 71, twenty-ſeven days out.

The ſloop Young Henry, Capt. Gooding, arrived here laſt Tueſday from Barbados, but laſt from St. Euſtatia, where he ſays, a large brig, ſuppoſed to belong to Philadelphia, had juſt put in with the loſs of her main maſt; ſhe appeared to be about 150 tons, with bright ſides, and a white bottom.

The congreſs of the Governors and commiſſaries of this and the provinces of Maſſachuſetts Bay for ſettling the long conteſted limits, is fixed for Wedneſday the 12th inſtant, at Hartford, in Connecticut, as the middle diſtance between Boſton and New-York. We learn that his Excellency Governor Tryon, and the commiſſaries for New-York, will proceed from hence by land in a few days; and it is to be hoped that theſe ancient animoſities will be ſpeedily determined.

Sunday last Capt. Andrew Law, arrived here in 17 days from Georgia, who on his paſſage ſpoke with the following veſſels: April 24, lat. 36 : 50, the ſhip Annapolis, Capt. Thomas Reed, from London bound to Maryland, 7 weeks and a day out; 25th, lat. 37 : 37, a ſhip from London bound to Philadelphia; a ſhip from Philadelphia bound to Jamaica, and a ſchooner, Capt. Samuel Barnes, from Antigua bound to Rhode-Iſland; 27th, the ſloop Catherine, Capt. Jonas Read, from Tobago bound to New-Haven, who had loſt his jibb.

Capt. Prince, in 8 weeks from Cayenna,—April 6th, in lat. 29 : 36, ſpoke with a ſchooner from Philadelphia bound to Providence, 6 days out.——Capt. Samuel Allen, in 30 days from Barbados, the 22d of April, in lat. 36 : 2, ſpoke with a ſhip from London, bound to South-Carolina.

Monday laſt the Mercury Packet, Capt. Robert Dillon, arrived in 8 weeks from Falmouth, who the 29th of March, in lat. 25 : 8, ſpoke with a ſhip, Capt. Thomas Smart, from London, bound to Virginia.

Capt. Whitmore, from Jamaica, on the 28th ult. in lat. 37, 50, ſpoke a ſhip from London for Philadelphia, out 7 weeks; May 1ſt, ſpoke a brig from New-York for Maryland, out one day.

We hear from Crown Point, that about noon on Wedneſday the 21ſt of April laſt, the men being all out a fiſhing, at Chimney Point, the commanding officer, from a ſummer houſe, perceived a fire breaking out at the roof of the barracks, in that part next to the ſtore bedding. He immediately ran to the flag-ſtaff, hoiſted a ſignal for the men to come in, and ordered the women out of the garriſon. Capt. Anſtruther and Dr. Miller, exerted themſelves to the utmoſt, but it was impoſſible to ſtop the flames which were riſen to a great height in the ſtore bedding, and were ſoon communicated to the magazine which contained 25 cheſts of arms, 25 ſtands in each cheſt, and 99 barrels of gun-powder: In a few minutes the arms were deſtroyed, together with all the men's goods, &c. the magazine blew up with a dreadful exploſion, and the buildings except ſome of the ſtone walls, were burnt and deſtroyed to their foundations. The people all eſcaped unhurt.

It is reported, that there has lately been a capital failure in Ireland.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 10.

Captain Volans, from Briſtol, on the 30th of March, in lat. 44 : 54, long. 40, ſpoke a ſhip from London for Boſton, he was then 10 days from the Lizard, and it blowing hard could not learn who ſhe was: On the 25th ult. in lat. 36 : 48, long. 64 : 30, ſpoke the ſhip Orange Bay, Capt. Sommerfield, from Jamaica for London, out 4 weeks; and on the 26th, in lat. 36 : 38, long. 64 : 40, ſpoke the ſhip Elizabeth, Capt. Johnſon, from Savannah for London, out 10 days, all well,

Captain Wilſon, from Cadiz, on the 16th ult. in lat. 33 : 39, long. 46 : 40, ſpoke the ſhip Suſanna, Captain Tobin, from London for Virginia, out 30 days, all well: On the 20th, in lat. 31 : 20, long. 69 : 31, ſpoke a ſhip, Capt. Bartholemew, from Liſbon for Maryland, out 8 weeks; and on the 27th, in lat. 36 : 27, long. 72, ſpoke a ſnow, from Rotterdam for Virginia, out 5 weeks and 3 days; the ſame day ſaw one of his Majeſty's ſhips going into Virginia.

Captain Brown, from Liſbon, on the 26th of February, in lat. 36 : 23, long. 14, ſpoke a ſhip from Leghorn for London: On the 17th ult. in lat. 28 : 36, long. 57 : 14, ſpoke a ſhip from Dunkirk for Virginia, out 8 weeks; and on the 20th, in lat. 21 : 26, long. 66 : 13, ſpoke a ſchooner, from Wilmington for St. Kitts, out 33 days, who informed him the night before he left the Capes, he met with a hard gale of wind, loſt his jibb boom, ſpritſail yard, 4 water caſks, and all the lumber off his deck; the ſame day ſpoke a ſchooner from Boſton for Cape Nicola, out 12 days, and a brig for the ſame port, out 13 days.

Captain Hood, from Briſtol, on the ſecond ult. in lat. 46 : 17, long. 32 : 58, ſpoke a ſhip from Jerſey for Newfoundland, out 9 days; and on the 16th, in lat. 44 : 49, long. 50 : 45, ſpoke the ſnow Alfred, Capt. Henſley, from Briſtol for Quebeck, out 4 weeks.

Captain Slacom, from Dublin, on the 21ſt ult. in lat. 30 : 19, long. 67, ſpoke the ſhip Hope, Capt. Caſey, from Cork, with 21 paſſengers on board, for Auguſtine; and on the 2d inſt. 5 leagues diſtant of Cape Charles, ſpoke a ſhip from Glaſgow for Virginia, out 7 weeks.

Captain Dyer, from Cape Fear, on the 3d inſt. about 15 leagues to the northward of Cape Charles, ſpoke a ſhip, Capt. Collins, from this port for Virginia.

At an annual meeting of the Corporation of Contributors to the PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL, held purſuant to the law of the ſaid Corporation, on the 3d inſtant, the following Members were choſen Managers and Treaſurer for the enſuing year, *John Reynell, Iſaac Jones, Iſrael Pemberton, Samuel Rhoads, Joſeph Morris, James Pemberton, Daniel Roberdeau, Iſaac Cox, Thomas Wharton, Jacob Lewis, William Logan,* and *Edward Penington*, Managers. *Joſeph King*, Treaſurer.

On the 3d inſtant was held the annual Election of the LIBRARY COMPANY of Philadelphia, for the choice of Directors and Treaſurer for the enſuing year, when the following Perſons were choſen Directors, viz. *Samuel Rhoads, John Kaighn, Francis Aliſon, Matthew Clarkſon, Joſiah Hewes, Joſeph Paſcal, Sharp Delany, Joſeph Parker, Robert Strettell Jones*, and *Thomas Cadwalader*.

Treaſurer, *Samuel Morris*, jun.

*** COLLES's PHILOSOPHICAL LECTURES, will begin this day, at the State-Houſe, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and alſo at Seven in the evening.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Becky,	J. Harper,	Liſbon,
Ship Cheſter,	J. Anderſon,	Madeira,
Brig Molly,	J. Mullett,	St. Kitts,
Ship George,	S. Martin,	Cadiz,
Brig Nancy,	J. Taylor,	St. Kitts,
Brig T. Friends,	P. Bruſter,	Madeira,
Ship Neſbitt,	J. Green,	Cadiz,
Sloop Induſtry,	E. Fields,	Anguilla,
Brig Peggy,	S. Wilſon,	Cadiz,
Brig Peggy,	P. Brown,	Liſbon,
Snow New Molly,	W. Kerlin,	Madeira,
Sloop Phenix,	J. Hewitt,	North-Carolina,
Brig Friendſhip,	W. Moore,	South-Carolina,
Ship Friendſhip,	W. M'Culloch,	Newcaſtle on Del.
Sloop Induſtry,	T. Hutchings,	Turks-Iſland,
Sloop Speaker,	J. Baſcome,	Bermuda,
Sloop Rachel,	S. Parker,	Virginia,
Schooner Polly,	S. Milner,	Virginia,
Sloop Royal Geo.	R. Alberſon,	New-York,
Sch. Mol. & Fan.	S. Crawford,	Georgia,
Sch. Lovely Laſs,	J. Rogers,	Maryland,
Sloop Purnell,	C. Gibbs,	Maryland,
Sch. Catharine,	J. Huſton,	Halifax,
Sl. North-Carol. P.	A. Dyer,	North-Carolina,
Ship Fame,	H. Liſle,	Liverpool,
Ship Eliza,	G. Gowland,	London,
Ship Concord,	J. Volans,	Briſtol.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Dolphin,	B. Fiſher,	Cork,
Ship Pennſyl. Pac.	P. Oſborne,	London,
Ship Ann,	G. Fortin,	Briſtol,
Ship K. of Pruſ.	W. Adamſon,	Liſbon,
Snow Aſſop,	S. Harvey,	Jamaica,
Brig Nelly,	J. Fletcher,	Newfoundland,
Sloop Phenix,	J. Hewitt,	North-Carolina,
Ship Joſeph,	J. Crew,	Newfoundland,
Ship Lyon,	J. Hamilton,	Cadiz,
Brig Carpenter,	S. Williams,	Liſbon,
Ship Catharine,	J. Sutton,	London,
Sloop Induſtry,	T. Hutchings,	Bermuda,
Ship Charm. Nan.	C. Biddle,	Jamaica,
Ship Hawke,	J. Getſhues,	Liſbon.

CLEARED.

Sloop Dove,	J. Woods,	New-York,
Sl. Peg. and Bet.	D. Ferguſon,	New-York,
Sloop Betſy,	V. Wightman,	Rhode Iſland,
Schooner Amelia,	P Barry,	St. Kitts,
Sloop Peggy,	J. Caton,	Cayenna,
Brig P. of Wales,	J. Wood,	Tortola,
Brig Georgia Pac.	G. Bunner,	Georgia,
Sl. Peace & Plent.	R. Mumford,	Rhode-Iſland,
Schooner Lydia,	P. Amiel,	Hiſpaniola,
Brig Molly,	J. Mullett,	St. Kitts,
Sch. Nelly,	N. Valence,	Dominica,
Sch. Bonaventure,	J. Waterman,	Boſton,
Brig Becky,	J. Harper,	Virginia,
Ship Cheſter,	J. Anderſon,	Virginia,
Brig Tobago,	J. Scott,	Grenadoes,
Brig Dolphin.	J. Ruſſel,	Dominica,
Schooner Mary,	J. Welſh,	Halifax,
Brig James,	R. Robinſon,	Dominica,
Schoon. Dolphin,	T. Wiley,	St. Euſtatia,
Sloop Jenny,	J. Lockhart,	St. Euſtatia,
Sloop Suſanna,	E. Coffin,	Piſcataqua,
Brig Nancy,	J. Taylor,	St. Kitts,
Sloop Phenix,	J. Hewitt,	North-Carolina,
Snow Harmony,	W. Timmons,	Surrinam,
Sloop Friendſhip,	J. Warner,	Rhode Iſland,
Sloop Lively,	R. Shewell,	Dominica,
Sloop Rachel,	S. Parker,	Virginia,
Schooner Patty,	S. Milner,	Virginia.

PRICE CURRENT IN PHILADELPHIA.

	L.	*s.*	*d.*		*L.*	*s.*	*d.*
Flour, *per hund.*	0	19	3	Tar, *per barrel,*	0	14	0
White Bread,	3	0	0	Molaſſes, *per gal.*	0	1	9
Middling Biſket,	1	10	0	Weſt-India Rum,	0	3	4
Ship ditto,	0	18	0	Philadelphia do.	0	2	2
Rice, -	0	17	0	New-England do.	0	2	2
Cotton, *per lb.*	0	1	3	Wheat, *per buſh.*	0	7	9
Bohea Tea, -	0	4	0	Indian Corn,	0	3	1
Hemp, -	0	0	5	Fine Salt,	0	1	9
Penſyl. Loaf Sug.	0	0	11	Pipe Staves, *p. th.*	9	0	0
Iriſh Beef, *per bar.*	3	5	0	Hogſhead do.	6	0	0
Country ditto -	3	0	0	Barrel do. -	3	0	0
Pork, -	4	10	0	Red Oak ditto,	4	0	0
Pitch,	0	18	0	Bar Iron, *p. ton,*	25	0	0
Turpentine, -	1	0	0	Pig Iron, -	8	0	0

VENDUE.

TO-MORROW, AT ONE o'clock, AT

JOHN HART'S

VENDUE-STORE,

Will begin the SALE of a large and neat aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE;

ALSO, HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, AND WEARING APPAREL.

Marcus-Hook, May 6, 1773.

THE HORSE

PENNSYLVANIA FARMER,

Without exception the greateſt beauty in America:

HE is full bred, ſix years old, free from blemiſh and in high form, is therefore recommended in the covering way, and performs his exerciſe at my ſtables, near Marcus Hook, under the care of DAVID MILLER, at one Guinea a ſingle leap, or two Guineas the ſeaſon, and half a Dollar to the groom. Good care will be taken of the mares, and paſture provided at two ſhillings and ſix-pence per week, by

ARCHIBALD DICK.

FOR BRISTOL,

THE SHIP

BETSEY,

SEYMOUR HOOD, MASTER;

IS a good veſſel, and well accommodated for paſſengers; chief part of her cargo being already engaged, will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight or paſſage apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD and SONS, or ſaid maſter on board, at their wharf.

N. B. Juſt arrived in ſaid ſhip from Briſtol, a number of Servants, amongſt which are various ſorts of tradesmen, farmers, and ſome healthy well-looking boys, uſed to the care of horſes, and other ſervices about houſe, whoſe times of ſervice, agreeable to indenture, is to be diſpoſed of by THOMAS CLIFFORD and SONS.

May 8, 1773.

CAME to the plantation of HUGH M'WILLIAMS, living in Turbut Townſhip, Northumberland County, about the firſt of February laſt, a BAY MARE, twelve years old, about fourteen hands and a half high, with a ſmall ſtar; branded on the near buttock L G. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges and take her away.

Philadelphia, May 6, 1773.

IN a GOOD STAND, and will be ſold reaſonable, a large convenient TALLOW-CHANDLER's SHOP, with all the fixtures and utenſils, ſituated in Front-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet; and the dwelling-houſe in the front may be had on a leaſe, for a long term of years. Enquire of NATHAN BUSH, at Mr. David Franks's, or ELIZABETH CORSE, at the corner of Coomb's Alley.

New-York, March 1773.

TO THE RESPECTABLE PUBLIC.

SAMUEL F. PARKER, and JOHN ANDERSON, of this city, printers, have entered into partnerſhip together, for the carrying on that buſineſs in all its branches; and propoſe in Auguſt next, to publiſh the New-York Gazette, or the Weekly Poſt-Boy, which was publiſhed for many years by ſaid PARKER's father, and eſteemed to be a paper of as good credit and utility as any extant ſince the firſt commencement thereof; and which ſaid Parker and Anderſon are determined, by every poſſible means to realize, as well for the eſpecial ſervice of the commercial intereſt, as for the amuſement and information of private families, in matters both Foreign and Domeſtic; and in giving free acceſs to all parties without diſtinction, provided, the ſubject matter of the ſeveral pieces directed to the proprietors of the New-York Gazette, or Weekly Poſt-Boy, are conſiſtent, and within due bounds to admit of publication.——The favours of former ſubſcribers, as well as of all others, will be acknowledged by that conduct and endeavour, which becomes the public's dependant, and very humble ſervants.

*** PRINTING in all its branches will be carefully executed, and further particulars thereof publiſhed in due time.

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS.

A large and general aſſortment, imported in the laſt veſſels from London, among which are,

ONE hundred dozen of knives, ſome of an extraordinary quality, with an aſſortment of Engliſh leather as uſual, which will be ſold on reaſonable terms, by ROBERT LOOSELY, SHOEMAKER, in Walnut-ſtreet near Front-ſtreet.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from Briſtol, and to be ſold by

JAMES DER KINDEREN,

In STRAWBERRY ALLEY,

FINE draw'd nails by the caſk, ivory combs by the dozen, money ſcales and weights, a neat aſſortment of knives and forks, ſundry ſorts of caſtors for oil, vinegar, pepper, muſtard, &c. &c. a neat aſſortment of delf and Queen's ware, Engliſh cheeſe, ſpices by the pound, hackels for flax and hemp, wool combs, alſo a very good eight day clock, &c. &c. &c.

Wilmington, May 3, 1773.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method to acquaint his friends, and the public in general, that he has bought and removed to, that well accuſtomed TAVERN, at the ſign of the Crown and Roſe, oppoſite the upper market-houſe, in the borough of Wilmington, lately occupied by Mr. Joſhua Littler; and as he is well furniſhed with good ſtables and ſheds, thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on civil treatment, and good uſage, by the public's humble ſervant,

THOMAS KEAN.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY, ſometime laſt October, a certain JOHN REGAN, about twenty-two years of age, by trade a blackſmith, about five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, ſtoops in his ſhoulders, of a dark complexion, and black curling hair; he is very talkative, and much addicted to drink, blaſphemy and gaming: He has, in a very barbarous and inhuman manner, deprived the ſubſcriber of his eye-ſight, who (being before a cripple) is now deſtitute of all happineſs in life, and like to be reduced to poverty. Whoever apprehends the ſaid REGAN, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that he may be dealt with according as the law directs, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

DAVID REES, living in Vincent Townſhip, Cheſter County.

May 1, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the subscriber, in Charles Town, Cæcil County, Maryland, a servant man named THOMAS WILKIN, near forty years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, thin visage, of a dark complexion, wears his own hair, his head a little bald; he is a blacksmith by trade, came into Maryland a convict, and served his time near Sassafras; has now a wife and two children; he lately lost his eldest son at the Crooked Billet wharf at Philadelphia, when attempting to run away, but was retaken; he is often very talkative and much in his own favour; being pretty artful he may probably (as he cannot write) prevail on some person to counterfeit a discharge on the back of his part of the indentures, in which he bound himself to RICHARD THOMAS, late Sheriff of Cæcil County, for 4 years from September 1770; had on when he went away, a short blue bath coat, a purple and white serge jacket, old light blue velvet breeches, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant man, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

JAMES PRITCHARD.

N. B. The subscriber is bail for him in a considerable sum of money, exclusive of what he indented for.

WHEREAS the partnership between ROBERT PATTON and JOHN WILLIAMS, of Lebanon, is now dissolved, all persons who have any demands against them, are requested to bring in their accounts to the subscriber, that they may be settled; and all persons indebted to them for goods, bought at Lebanon, are desired to settle and pay off their accounts to Robert Patton, at the store now kept by him there.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

Just imported in the Capts. All, Mesnard and Osborne, from LONDON, and are to be Sold Wholesale or Retail, at the most reasonable rates, at

GEORGE BARTRAM's

WOOLLEN DRAPERY
AND HOSIERY
WARE-HOUSE,

At the sign of the GOLDEN FLEECE'S HEAD, in Second-street, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets,

A very large Assortment of BEST, SUPERFINE, SECOND and LOW PRICED

BROADCLOTHS,

SUCH as mazareen blue,
Sky and Saxon ditto,
Light and dark blue greys,
Scarlet and white,
Buff and blossom,
Grass and pea green,
Light and dark purple,
Black and black grey,
Raven black and sloe colour,
Dark and light drabs or cloth colours, suitable for womens cloaks, &c.
Copper, claret and flesh colours,
Olive and wine colours,
Dark and light London browns,
Cinnamon, chocolate, and snuff colours, with a variety of mixed elegant coloured cloths,
Milled drabs for great coats and hussar cloaks,
Cassimers,
Forest & Espagnolet cloths,
German and Padua serges,
Plains and kerseys,
Naps and duffils,
Broad and narrow Bath coatings of all colours,
Velvets and velverets,
Worsted and hair shags,
Thicksets and sagathies,
D'nime and everlastings,
Scotch plaid, suitable for little boys short cloths, gentlemens morning gowns, &c.
Jeans and fustians,
Nankeens, damascus and sussees,
Gold and silver buttons,
Rattinets, shalloons & other trimmings to suit the cloths,
Plain and spotted swanskins,
Flannels and baizes,
Camblets and damasks,
Paduasoys and sattins,
Taffeties, persians and mantuas,
Plain and figured gauze,
Printed handkerchiefs,
Silk and kenting ditto,
Calicoes, cottons & chintzes,
Sheetings and Irish linens,
Table linen,
Cambricks and lawns,
Check and strip'd hollands,
Bedticks and other bed furniture,
Callimancoes,

Humhums and muslins,
With a great number of other articles in the woollen and linen drapery branches.
Likewise, a large assortment of HOSIERY, viz.
Mens and boys best English plain wove worsted hose, of white, black, dark, light blue and grey colours,
Mixed, marbled, dark and light cloth coloured ditto,
Mens and boys Scotch knit ribbed of all colours ditto,
Mens mixed silk and worsted ditto,
Womens plain, white, dark and light blue hose,
Girls dark & light blue ditto,
Childrens spotted ditto,
A variety of mens ribbed and plain yarn ditto.
All sorts of mens and womens SILK HOSE.
Also, mens brown and white thread hose, ribbed and plain,
Mens plain and ribbed cotton ditto,
Womens cotton and thread ditto,
An assortment of Germantown thread, cotton and worsted hose,
Gauze hose to wear under silk ditto, with sundry other kinds of hosiery,
Mens silk, worsted and yarn caps,
Mens two, three and four thread worsted and silk BREECHES PATTERNS, of every best and fashionable colour,
Mens and boys worsted and thread gloves,
Womens and girls worsted, thread, and cotton gloves and mitts,
English and Pennsylvania mens and boys best buck and dog-skin gloves,
Womens kid and wash leather gloves,
Mens and womens beaver-pelt ditto,
Mens, womens, boys and girls best Italian lamb gloves and mitts,
Womens silk mitts of all sorts.

N. B. The above-mentioned BROADCLOTHS were made by the most eminent clothiers in England, and are well chose, both as to colour and quality.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

Has just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Osborne, and in the Catherine, Captain Sutton, from London,

A LARGE assortment of Hardware, Ribbons, Lace, Callimancoes, Durants, &c. &c. which he will sell on reasonable terms (with other Goods imported in the last vessels from Britain) at his store in Front-street.

BENJAMIN DEAN,

Has just imported per the Catherine, Capt. Sutton, from London,

A COMPLEAT and general assortment of mens, womens, boys and girls silk, cotton, thread and worsted Hosiery, which are now opening for sale, at his store in Second-street, between Market and Arch-streets.

Said DEAN has received by the Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London, and the last vessels from Liverpool and Bristol, a neat assortment of other SPRING GOODS, all which he is determined to sell very low for cash or short credit.

ROBERT WILSON,

Has just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Osborne, from London, and other late vessels.

A NEAT assortment of SPRING GOODS, which he will sell on very low terms, at his store in Second-street, near the south-east corner of Chesnut-street.

SOMERVELL AND NOBLE,

HAVING removed their store from Front-street, to Water-street, the third door from the corner of Walnut-street, request all persons indebted to them (whether by bond, note or book debt) to come there and settle with them immediately, otherwise they will, however disagreeable to themselves, be obliged to employ a lawyer to do it for them. They intend quitting the dry good business, therefore will dispose of what goods they have now on hand at a very low advance, for cash only.

N. B. They have for sale West-India Hydes in the hair, and a few bags of Pimento or Allspice.

STEPHEN COLLINS,

At his store in Second-street, opposite the Church,

HAS just received a good assortment of DRY GOODS, which he will sell low for cash or short credit.

MARK FREEMAN,

Has just imported in the ships Pennsylvania Packet, Capt. Osborne, and Catherine, Capt. Sutton, from London, and now opening at his store in Front-street, next door above the corner of Walnut-street,

A LARGE assortment of black and coloured India taffaties, black and coloured India paduasoys, India damasks, India black lutestrings, plain, changeable, striped and black mantuas, plain and figured black sattins, coloured ditto, peelongs, modes, sarsanets, persians; romal, Barcelona, Spittalfield and China silk handkerchiefs; silk mitts, sewing silks, muslins, chintzes, calicoes; silk, cotton, thread and worsted hose; worsted breeches patterns; Wiltons, duroys, Russia sheetings, coarse and second broadcloths, shalloons, durants, calimancoes, &c. all which Goods he is determined to sell very cheap for cash or short credit, as he intends to go to England the ensuing fall.

A large and genteel parcel of fine, super and superfine

BROADCLOTHS,

With a general assortment of

EUROPEAN AND EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Imported in the Capts. All, Osborne and Sutton, from London, and to be sold by

NEAVE, HARMAN AND LEWIS.

TOWNSEND SPEAKMAN AND CHRISTOPHER CARTER,

CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS (late from London)

HAVE just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Osborne, a large assortment of the freshest Drugs, Genuine Patent Medicines, Shop Furniture and Surgeons Instruments, which will be sold on reasonable terms, at their shop on the north side of Market-street, between Second and Third-streets, Philadelphia:

Also a small quantity of very fine French Plumbs, Muscadine Raisins, Turkey Figs and Prunes.

JOSEPH DEAN,

Has just imported, in the ship Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London,

A NEAT assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the summer season, which he is now opening for sale at his store in Front-street, about mid-way between Market and Chesnut-streets.

Just arrived in the ship Friendship, Captain M'Culloch, from Belfast,

A FEW healthy Irish men and women SERVANTS, amongst whom are, bricklayers, hosierers, shoemakers, &c. whose times are to be disposed of by JAMES STUART, in Second-street, or the Master on board.

N. B. A few barrels of choice Irish Beef to be sold, enquire as above.

LISBON WINE,

TO BE SOLD BY

CHARLES WHARTON,

At his store near the Drawbridge.

Just imported, and to be SOLD very cheap, by

BARCLAY AND MITCHELL,

A LARGE assortment of very neat and elegant patterns of printed COTTONS and LINENS.

BUDDEN AND STRAKER,

Are now opening at their store on the west side of Front-street, the third door above Market street,

A VERY large and neat assortment of European and East-India GOODS, imported in the last vessels from London, Liverpool and Bristol, and will be sold very low for cash or short credit, amongst which are, a great variety of India chintzes, cottons and calicoes, muslins of all sorts, Russia, Irish and Scotch sheetings, Irish linens, Russia drabs, ravens duck, oznabrigs, checks and stripes, cambricks and lawns, bandanoe and other silk handkerchiefs, fustians and jeans, mens and womens gloves, broadcloths, shalloons, durants, tammies, callimancoes, prunellas, German serges, sagathies, cravats, silk, cotton, worsted and thread hose, brown and white buckrams, &c. &c. &c.

SAMUEL GARRIGUES, JUN.

HAS opened a fresh and general assortment of MERCHANDIZE, suitable to the season; which he will sell reasonably (for cash only) at his RETAIL SHOP, in Third-street, between Market and Arch-streets, the fifth house above Church-Alley, Philadelphia.

ROBERT AND JOHN PROUD,

Have just imported in the last vessels from London and Liverpool,

A NEAT assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the season, which they have for sale at their store, next door above the Church in Second-street.

FOR LONDON,

THE SHIP
PENNSYLVANIA PACKET,
PETER OSBORNE, MASTER;

WILL sail with all convenient expedition. For freight or passage apply to Joshua Fisher and Sons, or said Master.

To be disposed of on board said ship, a few hearty German men, women, boys and girls.

FOR CORK,

THE BRIG
DELIGHT,
BENJAMIN FISHER, MASTER;

WILL sail about the 12th instant (May.) For passage apply to said master on board, or to WILLIAM BUCKLEY.

April 6, 1773.

On MONDAY the twenty-fourth of May next, will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, at three o'clock in the afternoon,

THE Plantation and Land whereon the subscriber now lives, laying in Frederick county, and province of Maryland, about five miles from George Town on Potowmack River, eight miles from Blandensburgh, and near the public main road that leads from George Town to Frederick Town, containing about 384 acres, whereon is a good and convenient dwelling house, with four rooms below and three above, a good cellar, a good and convenient kitchen, a quarter, meat-house, milk-house, corn-house, with stables under it, a fine paled garden and yard, and two good tobacco-houses, in one of which there is a plank threshing floor; there is also a good apple, peach and cherry orchard: The land will suit either for planting or farming, and there is some good marsh ground suitable for meadow. The purchaser will have liberty to put in a crop of grain in the fall as early as he chooses, and will have full possession of the houses and premises on the 20th day of December next. Six months credit will be given the purchaser from the day of sale, on his giving bond and security. Any person may view the same by applying to the subscriber on the premises.

Also on the same day will be set up to the highest bidder, some country-born slaves.

ERAS. GILL.

TO BE DISPOSED OF,

A SERVANT WOMANS TIME, who has three years to serve: she is a notable house woman, and is sold for no other reason than the want of employment. Enquire of the printer.

Philadelphia, May 1, 1773.

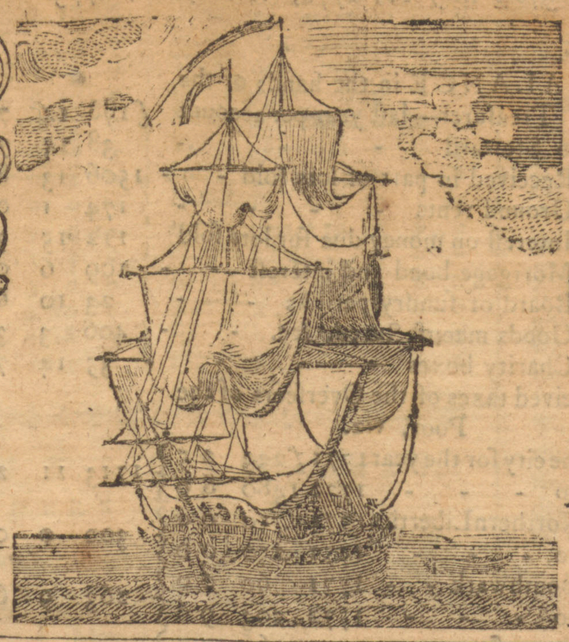
To be SOLD at PRIVATE SALE

A LOT of GROUND, situate on the west side of Front-street continued southward beyond the city of Philadelphia, in the district of Southwark, containing in breadth 16 feet 8 inches and in length or depth 106 feet, bounded on the east by Front-street aforesaid, on the south by the messuage and ground of Anthony Pearson, on the west by land of Captain Lockart, and on the north by the messuage of Samuel Morton; whereon is erected a good two story brick house 22 feet deep, and a frame kitchen adjoining 15 feet deep, the whole well finished and lately painted, a genteel neat garden with sundry fruit trees young and thriving, and a summer house, rents at twenty five pounds per annum; the house is insured for six years to come, subject to a ground rent of two pounds sixteen shillings and six-pence three farthings currency per annum. For further particulars enquire of FRANCIS GURNEY, at the Draw-Bridge.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where Subscriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertisements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

MAY, 1773. THE VOL. II. NUMB. 82.

Pennsylvania AND GENERAL MONDAY,



Packet THE ADVERTISER. MAY 17th, 1773.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

BOSTON, *May* 3.

BY letters from London, we learn, that the pamphlet, containing the Votes and Proceedings of the town of Boſton in November laſt, had been reprinted there, with a judicious preface by the Britiſh Editor, and was well received by all the lovers of liberty; though, it is ſaid Lord D——h has expreſſed it as his opinion, "that the Reſolves of the towns of Roxbury, Marblehead and Plimouth, (in conſequence of the proceedings of this town) contain *very extraordinary doctrines*, but hopes there will be but *few* followers of their *example*; and that the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives would *diſcountenance* them:"—In which, however, upon receipt of further accounts from hence, his Lordſhip will be very much diſappointed.——

The Britiſh Editor's Preface is as follows.

ALL accounts of the diſcontent ſo general in our colonies, have of late years been induſtriouſly ſmothered, and concealed here; it ſeeming to ſuit the views of the American Miniſter to have it underſtood, that by his great abilities all faction was ſubdued, all oppoſition ſuppreſſed, and the whole country quieted.—That the true ſtate of affairs there may be known, and the true cauſes of that diſcontent well underſtood, the following piece (not the production of a private writer) but the unanimous act of a large American city) lately printed in New-England, is republiſhed here. This nation, and the other nations of Europe, may thereby learn with more certainty the grounds of diſſention, that poſſibly may, ſooner or later, have conſequences intereſting to them all.

The Colonies had, from their firſt ſettlement, been governed with more eaſe, than perhaps can be equalled by any inſtance in hiſtory, of dominions ſo diſtant. Their affection and reſpect for this country, while they were treated with kindneſs, produced an almoſt implicit obedience to the inſtructions of the Prince, and even to acts of the Britiſh Parliament, though the right of binding them by a legiſlature in which they were unrepreſented, was never clearly underſtood. That reſpect and affection produced a partiality in favour of every thing that was Engliſh; whence their preference of Engliſh modes and manufactures; their ſubmiſſion to reſtraints on the importation of foreign goods, which they had but little deſire to uſe; and the monopoly we ſo long enjoyed of their commerce, to the great enriching of our merchants and artificers. The miſtaken policy of the Stamp-Act firſt diſturbed this happy ſituation; but the flame thereby raiſed was ſoon extinguiſhed by its repeal, and the old harmony reſtored, with its concomitant advantages to our commerce. The ſubſequent act of another adminiſtration, which, not content with an eſtabliſhed excluſion of foreign manufactures, began to make our own merchandize dearer to the conſumers there by heavy duties, revived it again: And combinations were entered into throughout the continent, to ſtop trading with Britain till thoſe duties ſhould be repealed. All were accordingly repealed but one, the duty on Tea. This was reſerved profeſſedly as a ſtanding claim and exerciſe of the right aſſumed by Parliament of laying ſuch duties. The Colonies, on this repeal, retracted their agreement, ſo far as related to all other goods except that on which the Duty was retained. This was trumpeted *here* by the Miniſter for the Colonies as a triumph; *there* it was conſidered only as a decent and equitable meaſure, ſhewing a willingneſs to *meet* the Mother Country in every advance towards a reconciliation. And the diſpoſition to a good underſtanding was ſo prevalent, that poſſibly they might ſoon have relaxed in the article of Tea alſo. But the ſyſtem of Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms, officers without end, with fleets and armies for collecting and enforcing thoſe duties, being continued, theſe acting with much indiſcretion and raſhneſs, giving great and unneceſſary trouble and obſtruction to buſineſs, commencing unjuſt and vexatious ſuits, and harraſſing commerce in all its branches, while that Miniſter kept the people in a conſtant ſtate of irritation by inſtructions which appeared to have no other end than the gratifying his private reſentments,* occaſioned a perſevering adherence to their reſolution in that particular: and the event ſhould be a leſſon to Miniſters, not to riſque, through pique, the obſtructing any one branch of trade, ſince the courſe and connection of general buſineſs may be thereby diſturbed to a degree impoſſible to be foreſeen or imagined. For it appears, that the Colonies, finding their humble petitions to have this duty repealed, were rejected and treated with undeſerved contempt, and that the produce of the duty was applied to the rewarding with undeſerved ſalaries and penſions every one of their enemies, the duty itſelf became more odious, and their reſolutions to ſtarve it more vigorous and obſtinate. The Dutch, Danes and French, took the advantage thus offered them by our imprudence, and began to ſmuggle their Teas into the plantations. At firſt this was ſomewhat difficult; but at length as all buſineſs improves by practice, it became eaſy. A coaſt, 1500 miles in length could not in all parts be guarded, even by the whole navy of England, eſpecially where the reſtraining authority was by all the inhabitants deemed unconſtitutional, and ſmuggling of courſe conſidered as patriotiſm. The needy wretches too, who with ſmall ſalaries were truſted to watch the ports day and night in all weathers, found it eaſier and more profitable, not only to *wink*, but to ſleep in their beds, the Merchant's pay being more generous than the King's. Other India Goods alſo, which by themſelves would not have made a ſmuggling voyage ſufficiently profitable, accompanied Tea to advantage; and it is feared the cheap French Silks, formerly rejected as not to the taſte of the coloniſts, may have found their way with the wares of India, and now eſtabliſhed themſelves in the popular uſe and opinion. It is ſuppoſed that at leaſt a million of Americans drink Tea twice a day, which, at the firſt coſt here can ſcarce be reckoned at leſs than half a Guinea a head *per Annum*. This market, that in the five years which have run on ſince the act paſſed, would have paid 2,500,000 Guineas, *for Tea alone*, into the coffers of the Company, we have loſt to foreigners. Meanwhile it is ſaid the duties have ſo diminiſhed, that the whole remittance of the laſt year amounted to no more than the pitiful ſum of 85 pounds, for the expence of ſome hundred thouſands in armed ſhips and ſoldiers to ſupport the officers. Hence the Tea and other India Goods that might have been ſold in America, remain rotting in the Company's warehouſes, while thoſe of foreign ports are known to be cleared by the American demand. Hence in ſome degree the Company's inability to pay their bills; the ſinking of their ſtock, by which millions of property have been annihilated; the lowering of their dividend, whereby ſo many muſt be diſtreſſed; the loſs to Government of the ſtipulated 400,000 pounds a year, which muſt make a proportionable reduction in our ſavings towards the diſcharge of our enormous debt; and hence in part the ſevere blow ſuffered by credit in general, to the ruin of many families; the ſtagnation of buſineſs in Spital-Fields and Mancheſter, through want of vent for their goods, with other future evils, which, as they cannot, from the numerous and ſecret connections in general commerce, eaſily be foreſeen, can hardly be avoided.

* Some of his circular letters has been criticiſed and expoſed by one or two of the American Aſſemblies.

On THURSDAY next will be PUBLISHED and to be SOLD by

JAMES HUMPHREYS, JUN.

At the lower corner of BLACK-HORSE ALLEY, in FRONT-STREET,

A SHORT INTRODUCTION TO

GRAMMAR,

(Deſigned more particularly for the uſe of the COLLEGE and ACADEMY of PHILADELPHIA)

Being a New Edition of

WHITTENHALL's LATIN GRAMMAR;

With many alterations, additions and amendments, from antient and late Grammarians.

N. B. Any orders from country ſtore-keepers, or others, for the above GRAMMAR, or any thing elſe in the PRINTING, BOOKSELLING, or STATIONARY WAY, will be punctually complied with by ſaid HUMPHREYS.

VENDUE.

TO-MORROW, AT ONE o'clock, AT

JOHN HART'S

VENDUE-STORE,

Will begin the SALE of a large and neat aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE;

ALSO, HOUSHOLD FURNITURE,

AND WEARING APPAREL.

May 11, 1773.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC SALE,

At the London Coffee-houſe, on the twenty-ſecond inſt. at five o'clock in the evening,

TWO TRACTS of LAND, ſituated near Ligonier, in Weſtmoreland County. The title is indiſputable, and the terms of ſale will be made known before the vendue begins, by

JACOB ELYTH.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT in Walnut-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the ſubſcriber's: The houſe is 20 feet front in the lower ſtory, and 24 feet in the upper, and 30 feet deep, with a two ſtory brick kitchen accommodated with two ovens, and the privilege of a 4 feet alley. For terms apply to

JAMES CLAYPOOLE.

Juſt arrived from London, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All,

WILLIAM MINSHALL, JEWELLER;

Who makes and ſells, wholeſale and retail,

ALL ſorts of ſet buckles, diamond rings, hair pins, ſhirt broaches, and every other article in the jewellery way, in the neateſt and moſt elegant manner, at his ſhop in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe; where ſhop-keepers and others, who buy to ſell again, may be ſupplied with any kind of Goods of that ſort, as cheap as they can import them.

Newcaſtle County, May 7, 1773.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on Monday the nineteenth of April laſt, a negro man named TOM; a likely well-ſet fellow, five feet nine or ten inches high, about twenty-four years of age, wants two of his upper fore teeth, has a large ſcar on the right ſide of his head, and is very talkative; had on when he went away, a caſtor hat, a brown homeſpun coat, ſwanſkin jacket, blue ſtuff breeches, ridge and fur worſted ſtockings, a pair of new ſhoes, and a white ſhirt; alſo took with him a pair of tow trowſers. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any gaol, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

ALEXANDER PORTER.

FOUR POUNDS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on New-Year's day laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Juniata, Cumberland county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named PATRICK HAMILTON, about five feet eight inches high, ſtraight fair yellow hair very long, eighteen years of age, of a very tawny complexion; had on when he went away a blue broadcloth coat, almoſt new, a half worn jacket with brown fore parts and blue backs, buckſkin breeches, half worn ſhoes, and a very good felt hat; he ſpeaks a good deal in the Scotch dialect, is very talkative, fond of ſtrong liquor, and curſes, ſwears and chews tobacco with any man in the province. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

DAVID ENGLISH.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, or others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

ANNUAL STATE of the ACCOUNTS *of the CONTRIBUTORS for the* Relief and Employment of the Poor *in the City of* PHILADELPHIA, *from May* 11, 1772, *to May* 10, 1773.

Dr.

	£	s	d
PAID for provisions	2903	8	10½
for fire-wood	513	5	6½
Raw materials, implements, &c. for manufacturing	330	18	11½
Steward, manufacturers and servants wages	201	0	0
Pensions	194	0	6
Building, repairing, &c.	70	16	2½
Funeral expences	19	8	6
Bills of credit burnt by the Committee of Assembly	505	2	1½
On account for medicine	65	6	5
Incidental charges	203	11	3
Balance in the hands of the Treasurer	4	2	8¾
	£5011	1	1¼

Cr.

	£	s	d
BALANCE in the hands of the Treasurer—last year per account	183	14	7¼
Ditto Steward	38	15	7
Received in part of lots sold	1506	13	8
Ground rents	174	1	0
Interest on money due for lots sold	112	15	3
Mortgage bond and interest	109	6	0
Board of sundry persons	23	10	6
Goods manufactured, &c.	406	3	3
Charity boxes	35	14	7
Received taxes of the Overseers of the Poor, viz.			
Of the city for the year 1771 £233 2 5			
Ditto 1772 1480 8 9	1713	11	2
Of Northern Liberties 1771 50 0 0			
Ditto 1772 250 0 0	300	0	0
Of Southwark 1771 60 0 0			
Ditto 1772 203 9 6	263	9	6
Moyamensing 66 10 5			
Passyunk 68 17 1	136	7	6
Advanced by the Steward	1	18	6
	£5011	1	1¼

WE the Committee, appointed to examine the accounts of the Treasurer and Steward, and to prepare the Annual State of the accounts of the Corporation of Contributors for the Relief and Employment of the Poor, having carefully examined the same, do find a balance remaining in the hands of the Treasurer of £4 2 8¾ and advanced by the Steward the sum of £1 18 6.———On examination of the monthly reports since the 11th of May, 1772, it appears there have been maintained during the year, on a medium, three hundred and twenty-seven persons, who have been duly taken care of, besides a number of out door pensioners: It also appears that there hath been manufactured in the House of Employment 3986 yards of linen, 713 yards of lincey, 112 pair of shoes, 169 pair of stockings, 7½ tons of oakum, a considerable quantity of matts, points, and gasknetts, besides weaving and bleaching done on hire.

ANTHONY MORRIS, JUN.
SAMUEL FISHER,
WILLIAM WISHART.

At a MEETING of the CONTRIBUTORS to the Relief and Employment of the Poor *in the City of Philadelphia, the following persons were elected* MANAGERS *and* TREASURER *for the ensuing year, viz.*

MANAGERS.

Luke Morris,
Jacob Shoemaker,
William Wishart,
Samuel Fisher,
Joshua Humphreys,
William Coates,
Stephen Collins,
Anthony Morris, Jun.
James Logan,
Reuben Haines,
Samuel Rhoads, Jun.
William Craig.

TREASURER.

Joshua Howell.

HANOVER, February 22.

AN ordinance has been published here concerning domestic robberies, according to which every theif, aged twenty years and upwards, shall be hanged for a theft of 15 crowns; the same punishment is to be inflicted on him who shall have wasted 100 crowns, money intrusted to his care; but if the thief, or the trustee, has not yet attained his twentieth year, he is to be only condemned to labour on the public works.

Hague, Feb. 26. They write from Hamburgh, that as there is little likelihood of an accommodation between the King of Prussia and the regency of Dantzick, and consequently the fate of that place is very precarious, several of the most opulent inhabitants have resolved to quit Dantzick, and settle at Hamburgh and Lubeck, in order to enjoy their fortunes in peace and security.

Paris, March 1. Advice is received, that one of our East-Indiamen is lost on the coast of Madagascar, and two thirds of the crew either drowned or murdered by the natives. It is melancholy to reflect on our losses by sea, which within ten months past have been six men of war of the line, besides other large ships; and whether it is that the English have better ships, or are better seamen than we are, but we very seldom hear of their losing a man of war.

Italy, Feb. 26. The Republic of Genoa, in concert with the courts of France and Spain, has constructed a new road, by which the armies of France or Spain may enter Italy in case a war should be kindled in this country. In six days time an army will be able to enter Lombardy, from Antibes, through the dominions of the Republic of Genoa. In such case, magazines are to be formed in all the towns of Liguria, while the French will send their heavy artillery by sea from Toulon and Marseilles. However, before any thing of this sort takes place, they wait at Paris the issue of the negotiation of the Prince de Rohan, Ambassador from France at the court of Vienna.

Archangel, March 3. A vessel built of whale-bone, and skins of fishes, has been driven ashore near this place, with some savage people on board, who speak a language unintelligible to the Laplanders, and the Samsy Indians, and by signs intimated they came from towards the North-Pole.

Warsaw, March 9. The King of Poland, howsoever critically situated he may be, has ventured to act like a sovereign; two Russian Generals exacting taxes and shamefully oppressing the inhabitants, where their troops quartered, were complained of by them to his Majesty, who remonstrated to their commanders, and afterwards to their several courts, but all proving ineffectual, he at last ordered the Generals to be arrested, and they were conducted by a party of horse into durance vile, in the castle of Siradia.

LONDON, *March* 5.

As the different nations of Europe improve in wisdom or humanity, peace will necessarily be cultivated among them, the greatness of every empire consists not in extent but in its population, and to promote the one at the expence of the other, may advance the fame, yet it never can reflect any credit upon the understanding of a people.

Savoy under the government of the late King, who studiously laboured to preserve the tranquility of his subjects, acquired more real strength during his single reign, than by all the laurels which were ever acquired by his progenitors.

The more children a man has in Holland the richer he is; the more children a man has in England, the poorer he is: The people of Birmingham indeed are a happy exception to this remark against us, and make their little ones earn a subsistence at the same age in which little ones are learning vice through the streets of every other large town in the kingdom.

March 6. The following Address it is said, was sent to the Prince of Wales, by the Stewards of the Society of Ancient Britons; but it is apprehended it was not delivered to him.

"*Most gracious Prince,*

"The infinite concern we feel for the disappointment which we have received, in not being permitted to approach your Royal Highness with our usual tribute of respect and attachment on the day of our anniversary, induces us to take this method of expressing our loyalty and our concern; and we flatter ourselves, Sir, that if our sentiments should be communicated to your Royal Highness, our zeal and concern will appear in so strong and meritorious a light, that we shall not be deprived another year of the pleasure and honour which have been denied us this. In the mean while, we lament exceedingly that we should be deprived of this opportunity of pouring forth the effusions of the loyal and affectionate heart, and of expressing in person the sincere and respectful attachment of his Majesty's loyal subjects of the principality of Wales, whose unalterable zeal and loyalty to their Princes stand recorded, and do honour to the page of History. We wish, Sir, to take every opportunity, as loyal and dutiful subjects ought, to promote that harmony and good understanding which constitutes the glory of the sovereign and the happiness of the subject, whose interests are inseparable: And sorry we are that any obstacle should be laid in the way of so necessary an union, by denying us the usual access to our Prince, which is not denied by the most absolute monarchs. Whatever may be the true cause of our disappointment, as we presume it is altogether unmerited, so we look upon it as highly disgraceful to the whole principality, whose inhabitants receive a mortifying check at a time, in which they thought their loyalty and attachment merited particular attention and encouragement, by setting an example of duty and affection to the rest of his Majesty's numerous subjects: An example, Sir, which has long been wished for and encouraged by Government until this period. But although our concern is as great as our disappointment is unmerited, no event whatever shall lessen our loyalty and attachment; and as a proof of our sincerity we offer up to heaven our prayers, that your Royal Highness may long, very long, enjoy your health, and inherit the many virtues of your Royal Father; and that every day may greatly contribute to fill the measure of a Godlike ambition to secure the hearts of a free and spirited people.

Signed by the STEWARDS, March 1, 1773."

March 9. By recent letters from Paris we learn, that trade is almost at an entire stand, and provisions exceeding dear in that metropolis; and that many hundreds of workmen, belonging to different branches of handicraft, daily paraded the streets soliciting charity for the support of themselves and children.

March 10. By accounts of the most respectable authority from the continent, we learn, that the letters of invitation to America increase to so great a degree, that the emigrations from hence exceed all belief.

March 24. Monday se'nnight upwards of 1000 stocking-makers assembled together, and went to the house of Mr. Simpson, hosier, in the market-place at Leicester, where they demanded a machine for making stockings, which Mr. Simpson had in his possession. After much altercation, Mr. Simpson, to save his house and property from being destroyed, gave up the frame to the resentment of the stocking-makers, who carried it in triumph along the public streets, after which they totally destroyed it, and every one went home. The above machine had only three motions, weighed about 25 lb. and worked one third quicker, which was the sole reason of the stocking-makers destroying it, as work would be more scarce, and at this time hundreds are unemployed.

From the London Chronicle *of February last.*

THOSE who have been eminently useful in life deserve to be distinguished after their death by some marks of peculiar honour. This may induce others to imitate their example, and is a tribute due to superior merit. No one is more justly entitled to this honour, or will be remembered with more sincere affection, than the late celebrated Dr. John Gregory, Professor of Medicine in the University of Edinburgh. In this Gentleman were happily united all those talents which constitute the agreeable companion, the easy friend, the instructive teacher, and the able physician. As a general scholar he was inferior to none; his learning was of the solid, not of the specious kind, and never appeared unless upon proper occasions. His taste in the fine arts was delicate and correct, and in some of them he was a very considerable adept. His writings are spirited and elegant, calculated for general utility, and evidently show, that he was possessed of a mind free from all prejudice, and superior to every mercenary view. They breathe a liberality of sentiment far above most medical compositions, and seldom to be equalled even by those of professed philosophers. As a physician, he was knowing, candid and humane; an utter enemy to every thing that had the smallest appearance of mystery or disguise: He thought the medical art, to be generally admired, needed only to be better known; that the affectation of concealment retarded its progress, rendered it a suspicious art, and tended to draw ridicule and disgrace upon its professors. As a Gentleman, his manners were affable and polite, his friendship warm and sincere, his sense of character just, and his integrity inviolable. In him, the afflicted have lost a real friend; youth a steady guide to science and virtue; his distrest family an affectionate parent; society one of its best members; and medicine one of its greatest *ornaments.*

BOSTON, *April* 29.

Last Saturday was taken up and committed to gaol here on suspicion, a person answering the description given of a fellow who absconded from Philadelphia, and carried off a large quantity of gold, of 15lb. weight, that he was intrusted with.

NEW-YORK, *May* 13.

Tuesday last arrived the snow Britannia, Capt. Aires, belonging to Philadelphia, having a great number of passengers on board; it is said about 200, from Dublin.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 17.

On Saturday morning, the 8th instant, departed this life, in his 47th year, Mr. JOHN BAYNTON, late an eminent merchant in this city; and on Sunday evening his remains were interred in Christ-Church burying ground, attended by a vast concourse of his respectable fellow-citizens of all denominations.—

Justly beloved by those who knew his virtues in *life*, there were certain circumstances which made him to be lamented in *death*, by all good men. Inheriting his father's amiable qualities, he succeeded also (at 18 years of age) to his estate; which he improved, in a way that did him honour, by an early and successful application to business; so that, for a number of years, wealth continued to flow in upon him, and he was called to serve his country as their Representative in Assembly, as well as in several other offices of public trust. But the vast and extensive commerce into which he was *induced* to enter, during the last years of his life, was productive

of such a fatal reverse of fortune to him, as need not be mentioned to the public. Yet still, amidst his reiterated losses, his private character was held in the highest esteem by his fellow-citizens, and his Integrity stood unimpeached.——

He was naturally generous, humane, affable, courteous, facetious and hospitable. Incapable of deceit himself, and unacquainted with those vices which belong to the *worldly man*, no mean suspicions of deceit in others ever rose in his breast. He was so sincere in his friendships, that he was ever ready to sacrifice his own fortune and ease to the service of those, in whom he placed a confidence. In his religious sentiments, he was truly catholic, and always manifested an earnest desire, by example, as well as by instruction in his family, to support the public worship of Almighty God. As a husband and parent he was so truly affectionate and tender, that he long struggled in private with his misfortunes, striving to maintain his usual chearfulness and serenity in his family, that they might not receive pain. But the tedious suspense of his affairs, his many disappointments from quarters where his chief expectations were placed, and the daily view of a numerous unprovided family around him, became too much for him to bear—and he at last certainly sunk under the mighty weight; leaving to the care of Providence, a most virtuous and amiable widow, with *twelve promising* children, into whose minds he took great pains to instill the principles of religon, and who, it is hoped may do honour to his memory by their conduct, in whatever sphere of life it may be their lot to act.

On Tuesday morning last departed this life, in the 24th year of her age, universally beloved and lamented, Miss POLLY M'CALL; and on Wednesday afternoon her remains were interred in Christ's Church burying-ground.

This amiable young lady received from nature an elegant person joined with an excellent understanding: These were improved by a polite education and a proper intercourse with company. Her uncommon share of good sense early procured her the attention of the grave and the wise, and her lively and delicate sallies of imagination—her propriety of expression and peculiar gracefulness of behaviour, rendered her agreeable and captivating to the young and gay of both sexes. To the circle of her relations and friends, she was endeared by many still more engaging qualities. Her heart was formed in a peculiar manner for friendship. Steady—warm and sincere in all her attachments, she seemed to rise above those common obstacles which sometimes separate minds of a less noble nature. These singular accomplishments received new lustre from her behaviour during a painful and tedious illness. Chearful while all were sad around her—unmoved at the prospect of her approaching dissolution, and perfectly resigned to the divine will, she met the King of Terrors with a christian fortitude, and expired with that hope of a blessed immortality, which effectually disarmed death of its sting, and robbed the grave of its victory.

On Thursday last was married at St. Peter's Church in this city, the Rev. Mr. THOMAS COOMBE, to Miss SALLY BADGER.

Capt. Hayward from the Grenades, on the 8th inst. in lat. 33:38, long. 71:31, spoke a schooner, Capt. Stewart, from Virginia for Jamaica, out 8 days; and on the 11th, in lat. 37:29, long. 74:6, spoke a brig from Virginia for Newfoundland, out 1 day.

Arrived from this port, the Molly, Callender, at Tortola.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Sylvia,	W. Hatch,	North-Carolina,
Sch. Mol. & Sal.	G. Slacum,	Newcastle on Del.
Sloop Sally,	E. Chappell,	New-York,
Sloop Speedwell,	R. M'Clean,	Virginia,
Schooner Nancy,	J. Robertson,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Sally,	J. Buck,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Polly,	D. Tuttle,	North-Carolina,
Schooner Nancy,	T. Genn,	North-Carolina,
Brig Barbados P.	W. Hawkins,	Barbados,
Brig T. Brothers,	J. Martin,	Hispaniola,
Schoon. Dolphin,	R. Zuill,	St. Eustatia,
Ship Betsy,	S. Hood,	Bristol,
Brig Connolly,	A. Cain,	Dublin.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Polly,	J. Shields,	Jamaica,
Ship Severn,	J. Hawthorn,	Bristol,
Ship Charm. Sal.	J. Cooper,	Jamaica,
Ship Betsy,	S. Hood,	Bristol,
Sloop Sally,	T. Alberson,	New-York,
Brig Peggy,	S. Wilson,	Madeira,
Schooner Becky,	R. Harris,	Georgia,
Brig Barbados P.	W. Hawkins,	Barbados.

CLEARED.

Sloop Tryal,	J. Strong,	North-Carolina,
Brig Sally,	J. Brown,	Hispaniola,
Schoon. Liberty,	S. Robinson,	St. Kitts,
Brig Friendship,	W. Moore,	South-Carolina,
Brig Speedwell,	J. Cox,	Grenadoes,
Sloop Industry,	E. Fields,	Anguilla,
Snow Jane,	T. Whitlock,	Lisbon,
Ship Lydia,	T. Dean,	Liverpool,
Snow Lov. Union,	N. Todd,	Dublin,
Sloop Sally,	E. Chappell,	New-London,
Sloop Peggy,	S. Hinckley,	Boston,
Ship K. of Prus.	W. Adamson,	Lisbon,
Sloop Industry,	T. Hutchings,	Bermuda,
Ship George,	S. Martin,	Lisbon,
Brig Harmony,	E. Bingley,	New-Providence,
Ship Lyon,	J. Hamilton,	Corunna,
Brig Carpenter,	S. Williams,	Lisbon,
Brig Sally,	J. Forbes,	Dominica,
Ship Pennsyl. Pac.	P. Osborne,	London,
Sloop Sal. & Fan.	J. Hunn,	Georgia,
Brig T. Friends,	P. Bruster,	Lisbon.

PRICE CURRENT IN PHILADELPHIA.

	L.	s.	d.		L.	s.	d.
Flour, *per hund.*	0	18	6	Tar, *per barrel,*	0	14	0
White Bread,	3	0	0	Molasses, *per gal.*	0	1	9
Middling Bisket,	1	0	0	West-India Rum,	0	3	4
Ship ditto,	0	17	0	Philadelphia do.	0	2	2
Rice, -	0	17	0	New-England do.	0	2	2
Cotton, *per lb.*	0	1	3	Wheat, *per bush.*	0	7	9
Bohea Tea, -	0	4	0	Indian Corn,	0	3	1
Hemp, -	0	0	5	Fine Salt,	0	1	9
Pensyl. Loaf Sug.	0	0	11	Pipe Staves, *p. th.*	9	0	0
Irish Beef, *per bar.*	3	5	0	Hogshead do.	6	0	0
Country ditto -	3	0	0	Barrel do. -	3	0	0
Pork, -	4	10	0	Red Oak ditto,	4	0	0
Pitch,	0	18	0	Bar Iron, *p. ton,*	25	0	0
Turpentine, -	1	0	0	Pig Iron, -	8	0	0

ON TUESDAY NEXT,
THERE WILL BE
AN ASSEMBLY,
FOR THE LAST TIME THIS SEASON.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL TRACTS of excellent LAND, in the county of Northumberland, situated from ten to eighteen miles distance from the town of Sunbury, and two or three miles from Susquehanna. The above lands are remarkably well adapted for farming, or raising stock, as there is a large quantity of rich bottom and meadow ground to each tract. For terms apply to BENJAMIN DEAN, in Philadelphia.

Imported in the Betsey, Captain Hood, from Bristol, and to be sold by
THOMAS CLIFFORD AND SONS,

THREE-penny, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, sheathing nails, copperas, brimstone, allum, madder, ground redwood, fine powdered Spanish brown, red lead and white lead ground in oil; an assortment of iron pots from 1 gallon to 20 gallons, ditto of iron kettles from 2 to 25 gallons; camp ovens, bake-plates, chimney backs with and without sides, neatly cast; a large iron cabouse fit for a ship, with compass doors and grate; an assortment of shovels and tongs, frying pans, sad irons, plated and other buckles; scyths of the common kind, and a few dozen of William Moore's double refined and crown scyths of the best quality; double and single roll'd plate iron; a very good assortment of mens and boys felt hats, bound and unbound; mens and boys flannel caps, of late much in use; Taylor's window glass, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, and 9 by 7; ditto sheet glass in crates; a large assortment of white stone, delph and cream coloured ware; crates of phials and flint glass; large and small bowl long and short pipes; a variety of sail and seine twine and common packing twine; Kiddell's best sail cloth assorted; forge hammers and anvils; smiths anvils and vises; anchors from 21 Ct. to 11 Ct. with cables from 7 inch to 12 inch, and a variety of other cordage. Also Bristol beer in hampers of 3 dozen each, fresh raisins in jars and kegs, a good assortment of superfine, second and coarse broadcloths, with a great variety of European and India Goods, imported in different vessels from London and Liverpool.

Just imported in the ship Betsey, Captain Hood, and to be sold by
TIMOTHY BERRETT,
In Arch-street, between Second and Third-streets, the following articles, viz.

PLATED tea urns, coffee pots, waiters, bread baskets, candlesticks, spoons, salts, and a great variety of plated shoe and knee buckles, foilestone paste threaded shoe, knee and stock buckles, broaches, earrings, stay hooks, combs and hair pins, foilestone, mocoa, garnet gold rings, silver and plated shagreen instrument cases, ladies gilt watch chains, seals and keys, gilt shoe and knee buckles, gilt lockets and broaches, pinchbeck shoe, knee and stock buckles, steel watch chains, seals and keys, enamelled gilt mounted snuff boxes and sleeve buttons, plated, green, ivory and camwood knives and forks, barlow pen knives, black polished razors, one very neat enamelled arch dial plate, and a few setts of casting and forging clock bells, watch enamelled dial plates, main spring and inside chains, pinion wire, watch glasses, watch hands, watch case springs and buttons, with a variety of clock and watch makers tools, consisting of bench vices, tumbenches, screw plates, screw drives, cock saws, saws with nuts, flat faced hammers, square nosed watch plyes, cutting nippers, spring dividers, and sundry other articles too tedious to insert.

N. B. An assortment of bronsed and japanned tea kitchens, with plated spouts and handles, tea chests, waiters, bread baskets, bottle stands and dust pans, all which he is determined to sell on the lowest terms; also a few pair of very handsome brass sconces, of the newest patterns.

LAZARUS ISAAC,
Glass Cutter and Engraver upon Glass,
At the house of Mrs. Mary Wood, nearly opposite to Mr. John Elliott's Looking-Glass Store in Walnut-street, Philadelphia,

BEING just arrived by Capt. Sutton, from London, takes this method of acquainting the publick in general, that he undertakes to cut and engrave on glass of every kind, in any figure whatsoever, either coats of arms, flowers, names or figures, to the particular fancy of those who may please to employ him: Patterns of his work may be seen at his dwelling. He cuts upon decanters a grape vine or other flower, with a label containing the name of the wine, &c. for 1*s.* tumblers for 6*d.* each, wine glasses for 2*s.* per dozen, and the stems cut in diamonds at 2*s*6 per dozen. He returns his thanks to those gentlemen and ladies who have been pleased to favour him with their custom, and hopes for a continuance of the same, as he will use his utmost endeavour to give satisfaction to his employers; and as he is a stranger he hopes for the patronage of the publick.

Imported in the last vessels from London, by
JOHN M'CALLA AND SON,
At the corner of Walnut and Second-streets, a neat assortment of Merchandize, among which are,

FINE, super and super-fine BROAD-CLOTHS of the best quality and most fashionable colours; rattinets, shalloons, durants, linen checks, oznabrugs, brown and striped hollands, super-fine white and drab coloured jennets, pillow fustians, India nankeens, silk breeches pieces, super-fine four thread worsted ditto, black and brown buckram, prunello, a variety of silk knee-garters, collar velvets, scarf twist, best bladine sewing silk, broad and narrow gold lace, gold Prussian binding, edge and button-hole ditto, coat and waistcoat gold vellum, gold chains for hat-loops, very neat gold spangled coat and waistcoat buttons, gold and silver coat and breast buttons.—The above goods will be sold on the lowest terms.

N. B. The said M'CALLA and SON carry on the Taylors business as usual; they return their thanks to their former customers, and hope for a continuance of their favours, and others that please to employ them may depend on having their work done in the neatest and most fashionable manner, and on the lowest terms.

*** To be let on ground-rent, a lot next to the corner lot of Lombard and Third-streets, enquire as above.

Just published and to sold by JAMES HUMPHREYS, JUN. and by WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, in Front-street,
THE
CHRISTIAN ŒCONOMY.
Translated from the original Greek of an old manuscript, found in the island of Patmos, where St. John wrote his book of the Revelations.

WANTS A PLACE,
As a HOUSE-KEEPER, in an orderly family,

AN elderly reputable woman, who can be recommended for her œconomy and care. Enquire of the printer.

A YOUNG MAN, who served his apprenticeship to an Attorney in Dublin, would engage as a Clerk to a Gentleman of that profession. He will be heard of by applying to the printer hereof.

Philadelphia, May 15, 1773.

RUN AWAY last Monday evening, a mulatto boy, named DICK, about fourteen years old, four feet ten inches high, had on, a blue coatee, lined with white flannel, a scarlet serge jacket torn before, dirty leather breeches, blue grey worsted stockings, too large for him, old shoes, and a worsted cap. Whoever takes up said boy, and will deliver him to James Whitehead, at the workhouse, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by
PETER TURNER.

WANTED DIRECTLY,

THREE or FOUR HORSES from five to eight years old, about 14 hands high, gentle, well broke to pace and canter, suitable for ladies pads. Enquire of Mr. JACOB HILTZHEIMER for a purchaser.

May 10, 1773.

SEVENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, from Annapolis, the two following indented servants, viz. WILLIAM TANKARD, a native of Ireland, about twenty years of age, about five feet six or seven inches high, of a ruddy complexion, has light hair and very little beard. He took with him, a blue duffil coat with a red collar, a red duffil waistcoat, leather breeches, boots turned down, with plated spurs. He also took with him, a livery suit of cloths, the coat being a superfine blue cloth, waistcoat and breeches superfine white cloth, the buttons plain white metal, the sleeves and cape of the coat of white cloth, and a silver laced hat, but he may have taken off the trimmings. He may also have other cloths.

BERNARD BARRY, also a native of Ireland, about twenty-eight years of age, five feet ten inches high, of a ruddy complexion, black beard, and large eye brows. He is a stout man, and in the right side of his upper jaw has a remarkable tooth sticking out so that in speaking he shews it. He took with him, a new sky blue coat with plain white metal buttons, red waistcoat, black cotton velvet breeches lined with shammy. His hair is short in curl, but he took with him a light-coloured wig with one curl, and may cut off his hair; he is a brick layer, stone mason, and plaisterer. They took with them a sorrel gelding, about fourteen hands high, or upwards, with a white face, his mane remarkably thick; also a bright bay gelding, known by the name of Chatham, about fifteen hands high, nine years old, is a blooded horse; has lost three of his upper fore teeth by an accident; likewise took with them, two saddles, made by Witkers of London, one of them has four raised silver plated nails, has been cut in the seat, and sewed; the other a portmanteau saddle, the stirrips of both double barr'd; two bridles, one of them plated with silver, the other a steel one; also, a large whip with a silver cap, with the letters D D in a cypher. They have also, a brace of silver mounted screw barrel pistols.

The subscriber, D. DULANY, will pay to any person who will apprehend and secure William Tankard, the sum of TWENTY DOLLARS, and also TWENTY DOLLARS more for the sorrel horse, saddles, bridles, and pistols, on delivery to him.

The subscriber, UPTON SCOTT, will pay any person for the bay horse, the sum of FOURTEEN DOLLARS, on delivery to him; and the subscriber, JAMES MAWE, will pay to any person who shall apprehend and secure BERNARD BARRY, in any of his Majesty's gaols the sum of SIXTEEN DOLLARS, and reasonable charges if brought home.

It is supposed they were seen pass by the Rising Sun, on the Old York-Road.

D. DULANY,
UPTON SCOTT,
JAMES MAWE.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry them off at their peril.

Best possible image.

April 20, 1773.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the Tenth of JUNE next,

ALL the REAL ESTATE belonging to the BUSH RIVER IRON WORKS COMPANY, at the head of Bush River, in Baltimore County, Maryland, now laid out in the following lots for conveniency of sale.

No. 1. The PRINCIPAL SEAT, containing about fifty acres of land, on which is an iron furnace (not in use,) a merchant mill and saw mill, on a very fine stream of water, with the mill race and dam; about twenty acres of the land is very good improved meadow, and most of the fifty acres may be watered from the race, and is very rich. There are divers small houses, out-houses, &c. on this lot, which is pleasantly situated at Bush Town. The stream is capable of manufacturing thirty thousand bushels of wheat per annum, is in an extraordinary fine wheat country, and about 45 miles distant from York Town in Pennsylvania, to which is a very good road. The mills and furnace are situated at the head of navigable water, and the flour barrels may be rolled out of the mill into the craft, and transported from thence by water to Baltimore Town, on the Head of Elk, about 30 miles equal distance, at 9*d.* per barrel.

No. 2. A tract of land called Coomb's Adventure, on Patapsco River, about 2 miles distant from Baltimore Town; contains by estimation one hundred and seventy five acres. On this land is one of the best banks of iron ore in the province, and is very valuable from its situation, and many other conveniencies; it lays high, and a vessel of 200 tons burthen may come close to the shore, and is a fine place for a gentleman's seat.

No. 3 and 5. Contain about seven acres of land, adjoining Bush Town, between the Furnace Race and Bynam's Run; is pleasantly situated on the main road, and very convenient for building on.

No. 4. Contains three acres of the same sort of land, on the other side the race.

No. 6. Is a lot of one acre of the same land adjoining.

No. 7. Is a lot of seven acres, adjoining Bush Town, below the old race and the dam; valuable meadow ground.

No. 8. Contains about twenty-five acres, near Bush Town, on the west side of Bynam's Run, below the dam; some of it fine meadow ground.

No. 9. Contains about thirty-one acres, above the dam, adjoining lands of James Mathers; part of it good meadow ground.

No. 10. Contains about five acres, between the race and the run.

No. 16. Contains about two hundred and thirty acres, at the north end of a tract of land called Nova-Scotia; very good land and well timbered.

No. 17. Contains about two hundred and seventy acres, part of the same tract; very fine land, about twelve acres of valuable meadow ground, and well timbered.

No. 18. About one hundred and thirty acres, part of the same tract; very good land, with a sufficient quantity of meadow ground.

No. 19. About one hundred and twenty one acres, part of a tract of land called Abbot's Forrest, about thirty acres of which is some of the best meadow ground in the province, which, together with the upland, is exceedingly well timbered, with white oak, poplar, ash, &c.

No. 20 and 21. About one hundred and ten acres, part of the aforesaid tract called Nova-Scotia, on the west side of James's Run, near Bush Town; part of it good meadow ground.

No. 22. About one hundred and twenty acres, part of two tracts near Bush Town; part of it rich bottom.

No. 23. About eighty acres, part of a tract of land called Friendship, pleasantly situated between the main road and James Webster's plantation, about one mile from Bush Town.

No. 24. Is a grist mill and stone mill-house, with twenty acres of condemned land, on a good stream of water, adjoining Bush Town, one quarter of a mile from tide water, and near the main road.

No. 25. Is a wharf on Bush River, for conveniency of vessels loading and unloading near the town.

No. 26. About twenty-eight acres, part of the aforesaid tract of land called Nova-Scotia, near or on Bush River.

No. 27. About nine acres, called Broken Islands, on Bush River.

No. 28. About sixty-one acres, part of a tract of land called Friendship, south-east of lands of Hannah Richardson's.

No. 29. About one hundred and eighty acres, part of ditto lands, on the main road near Bush Town.

No. 31. About one hundred and thirty four acres of land, about four miles from Bush Town, pleasantly situated on the main road, and some of it cultivated.

No. 32. About three hundred acres of land, part of two tracts, on which is a good plantation, an orchard of good fruit, and great prospect of iron ore.

All the above lands (except the lot No. 2, called Coomb's Adventure) are situated at and near Bush Town, and none of them are more than four or five miles distant from navigable water. The sale to be held at Joseph Stiles's, at Bush Town. Reasonable credit will be given the purchasers, on giving bond with approved security. The premises may be viewed any time before the day of sale, and the several lots above described shewn, by applying to ISAAC WEBSTER, near Bush Town, WILLIAM COX for JACOB GILES, or THOMAS BOND, son of JOHN. Further information respecting the premises may also be had by applying to THOMAS CLIFFORD, in Philadelphia.

N. B. As the Bush River Company have but lately purchased the iron bank on lot No. 2, called Coomb's Adventure, and the iron ore on lot No. 32 (two miles distant from the furnace) has been but very lately discovered, should any one person, or two or three in company, incline to purchase the whole and carry on the works, the furnace has all the advantages from situation and conveniency, as can be found at any one place in the province, and could not fail of making money fast, provided the partners were unanimously engaged to conduct the same agreeable thereto, and the furnace stack is allowed to be staunch and good.

BY VIRTUE of a WRIT, to me directed, will *positively* be sold on FRIDAY the twenty first of May instant, at four o'clock in the afternoon (and to be struck to the highest bidder precisely at seven o'clock in the evening) at the house of Jeremiah Baker, at the sign of Noah's Ark, in Front-stre[et]; two certain Messuages or Tenements, and two Lots of Ground thereunto belonging, situate on the west side of Front-street continued northward beyond the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth forty feet, and in depth one hundred feet, bounded westward with ground in the tenure of George Hyle, southward with ground of William Clifton, northward with a certain lane or street thirty-five feet wide, and eastward with Front-street aforesaid: seized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, SHERIFF.

BACHE's WINE-STORE.

Between Third and Fourth-streets, at the yellow doors on the south side of Market-street, RICHARD BACHE has opened his Wine-store, and has for sale by the pipe, hogshead, quarter cask, or gallon,

OLD Madeira wine, Teneriff, Fyal and Lisbon wines; Old Jamaica spirits and Windward Island rum; also a few dozens of most excellent claret and Southampton port. He likewise sells New-York single refined loaf sugar, at 11*d.* per lb. the single loaf, or 10*d.* half-penny by the quantity.

N. B. Orders from any part of the town or country, carefully and speedily complied with, and each article warranted genuine as imported.

TO BE SOLD BY

JOHN KAIGHN,

At his store in Second-street, two doors below the Church,

EXCELLENT salt petred gammons, hogs lard in kegs, pork in barrels and half barrels, some of which is salt petred, and a quantity of cheese, all made in Burlington county; also Pope's New-England scythes, for either upland or salt grass; and a small assortment of European and East-India GOODS, to be disposed of at prime cost for cash only.

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS.

A large and general assortment, imported in the last vessels from London, among which are,

ONE hundred dozen of knives, some of an extraordinary quality, with an assortment of English leather as usual, which will be sold on reasonable terms, by ROBERT LOOSELY, SHOEMAKER, in Walnut-street near Front-street.

Just imported in the last vessels from Bristol, and to be sold by

JAMES DER KINDEREN,

In STRAWBERRY ALLEY,

FINE draw'd nails by the cask, ivory combs by the dozen, money scales and weights, a neat assortment of knives and forks, sundry sorts of castors for oil, vinegar, pepper, mustard, &c. &c. a neat assortment of delf and Queen's ware, English cheese, spices by the pound, hackels for flax and hemp, wool combs, also a very good eight day clock, &c. &c. &c.

ROBERT BASS,

APOTHECARY, in Market-street,

Has this day imported in the Catherine, Captain Sutton, from London,

A NEW and fresh assortment of Drugs and Patent Medicines. As many of the most useful articles are imported in large quantities, he will sell them by the box or hundred weight, at a very moderate advance. A neat variety of fine colours for portrait painting, sets of foreign crayons, fine brushes and utensils of most kinds, very neat miniature cases, and frames for miniature pictures, gold and silver leaf, &c. &c. Hamet's fam'd dentrific and powder of pearl, with a variety of curved and plain teeth brushes, Rowley's British herb tobacco, and snuff, fine shaving soap, Sweed's tea, &c. &c.

N. B. Medicines prepared, and personal attendance duly given as usual.

DUFFIELD AND DELANY,

DRUGGISTS,

In Second-street near Walnut-street, have just imported in the Catherine, Captain Sutton, from London,

A FRESH and general assortment of DRUGS, of the first quality and in excellent order, GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, surgeons instruments and shop furniture, which they will sell on the lowest terms, for cash or the usual credit.

Medicine chests for shipping, &c. with suitable directions and family receipts, carefully made up as usual.

†‡† They earnestly request such of their customers who are indebted beyond the usual time of credit, to discharge their respective accounts.

Wilmington, May 3, 1773.

THE subscriber takes this method to acquaint his friends, and the public in general, that he has bought and removed to, that well accustomed TAVERN, at the sign of the Crown and Rose, opposite the upper market-house, in the borough of Wilmington, lately occupied by Mr. Joshua Littler; and as he is well furnished with good stables and sheds, those who please to favour him with their custom, may depend on civil treatment, and good usage, by the public's humble servant,

THOMAS KEAN.

FOR BRISTOL,

THE SHIP

BETSEY,

SEYMOUR HOOD, MASTER

IS a good vessel, and well accommodated for passengers; chief part of her cargo being already engaged, will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD and SONS, or said master on board, at their wharf.

N. B. Just arrived in said ship from Bristol, a number of Servants, amongst which are various sorts of tradesmen, farmers, and some healthy well-looking boys, used to the care of horses, and other services about house, whose times of service, agreeable to indenture, is to be disposed of by THOMAS CLIFFORD and SONS.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY, sometime last October, a certain JOHN REGAN, about twenty-two years of age, by trade a blacksmith, about five feet six or seven inches high, stoops in his shoulders, of a dark complexion, and black curling hair; he is very talkative, and much addicted to drink, blasphemy and gaming: He has, in a very barbarous and inhuman manner, deprived the subscriber of his eye-sight, who (being before a cripple) is now destitute of all happiness in life, and like to be reduced to poverty. Whoever apprehends the said REGAN, and secures him in any of his Majesty's gaols, so that he may be dealt with according as the law directs, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

DAVID REES, living in Vincent Township, Chester County.

May 1, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the subscriber, in Charles Town, Cecil County, Maryland, a servant man named THOMAS WILKINS, near forty years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, thin visage, of a dark complexion, wears his own hair, his head a little bald; he is a blacksmith by trade, came into Maryland a convict, and served his time near Sassafras; has now a wife and two children; he lately lost his eldest son at the Crooked Billet wharf at Philadelphia, when attempting to run away, but was retaken; he is often very talkative and much in his own favour; being pretty artful he may probably (as he cannot write) prevail on some person to counterfeit a discharge on the back of his part of the indentures, in which he bound himself to RICHARD THOMAS, late Sheriff of Cecil County, for 4 years from September 1770; had on when he went away, a short blue bath coat, a purple and white serge jacket, old light blue velvet breeches, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant man, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

JAMES PRITCHARD.

N. B. The subscriber is bail for him in a considerable sum of money, exclusive of what he indented for.

Marcus-Hook, May 6, 1773.

THE HORSE PENNSYLVANIA FARMER,

Without exception the greatest beauty in America;

HE is full bred, six years old, free from blemish and in high form, is therefore recommended in the covering way, and performs his exercise at my stables, near Marcus Hook, under the care of DAVID MILLER, at one Guinea a single leap, or two Guineas the season, and half a Dollar to the groom. Good care will be taken of the mares, and pasture provided at two shillings and six-pence per week, by

ARCHIBALD DICK.

WHEREAS the partnership between ROBERT PATTON and JOHN WILLIAMS, of Lebanon, is now dissolved, all persons who have any demands against them, are requested to bring in their accounts to the subscriber, that they may be settled; and all persons indebted to them for goods, bought at Lebanon, are desired to settle and pay off their accounts to Robert Patton, at the store now kept by him there.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 23d of December, a Dutch servant lad, named JACOB BANGLER: Had on when he went away, a light blue jacket, and an under jacket of a whitish colour, a felt hat almost new, one check shirt, one striped silk handkerchief, a pair of leather breeches, a pair of light blue stockings, footed with dark blue; blinks a little, and has straight light hair; about five feet six inches high, crooked legged, talks tolerable good English, and supposed to be near East-town. Whoever takes up the above servant and secures him in any of his Majesty's gaols, or brings him to me in Spring-Garden near Philadelphia, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

CHRISTIAN ALBURGHER.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where Subscriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertisements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

Best possible image.

MAY, 1773. VOL. II. NUMB. 83.

THE Pennsylvania AND GENERAL MONDAY,

THE Packet THE ADVERTISER.

MAY 24th, 1773.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

An Extract from a Collection of Oriental Apologues lately publiſhed.

AS ſoon as I perceived the firſt ſparkling fires of day, I mounted my aſs and took the path which leads to the high-road of Babylon; ſcarce was I there, when in raptures I exclaimed, O how mine eyes do wander with joy o'er yon green hills! with what delicious perfumes do theſe flow'ry meadows embalm the air!

I am in a beautiful avenue, my aſs and I may retire under the ſhade of its trees when it ſhall ſeem good to us.

How ſerene the heavens! how fine a day! how pure the air I breath! well mounted as I am, I ſhall arrive before duſk.

Whilſt I uttered theſe words, beſotted with joy, I looked kindly down upon my aſs, and gently ſtroaking him,

From afar I ſee a troop of men and women mounted upon beautiful camels, with a ſerious and diſdainful air, All cloathed in long purple robes, with belts and golden fringes, interſperſed with precious ſtones.

Their camels ſoon came up with me; I was dazzled by their ſplendour, and humbled by their grandeur.

Alas! all my endeavours to ſtretch myſelf, ſerved only to make me appear more ridiculouſly vain.

Mine eyes did meaſure them inceſſantly; ſcarce did my head reach their ancles: I was ſorely vexed from the bottom of my ſoul, nevertheleſs did I not give over following them.

Then did I wiſh that my aſs could raiſe himſelf as high as the higheſt of camels, and fain would I have ſeen his long ears peep o'er their lofty heads.

I continually incited him by my cries, I preſs'd him with my heels and halter; and though he quickened his pace, yet ſix of his ſteps ſcarce equalled one of the camel's.

In ſhort we loſt ſight of them, and I all hopes of overtaking them. What difference, cried I, between their lot and mine? Why are they not in my place? or why am I not in theirs?

Wretch that I am! I ſadly journey on alone upon the vileſt and ſloweſt of animals; they on the contrary.. happy they!.. would bluſh to have me in their train; ſo deſpicable am I in their eyes!

Buſied in theſe reflections, and loſt in thought, my aſs finding I no longer preſſed him, ſlackened his pace, and preſently ſtooped to feed upon the thiſtles.

The graſs was goodly; it ſeemed to invite him to reſt; ſo he laid him down: I fell; and like unto him who from a profound ſleep awaketh in ſurpriſe, ſo was I on a ſudden awakened from my meditations.

As ſoon as I got up, the voice of thouſands came buzzing in my ears; I looked around, and behold a troop ſtill more numerous than the former.

Theſe were mounted as poorly as myſelf; their linen tunics the ſame as mine; their manners ſeemed familiar; I addreſſed the neareſt.

Do your utmoſt, ſays I, you will never be able, mounted as you are, to overtake thoſe a-head of you.

Let us alone, ſays he, for that; the madmen! they riſk their lives; and for what? to arrive a few minutes before us.

We are all going to Babylon, an hour ſooner or later, in linen tunics, or purple robes, on an aſs, or a camel, what matters it, when once one is arrived? nay upon the road, ſo as you know how to amuſe yourſelf?

You for example: what would have become of you had you been mounted on a camel? your fall, ſays he, would have been fatal. I ſighed, and had nothing to reply.

Then, looking behind me, how great was my ſurpriſe to ſee men, women, and children following us a-foot, ſome ſinging, others ſkipping on the tender graſs; their poor backs bowed under their burdens.

Then cried I, tranſported beyond myſelf, They go to Babylon as well as I; and is it they who rejoice? and is it I who am ſad? when on a ſudden my oppreſſed heart became light; and I felt a gentle joy flow within my veins.

Ere we got in, we overtook the firſt party; their camels had thrown them, their long purple robes, their belts, and gold fringes interſperſed with diamonds were all covered with mud.

Then, ye powerful of the earth; even then it was I perceived the littleneſs of human grandeur; but the juſt eſtimation I made of it, did not render me inſenſible to the misfortunes of others.

BOSTON, *May* 10.

Saturday laſt Capt. Calef ſailed for London, in whom went paſſengers Mr. Nathaniel Wheatley, Merchant; alſo Phillis the extraordinary negro poet, ſervant to Mr. John Wheatley.

FAREWELL TO AMERICA.

To MRS. S—— W——. By PHILLIS WHEATLEY.

ADIEU New England's ſmiling meads,
Adieu the flowry plain,
I leave thy opening charms, O Spring!
To try the azure reign.
In vain for me the flowrets riſe,
And ſhow their gaudy pride,
While here beneath the northern ſkies,
I mourn for health deny'd.
Thee, charming maid! while I purſue
In thy luxuriant reign;
And ſigh and languiſh, thee to view,
Thy pleaſures to regain.
Suſanna mourns, nor can I bear
To ſee the chryſtal ſhow'r
Faſt falling—the indulgent tear
In ſad departure's hour.
Not unregarding, lo! I ſee,
Thy ſoul with grief oppreſs'd;
Ah! curb the riſing groan for me,
Nor ſighs diſturb thy breaſt.
In vain the feather'd ſongſters ſing,
In vain the garden blooms,
And on the boſom of the Spring,
Breaths out her ſweet perfumes.
While for Britannia's diſtant ſhore,
We ſweep the liquid plain,
Till Aura to the arms reſtore,
Of this belov'd domain.
Lo! Health appears! Celeſtial dame,
Complacent and ſerene,
With Hebe's mantle o'er her frame,
With ſoul-delighting mein.
Deep in a vale where London lies,
With miſty vapours crown'd,
Which cloud Aurora's thouſand dyes,
And veil her charms around.
Why Phœbus! Moves thy car ſo ſlow,
So ſlow thy riſing ray;
Nor gives the mantled town to view
Thee glorious King of Day!
But late from Orient Skies, behold!
He ſhines benignly bright,
He decks his native plains with gold,
With chearing rays of light.
For thee Britannia! I reſign
New-England's ſmiling face,
To view again her charms divine,
One ſhort reluctant ſpace.
But thou temptation! Hence, away,
With all thy hated train
Of ills—nor tempt my mind aſtray
From virtue's ſacred ſtrain.
Moſt happy! Who with ſword and ſhield
Is ſcreen'd from dire alarms,
And fell temptation on the field,
Of fatal power diſarms.
But ceaſe thy lays, my lute forbear,
Nor frown my gentle muſe,
To ſee the ſecret falling tear,
Nor pitying look refuſe.

An ASSORTMENT of
Very elegant WAITERS, TRAYS, &c.
JUST OPENED, and to be SOLD, by
JACOB S. HOWELL,
At his STORE, in Water-ſtreet nearly oppoſite to the Old Ferry-houſe.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD,

BROKE out of Cæcil County Gaol, on Saturday night the 15th of May, the following perſons, viz. WILLIAM DAVIDSON, committed for felony; a tall thin fellow, about thirty years of age; had on a light coloured coat, a brown jacket, an old hat, and wore his own hair tied behind.

PATRICK M'DONALD, committed as a runaway, lately broke out of Newcaſtle county Gaol; about twenty-two years of age, had on a brown jacket with a linen frock almoſt worn out, and a half worn pair of buckſkin or ſheepſkin breeches, black hair and ſmooth face, and looks as if he had been pretty long confined in gaol.

HUGH BROWN, about forty ſeven or forty-eight years of age, had on a brown jacket, blue duſſil trowſers, old hat and ſhoes.

SARAH DAVIDSON, about twenty-five years of age, yellow complexion, long black hair, and a lincey petticoat. Whoever takes up the above deſcribed perſons, and delivers them to me, ſhall have the above reward, or FIVE POUNDS for each.

JOHN HAMILTON, SHERIFF.

May 17, 1773.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RAN AWAY laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Thornbury Townſhip, Cheſter County, a mulatto wench about 28 or 30 years of age, well ſet and active; had on and took with her, an India callico gown, and one ditto of brown worſted, a red flannel quilted petticoat, two ſtriped lincey petticoats, two ſtriped lincey ſhort gowns, one worſted and linen ditto, red and yellow mixed, two linen ſhifts, a pair of thread ſtockings, and a pair of old high heeled ſhoes. It is ſuſpected ſhe went off in company with a white man that goes by the name of JOHN MAY, but his proper name is MARK WILEY: He is about five feet ten or eleven inches high, ſlender made, of a pale complexion, has long hair but generally wears a cap over it; had on a white jacket with ſleeves, a pair of linen drawers, and other cloaths in a bundle. It is reported he is a deſerter from the Royal Iriſh regiment, and has a wife near Wilmington. Whoever takes up the ſaid wench and ſecures her, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

PERSIFOR FRAZER.

JOHN BOYD,

Has juſt imported from LONDON,

A LARGE and well aſſorted parcel of capital Drugs, and compound Medicines, which he will ſell on terms that will make it the intereſt of gentlemen of the faculty, and others, to deal with him, at his Medicinal Store in Baltimore Town. Among other things, he has imported from the original ware-houſes the whole, catalogue of Patent Medicines generally uſed in this country; the moſt ſaleable of Doctor Hill's Noſtrums; Ward's famed Compoſitions; alſo a variety of Perfumery of the moſt fragrant odours, ſuch as eſſence of bergamot, oranges, lemons, jeſſamy, lavender, roſemary, &c. Hungary and lavender waters, &c. Likewiſe a quantity of freſh Spicery, well cured and carefully preſerved, as cinnamon, mace, nutmegs, cloves, white, black, long and Jamaica peppers, &c. His Grocery articles are of the firſt quality, conſiſting of delicious Florence ſallad oil, Montpelier white wine vinegar at 12/6 per gallon, good common ditto, raiſins, ſago, ſalop, ſugar candy, pearl barley, &c. Houſe, ſhip and carriage Painters will find at his ſtore, a compleat aſſortment of Colours of every kind: He has white and red leads ground and dry, yellow and brown ochre, ditto ſtone ochre, Spaniſh brown, verdigreaſe, vermillion, roſe pink, Venetian red, lampblack, ivory ditto, Pruſſian blue from No. 1 to No. 5, Kings yellow, chalk, Spaniſh whiting, varniſh bruſhes, tools and camel-hair pencils, with linſeed oil boiled or raw, by any quantity; Apothecaries ſhop furniture as uſual, and a few elegant ſetts of pocket inſtruments, in pouches and ſhagreen caſes; lancets, pullicans, hawks bills, caſes of crooked needles, ſcalpels, &c. all from the moſt approved performers in cutlery.—Said BOYD is determined to ſell his Goods for a moderate profit, at his uſual credit, but expects punctual payments, or at leaſt intereſt, if accounts are not diſcharged within the limited credit. He will be much obliged, if all perſons who are indebted to him above twelve months, will pleaſe to pay off their reſpective accounts before the 25th day of July next.

N. B. An active young lad of good character, inclinable to ſtudy phyſic, and acquire an acquaintance with the Druggiſts buſineſs, may be admitted on advantageous terms, by applying to

JOHN BOYD.

PARIS, *January* 8.

LETTERS from Amiens adviſe, that a child of about four years old, the ſon of a paper-maker at Montieres, fell lately in the river of Breſſe, and was not taken out till about an hour after. He was immediately afterwards put on a bed, and covered up warm, where he remained for two hours, when a ſkilful perſon arriving, he extended himſelf over the child, and breathed ſtrongly into his mouth, at the ſame time ſtopping the child's ears: After this he took the child near a fire, where he rubbed him ſucceſſively with flannel, Eau de Vie, and ſalt; but this not effecting his purpoſe, the artiſt went to ſeek a pipe with tobacco; however, this laſt ſuccour was not wanted, for during his abſence the child gave ſigns of life, and in a ſhort time after was entirely recovered.

Hague March 2. We have learnt here, that an Engliſh ſhip, employed in the Greenland fiſhery, has ſailed ſo far as to the 84th deg. N. conſequently was not more than ſix degrees from the Pole, which are united all the meridians of the earth. The ſea at this latitude was found calm, free from ice, and might be navigated with the greateſt ſafety. We are aſſured that in conſequence of this eſſay, which is moſt certainly fact, ſome Engliſh gentlemen (among whom is Mr. Bankes, already known by his voyages) are determined to ſail this year towards the Pole, from whence they intend to attempt to ſail weſtward, towards America, and particularly to try to gain the coaſts of California.—If another nation, equally anxious for the glory of diſcoveries, ſhould attempt to terminate the voyage of Baron de Benyoſki by the way of Kamtſchataka, two paſſages may be diſcovered inſtead of one, and there may probably be found two routs to the Indies by the north, as there are already two by the ſouth, one by the Cape of Good Hope, and the other by the way of Cape Horn.

LONDON, *March* 2.

In a letter addreſſed to Meſſrs. W———, F———; W———, and Company, proprietors of lands on the banks of the Ohio, it is ſaid that there are about five hundred families in one particular diſtrict of Scotland, who intend to go and ſettle the enſuing Summer in ſome part of America; their number in all, with children and ſervants, being about two thouſand. The ſame letter ſays, there are twenty thouſand people in Ireland and the north of England who will be obliged to leave their native ſoil for the ſame reaſons, viz. *riſe of lands*, *dearneſs of proviſions*, and *want of employment*.

Monday night the crew belonging to the ſhip Friends Advice, bound from Boſton to London, Capt. Robert Thompſon, which was loſt near Yarmouth in the late bad weather, arrived in the long boat, after a paſſage of five days, during which time they ſuffered inconceivable hardſhips.

Briſtol, March 25. A few days ſince a duel was fought with piſtols between a ſuperior officer and a Captain of the 20th regiment, at Shepton-Mallet and Wells: After firing 3 times each, and the aggreſſor giving his antagoniſt the choice of a fourth, he dropt his piſtol, and the affair was politely and amicably adjuſted; fortunately there was no wound, though a ball grazed the captain's cheek: Each had a ſerjeant for his ſecond.

Two noble Peers, tremblingly alive all over to the exquiſite ſenſe of honor, (ſays a correſpondent) went out the other day to piſtol each other; and one of them had the fortune to hit his mark: Ever ſince that hour we have all been employed in talking about it. Oh! How charmingly they pulled off their hats! His Lordſhip is in great agonies, and alas! There is little hope. His Lordſhip has not ſlept a wink theſe three nights,—His Lordſhip is ſtruck with the gallant behaviour of Lord T. The ball is now extracted, and there is a gleam of comfort. The ſymptomatic fever has left his Lordſhip, but there are ſtill dangerous ſymptoms, and the ball is not extracted. Ten thouſand bellies mortally wounded with hunger alarm us leſs than one pierced with a bullet.— "What a fine thing it is to be a Lord!"

BOSTON, *May* 10.

Wedneſday laſt the freeholders and other inhabitants of this town met at Faneuil-Hall for the choice of Repreſentatives, the number of voters were 419.

The Hon. Thomas Cuſhing, Eſq; had	418 votes.
Mr. Samuel Adams,	413
Hon. John Hancock, Eſq;	417
William Phillips, Eſq;	416

After the above gentlemen were declared to be duly elected, Mr. Samuel Adams was choſen moderator, in order to tranſact the other matters mentioned in the warrant for ſaid meeting.—A Committee was then appointed to prepare inſtructions for the Repreſentatives, who reported in the afternoon the following draft, which was unanimouſly accepted by the town, and ordered to be publiſhed.

To the Hon. *Thomas Cuſhing*, Eſq; Mr. *Samuel Adams*, the Hon. *John Hancock*, Eſq; and *William Phillips*, Eſq; Repreſentatives for the town of Boſton,

GENTLEMEN,

BY the renewed ſuffrages of your brethren of this town, you are once more called upon to repreſent them in the General Aſſembly: The unanimity ſo conſpicuous in your election at this important juncture, affords the ſtrongeſt teſtimony of the confidence the people repoſe in your approved abilities, and inflexible attachment to their conſtitutional rights.

Your conſtituents have beheld with indignation that purpoſed neglect, and inſolent contempt with which the Repreſentative body of this people have been regarded by adminiſtration. A total inattention to the privileges of the commons in America, has diſgraced almoſt every tranſaction that materially affected the colonies: A clandeſtine, capricious and deſtructive mode of government, couched under the ſpecious umbrage of inſtructions from Majeſty, has been uniformly adopted and wantonly exerciſed for ſeveral years paſt, thereby rendering the Aſſemblies of commons throughout the colonies, mere cyphers in the conſtitution: For this reaſon gentlemen, *we were almoſt diſcouraged from renewing the choice of members, as* INEFFECTUAL *for the ſeveral purpoſes for which they were originally ordained*; but ſtill retaining that reſpect to good and orderly government, which has ever diſtinguiſhed this metropolis; agreeable to the charter, which on *our* part remains inviolate, we *once* more recommend the important concerns of this aggrieved people to your vigilance, wiſdom and integrity; in confidence that you will regard with jealouſy *your own* conſtitutional power and importance, of which the honour and welfare of this people, ſhould render you extremely tenacious; that you will vigorouſly oppoſe any encroachments on your ancient privileges, and never will betray your conſtituents, by ſurrendering thoſe powers of framing laws and taxes for the people, to any uſurper under heaven.

The conſtitutional mode by which legiſlation and taxation are conducted in Great-Britain, being nothing more or leſs than the exerciſe of the power of the people by their Repreſentatives: This form of government is extended by ſacred compact to the Engliſh dominions in America, therefore the privileges and powers of the commons of this colony reſpecting legiſlation and taxation, are to all intents and purpoſes, as full, expreſs, and uncontroulable within the *colony*, as thoſe uſually exerciſed by the commons of Great-Britain, within the *realm*, and *alike* ſubjected to the reviſion of the King: Theſe powers and priviledges were ſecured to our anceſtors by ſolemn covenant between them and the King of England, and perpetuated by the charter to their lateſt poſterity: From the free and full enjoyment of theſe original rights of Engliſh ſubjects, we are determined never to recede; and altho' they have been repeatedly and daringly invaded, the hand of oppreſſion ſhall never induce us to relinquiſh our title to freedom: We ſtill perceive with indignation, that the Govermental powers of legiſlation and taxation, by arbitrary claim are aſſumed, and vigorouſly exerciſed by thoſe who by their local ſituation can have no adequate knowledge of our circumſtances, no kindred feelings in our diſtreſſes, and when ſwayed by a *corrupt influence*, may impoveriſh, weaken and enſlave us.

To the numberleſs grievances flowing from this iniquitous ſource, which we have already frequently and fruitleſsly complained of, we may juſtly add, a ſtipendiary ſoldiery, ſtationed and continued in the chief fortreſs in the metropolis of this colony, by the inexorable enemies to our free conſtitution: Standing armies have forever made ſhipwreck of free ſtates, and no people jealous of their liberties, ever patiently ſuffered mercenary troops to be quartered and maintained within their populous cities; the militia of the colony are its natural and beſt defence; and it is an approved maxim in all well-policed ſtates, that the ſword ſhould never be entruſted but to thoſe who combat *pro aris et focis*; and whoſe intereſt it is to preſerve the public peace. We cannot therefore, but reſent theſe ſtanding troops within our capital cities, as the appointed executioners of tyranny; and prepared inſtruments to maſſacre the defenceleſs citizens, at the nod of any maſter, who may have authority to appoint or diſcharge, reward or puniſh them.

Thus armed with brutal force, the enemies to our freedom perſevere with alacrity, to complete their infernal plan of enſlaving America: the above attrocious violations of right, juſtice, and the conſtitution, are ſucceeded by the penſioning our Governor, the Juſtices of the ſuperior court, &c. which in effect is bribing them on the ſide of deſpotiſm: Thoſe who by their ſeveral offices, ſhould be the aſylum of public ſecurity and liberty, are no longer the objects of confidence and regard with the people; we cannot but eſteem them as ſubordinate tyrants, entruſted with a rod to ſcourge us, and ſuppreſs that ſpirit of freedom, which is the glorious characteriſtic of America. While they are thus purchaſed with ample ſalaries, extorted from the colonies by Great-Britain, we muſt be jealous of a corrupt influence, whenever an arbitrary meaſure of government is to be carried, or a claim of right ſubjected to the deciſion of our courts of juſtice,

We ſhall not recapitulate the black catalogue of abuſes which the colonies have been ſubjected to for ſeveral years paſt; that we have ſuffered them ſo long, is diſgraceful to us: But we cannot paſs over in ſilence the late extraordinary and formidable innovation in conſtituting an arbitrary court of inquiſition, which has lately aſſumed juriſdiction within our ſiſter colony of Rhode-Iſland, in direct violation of all law and juſtice; who arrogate the enormous power to tranſport ſuppoſed offenders to a remote kingdom to be *capitally arraigned* for offences committed within that colony. Agreeable to the conſtitution of the colonies, ſaid court, in the exerciſe of ſuch extravagant powers, are to be held in the ſame contempt and deteſtation, with a *Banditti of ſlave makers on the coaſt of Africa*. We therefore expect you make due enquiry into a meaſure ſo truly alarming, and proteſt againſt every exertion of lawleſs power, which threatens the ruin of the colonies.

Harraſſed and provoked by ſuch repeated abuſes of power, we eſteem it our indiſpenſible duty to *demand* redreſs; to your wiſdom, to your fortitude, we commit ourſelves, not doubting you will readily purſue ſuch meaſures, as have a tendency to relieve us in the moſt *eaſy* and *effectual* manner; for this purpoſe we recommend to your ſerious conſideration, whether an application to the Engliſh colonies on this continent, correſpondent to the plan propoſed by our *noble patriotic* ſiſter colony of Virginia, (which in our opinion is a wiſe and ſalutary propoſal) will not ſecure our threatened liberties, and reſtore that mutual harmony and confidence between the Britiſh nation and the Engliſh colonies, ſo important to both, eſpecially the *former*, which if reſcinded from her connections with *this continent*, muſt eventually fall a prey to her numerous and jealous neighbours.

We have likewiſe the moſt ſanguine expectations that a *union of councils* and *conduct* among the *colonies*, will aſſuredly, by the ſmiles of heaven, fix our rights on ſuch a ſolid baſis, as may intimidate our implacable enemies from any *future* attempt to invade them.

Atteſt. WILLIAM COOPER, Town-clerk.

The meeting ſtands adjourned to Tueſday next at 3 o'clock afternoon.

May 13. Yeſterday arrived here the ſhip John, Capt. Hunter, and the brig Minerva, Capt. Morriſon, in 6 weeks from Glaſcow, have bro't no public prints, but by letters from thence of the 28th and 31ſt of March we are informed, that there had been a riot among the ſeamen on account of their wages, about 600 aſſembled and continued together till they increaſed to about 900, when they began to be outrageous, whereupon authority was obliged to call the guards to their aſſiſtance, who fired on them and killed 2 on the ſpot, and wounded 2 more, who died a ſhort time after, whereupon they diſperſed.

A letter from Burnt Iſland in Scotland.

"*Dear Reverend Sir*,

"It may be well for others that you are acquainted with any that affects the circumſtances of multitudes. The people employed in the manufactories in this country, (the chief of which is linen) have now only from a third to an half of their uſual buſineſs, which their employers divide in a manner that ſeems very juſt; they give each workman a little, ſo that in ſome places they will have two days work in the week, ſome three, but in many parts of the country the poor people have really no employment at all, among whom are ſwarms of women and girls whoſe food uſed to be procured by their wheels, many of which have of courſe ſtopt with the looms, and thoſe that are employed receive three half-pence and two-pence in the ſhilling leſs than they did in Auguſt laſt.

"The neceſſaries of life I think are much the ſame price as they were laſt year at this time, oatmeal you know is the common food of the poor here, and this is a little more than three half-pence per pound—thirteen pence per peck of eight pounds.

"At Dundee and Perth there had been ſome inattention in ſupplying the markets with a ſufficient quantity of meal for the conſumption, the people could not be ſerved at any price, and as they ſaw corn ſhipping at their keys, hunger prevailed over fear, and they ran together and formed a body to prevent it, and alſo to compel others that had corn to bring it to market. Sixteen or ſeventeen of theſe people were afterwards laid hold of, and have been brought into Edinburgh to be tried for their lives. Should it be the fate of any of them to be hanged, their ſituation may be as much envied as pitied by thoſe that are left behind. For really if the King was to deſire to have a true account of the ſituation of the poor part of his ſubjects in this country, the information might run pretty much in the ſtyle of the French General's letter, who went into Germany to take the command of the forces in the latter part of the late war. He wrote to the King that he had found the army in three diviſions; the 1ſt, who were abundantly the happieſt, were *under ground*, the 2d in hoſpitals, and the 3d a ſet of half-ſtarved creatures cloathed in rags."

HOUSE OF COMMONS, *March* 16.

Lord Frederick Campbell moved, that a "committee might be appointed to enquire into the ſtate of the linen manufactory," which he obſerved in Scotland, and ſeveral parts of the north of England, daily declined. Lord North ſtrongly oppoſed this motion from two motives; the firſt was the ſeſſion being now too far advanced for a committee to make any great progreſs in the conſideration of ſo important a branch of our manufactures; the ſecond motive which determined his Lordſhip to oppoſe the appointment of a committee was, an apprehenſion his Lordſhip felt that the decline of the linen manufactory was not ſo great as imagined; and that the extenſive manner in which it had formerly been carried on, was partly owing to temporary and accidental cauſes, which at preſent ceaſing, the effects in proportion ceaſed of courſe; that therefore to ſuppoſe it in the power of any committee to adopt ſuch meaſures as would reſtore the linen manufactory to its former degree of extenſiveneſs, when that extenſiveneſs might be occaſioned meerly by accidental circumſtances, was to ſuppoſe a committee capable of doing more than on trial would be found to be the caſe. For theſe reaſons his Lordſhip was againſt the appointment of any ſuch committee; but the queſtion being put, it was carried for a committee by an apparent conſiderable majority. Mr. Conway concurred in ſentiment with, and heartily ſeconded, Lord Frederick Campbell's motion for the appointment of a committee.

This morning paſſed through this town for Marblehead, three ſeamen, who inform us, that they belonged to a ſhip, owned by Mr. Lee of Marblehead, George Gordon, maſter, bound to Baltimore, which ſhip was caſt away on Thatchet's iſland, near the Capes of Virginia, on Saturday night the 1ſt of May, and ſtove to pieces: The people were ſaved and a ſmall part of the cargo.

NEW-YORK, *May* 20.

On Wedneſday laſt arrived at Perth-Amboy, from Madeira, in 38 days, the brigantine Franklin, Thomas Lyell, maſter: On the 20th of April, in lat. 28:52, and long. 51:00, met with a new ſhip full of water, her lower decks blown up, ſhe was loaded with lumber, had her three lower maſts and bowſprit ſtanding, but ſtripped of the rigging, her ſails, and every thing from between decks taken away, and wrote with chalk on the companion, *All well, and gone to Liverpool in a brig*; ſhe ſeemed to be a new ſhip, the firſt voyage, her maſtheads not blacked, and no ſtuff on her maſts, a man head, one anchor to the bows, the other over the windlaſs, ſhe was ſtripped of every thing that was worth carrying away; Capt. Lyell's boat was two hours on board her.

Tueſday, May 18th, being the day appointed for the annual commencement of the graduates of King's College, in this city, a very numerous and ſplendid audience aſſembled at Trinity Church. After prayers, and a Latin ſpeech by the Preſident, an elegant ſalutatory oration was delivered, with great propriety of pronunciation and gracefulneſs of action, by Mr. Frederic Philipſe. The audience was then entertained with a diſcourſe on the happineſs of a connubial life, by Mr. Beverly Robinſon; whoſe juſt obſervations on the ſubject did him much honour. The kind and meaſure of diverſions, which may be with innocence enjoyed, were ſtated in a very accurate and agreeable manner, by Mr. Shreve, in an elegant oration, which he delivered with much propriety. An entertaining diſcourſe, on the pleaſures of refined converſation, was then pronounced by Mr. Bogart. Mr. Nathaniel Philipſe, next, delivered an accurate and animated Latin oration on the fatal effects of licentiouſneſs. Mr. Luſh then entertained the audience, with an elegant diſcourſe, on taſte, which was received with much applauſe. The pleaſures of retirement, and a contemplative life, were then deſcribed in a very agreeable manner, by Mr. Harris. Mr. Pell, then, delivered with much propriety, an entertaining oration on humanity.

Degrees were after this conferred on the following gentlemen: Beverly Robinſon, Frederic Philipſe, Nathaniel Philipſe, Cornelius Bogart, and Thomas Shreve, B. A. Jabez Doty, M. B. John Ray, Peter Van Schaak, Philip Pell, Richard Harris, James Creighton, Stephen Luſh, William Hubbard, and Rev. John Marſhall, M. A. Rev. Harry Munro, Albany, M. A. Rev. Joſeph Lamſon, Fairfield, M. A. Rev. John Stuart, Mohawk Caſtle, from Philadelphia, M. A. Iſaac Hunt, Eſq; Philadelphia, M. A.

The buſineſs of the day was concluded with an elegant and animated oration on ambition, delivered by Mr. Creighton, with great propriety, and with that earneſtneſs and warmth, which never fail to intereſt the paſſions of the hearer. The attention and approbation ſhewn by the audience, were highly honourable to him.

In ſhort, it could not but have been delightful to every lover of his country, to ſee the fair ſigns of future excellence, which were given by the young gentlemen, in general on this occaſion.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 24.

Captain Davis, from St. Croix, on the 7th inſt. in lat. 26:37, long. 68:50, ſpoke a ſloop, from Barbados for Virginia, out 11 days; and on the 8th, in lat. 27:22, long. 69, ſpoke a ſchooner, Capt. M'Ferlin, from this port for Jamaica, out 12 days.

Captain Eyres, from Dublin, on the 30th of March, in lat. 49:39, long. 11, ſpoke the ſhip Pitt, Capt. Cheeſeman, from Liſbon for Falmouth: On the 10th ult. in lat. 41:51, long. 34, ſpoke a brig, Capt. Dunn, from South-Carolina for Liverpool, out 31 days: On the 12th, in lat. 42, long. 35, ſpoke a ſchooner from St. Ubes for Marblehead, and on the 7th inſt. in lat. 37:28, long. 73:36, ſpoke the ſloop Baltimore, Capt. Richardſon, from Baltimore for Jamaica, out 5 days; he had ſprung his bowſprit in a hard gale of wind, and was then going to Virginia.

On Tueſday laſt was married, MR. JOHN PRINGLE, merchant, to MISS LAKE, daughter of Captain LAKE.

A MINERAL WATER hath lately been diſcovered in a lot of ground, at the corner of Sixth and Cheſnut-ſtreets, in this city. From the moſt accurate experiments, made by different Gentlemen of the faculty, it appears to exceed in ſtrength any chalybeat ſpring yet known in the province. It hath already proved of great ſervice to ſeveral perſons, afflicted with diſorders, in which waters of this quality have generally been uſeful. Such a diſcovery may therefore be juſtly conſidered as a matter of great importance, as chalybeat waters are known to be peculiarly efficacious in many diſeaſes, which reſiſt the power of every other kind of Medicine. The Gentleman who owns the lot, with a view of rendering this diſcovery more convenient and generally uſeful, hath allowed an indigent perſon, who will at all times attend, to deliver it to the poor gratis, and to others for a trifling conſideration.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Penſacola to his friend in Pennſylvania, dated March 16, 1773.

"I have the pleaſure to inform you, that the affairs of this province now wear the moſt agreeable aſpect. Government is at length made ſenſible of the great importance of the harbour of Penſacola, and we are informed the Parliament will this Seſſion grant a conſiderable ſum to fortify and ſecure it. You know it is the only ſafe one, capable of admitting large ſhips, from Cape-Florida to the Great River Miſſiſippi, and that a paſſage from Penſacola to Havanna is performed in 5 or 6 days, to Campeachy in 8, and La Vera Cruz in 10.

"Prejudice and miſrepreſentation have greatly retarded the ſettlement of this province; but now we begin to ſurmount their ill effects. The lands of the Miſſiſippi, and the healthfulneſs of the climate, are ſo perfectly inviting, that emigrants from the Northern Colonies are daily taking up lands there, and improving them, ſo that in a very few years I hope to ſee in that part of Weſt Florida, the moſt oppulent ſettlement of any in Britiſh America.

"If we look forward, and conſider the immenſe length of the river Miſſiſippi, the amazingly fertile country it paſſes through, the great number of large navigable rivers that fall into it, on both ſides, we may venture to foretell that ſomewhere on its banks, ſome day or other, will be the greateſt trading city of the univerſe. Should not every one, who wiſhes to provide for his poſterity, ſecure tracts of land, while it may be eaſily done, near the banks of that river.

"General Lyman's Explorators have been here, and ſailed again for the Miſſiſippi; and as they cannot but report favourably of the country, it is thought that the tract of land granted to them, will be ſetled from New-England in a ſhort time. Their grant does not come down as low as the inchanting country of the Natches."

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Charm. Sal.	J. Mathis,	Virginia,
Sch. Diſpatch,	B. Minors,	New-Providence,
Sch. Patty,	W. Shine,	North-Carolina,
Brig Swift,	L. Sandford,	Virginia,
Sch. Lucretia,	J. Moore,	Virginia,
Sloop Potowmack,	G. Rowe,	Maryland,
Sloop Dove,	R. Davis,	St. Croix,
Brig Lovely Laſs,	A. Waid,	Jamaica,
Brig Norfolk,	P. Owens,	Jamaica,
Sch. Lively,	N. Howland,	St. Euſtatia,
Brig Content,	T. Dewick,	Jamaica,
Snow Britannia,	R. Eyres,	Dublin.

OUTWARDS.

Ship Neſbitt,	J. Green,	Quebec,
Sch. Catherine,	J. Huſton,	Haliſax,
Sloop Sally,	G. Gilbert,	Liſbon,
Ship Friendſhip,	W. M'Culloch,	Belfaſt,
Ship Concord,	J. Volans,	Dominica,
Brig T. Brothers,	J. Martin,	Jamaica,
Snow Britannia,	R. Eyres,	Liſbon,
Sloop Polly,	D. Tuttle,	North-Carolina,
Sch. Lovely Laſs,	J. Stephens,	Maryland,
Brig Lovely Laſs,	A. Waide,	Jamaica,
Sloop Ruth,	T. Davis,	Anguilla.

CLEARED.

Brig Polly,	J. Shields,	Jamaica,
Sloop Parnell,	C. Gibbs,	Maryland,
Sloop Speaker,	J. Baſcome,	Bermuda,
Ship Betſy,	S. Hood,	Briſtol,
Schooner Sylvia,	W. Hatch,	North-Carolina,
Schooner Nancy,	T. Genn,	North-Carolina,
Brig Delight,	B. Fiſher,	Cork,
Sloop Sally,	T. Alberſon,	New-York,
Brig Barbados P.	W. Hawkins,	Barbados,
Schooner Becky,	W. Harris,	Georgia,
Ship Catherine,	J. Sutton,	London,
Ship Hawke,	J. Getcheus,	Liſbon,
Ship Char. Nancy,	C. Biddle,	Hiſpaniola,
Ship Joſeph,	J. Crew,	Newfoundland,
Brig Nelly,	J. Fletcher,	Newfoundland,
Ship Ann,	G. Fortin,	Briſtol,
Ship Severn,	J. Hathorn,	Briſtol,
Snow Alſop,	S. Harvey,	Jamaica,
Brig Peggy,	S. Wilſon,	Cadiz,
Sloop Dolphin,	L. Church,	Boſton.

PRICE CURRENT IN PHILADELPHIA.

	L.	s.	d.		L.	s.	d.
Flour, *per hund.*	0	17	6	Tar, *per barrel,*	0	14	0
White Bread,	3	0	0	Molaſſes, *per gal.*	0	1	9
Middling Biſket,	1	10	0	Weſt-India Rum,	0	3	6
Ship ditto,	0	17	0	Philadelphia do.	0	2	2
Rice, -	0	17	0	New-England do.	0	2	2
Cotton, *per lb.*	0	1	3	Wheat, *per buſh.*	0	7	9
Bohea Tea, -	0	4	0	Indian Corn,	0	3	1
Hemp, -	0	0	5	Fine Salt,	0	1	9
Penſyl. Loaf Sug.	0	0	11	Pipe Staves, *p. th.*	9	0	0
Iriſh Beef, *per bar.*	3	10	0	Hogſhead do.	6	0	0
Country ditto -	3	5	0	Barrel do. -	3	0	0
Pork, -	4	10	0	Red Oak ditto,	4	0	0
Pitch,	0	18	0	Bar Iron, *p. ton,*	25	0	0
Turpentine, -	1	0	0	Pig Iron, -	8	0	0

THE ADVENTURERS in Pettie's Iſland CASH LOTTERY for the benefit of St. Paul's Church, are deſired to take notice, that the time limited for the renewal of their tickets in the fourth and laſt claſs (in which there is more prizes than blanks) will be expired on Saturday the 29th inſtant, May. All tickets that are then on hand not renewed, will be deemed forfeited, and diſpoſed of accordingly.

May 22, 1773.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Hill-Town Townſhip, Bucks County, about four weeks ago, a black COW, with a white face and one horn. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away.

THOMAS MORRIS.

TO BE SOLD,

THE TIME of a Dutch ſervant woman, who has four years and a half to ſerve. Enquire of Mr. Kreider, in Third-ſtreet near Arch-ſtreet.

N. B. She is ſuppoſed to be tractable, and known to be fond of children; and a native of Holland. For terms, apply to ENOCH STORY, BROKER.

Newport, May 17th, 1773.

THE MANAGERS of the NEWARK LAND AND CASH LOTTERY, beg leave to acquaint the public, that the drawing of the third and laſt claſs will actually begin on Monday the 31ſt inſtant, May, at NEWPORT, in New-Caſtle county.

Notwithſtanding there is yet a very conſiderable ſum due for tickets in the preceding claſſes; and we do aſſure the adventurers in the third claſs, that nothing but the want of this money has prevented us from drawing, and that we have not received caſh for one hundred tickets in this preſent claſs, therefore we entirely rely on the honour of all thoſe indebted for tickets in the ſaid lottery, that they will be punctual in paying their reſpective balances that may fall due after the drawing is ended, that the managers may thereby be enabled to pay the prizes when called for.

The adventurers in this claſs have an advantage of 20 per cent. as they ſport for £11,925, and the whole tickets coſt but £10,000.

There are a few tickets on hand, which will be diſpoſed of at 40*ſ.* each, for caſh only. For further information apply at the London Coffee-houſe in Philadelphia.

THE MANAGERS of the CONTRIBUTIONS for promoting the CULTURE OF SILK, having finally determined the PREMIUMS offered for raiſing the greateſt number of *Cocoons*, and for *reeling the beſt Silk* for the year 1772, hereby inform thoſe *Claimants* who have not applied, that on application to the Managers, they may receive the reward annexed to their reſpective names, viz.

		Cocoons	
Widow Stoner,	of Lancaſter County,	for 72,800	£15
James Millhouſe,	Cheſter County,	41,820	10
Richard Gorman,	Ditto	34,850	6
William Hill,	Philadelphia County,	31,330	3
Phebe Trimble,	Cheſter County,	29,059	3
Lewis Nalaret,	Philadelphia County,	25,000	3
Caſper Farkney,	Lancaſter County,	22,840	3
Mary Parker,	Cheſter County,	22,700	3
Catherine Steimer,	Lancaſter County,	21,800	3
Mary Biſhop,	Cheſter County,	21,479	A ſilk reel.
Lucia Linton,	Bucks County,	20,000	ditto
James Wright,	Lancaſter County,	17,600	ditto
Caleb Harriſon,	Cheſter County,	16,500	ditto
Rebecca Park,	Lancaſter County,	for the beſt ſample of reeled Silk,	£3
Joſeph Ferree,	Lancaſter County,	for 2d beſt do.	2
Phebe Cornthwate,	Bucks County,	for 3d beſt do.	1

N. B. A liſt of the PREMIUMS, with the PRICES, propoſed to be given by the Managers for *Cocoons*, for the year 1773, will be ſhortly publiſhed.

Thoſe perſons who propoſe raiſing Silk Worms the enſuing ſeaſon, and may want a ſupply of eggs, will be furniſhed therewith gratis, by a ſpeedy application to JOHN KAIGHN, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

TO BE SOLD,

By WHOLESALE and RETAIL,

Near the lower part of the New-Jerſey Market, where the Poſt-office was lately kept, and almoſt oppoſite to the Coffee-houſe,

The following ARTICLES (among others) viz.

JAMAICA Spirit, Weſt-India Rum, Brandy, Geneva, Bohea Tea, Coffee, Loaf and Muſcovado Sugar.

May 24, 1773.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the eſtate of Captain HENRY MORGAN, late of Baltimore County in Maryland, deceaſed, either by bills, bonds, proteſted bills of exchange, notes of hand, accounts, or otherwiſe, are hereby deſired to call and pay the ſame, or give ſecurity for the payments, on or before the firſt day of June next, or they may expect to be dealt with as the law directs, without further notice or reſpect of perſons; and all perſons who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in regularly atteſted, that they may be adjuſted and paid, by

ALEX. M'MECHAN, and JAMES MORGAN, } Adminiſtrators.

IN BURLINGTON

Will be SOLD at VENDUE, on the third day of June,

SUNDRY BUILDINGS and LOTS of GROUND, viz.

No. 1. The houſe and lot where Richard Wells lately dwelt, being a two ſtory convenient brick building, pleaſantly ſituated on the bank of the Delaware, with large ſtables, chaiſe houſe, waggon houſe, corn cribs and ſmoke houſe, with ſundry other buildings; the gardens are large, and abound with excellent fruit—To be ſtruck off preciſely at two o'clock.

No. 2. An oyl mill and ſnuff mill, with about three acres of orchard, a ſmall diſtance from the houſe——To be ſtruck off at half paſt two o'clock.

No. 3. Eighteen acres of corn land, on the road leading to Cooper's ferry, about two miles from Burlington, one part of which is a young bearing orchard—To be ſtruck off at three o'clock.

No. 4. A piece of meadow adjoining lands of the widow Harſhorne and John Lawrence, Eſq; about two acres and three quarters—To be ſtruck off at half paſt three o'clock.

No. 5. An upland graſs lot on Pearl Street, near the houſe, containing about ſix acres, on part of which is an orchard—To be ſtruck off at four o'clock——

WHEN WILL BE SOLD,

Two pair of COUNTRY MILL STONES, a waggon, cart, plow, harrow, horſe-hoe, gears, a light chair for one perſon, a two wheel chaiſe fitted alſo for a curricle, a perambulator, or wheel to meaſure diſtances, hay, Indian corn, flaxſeed, meal, a cow, ſundry large pictures framed and glazed, together with ſome kitchen, and other furniture. Caſh will be expected for all ſums not exeeding 40 ſhillings, and three months credit allowed for all above, on giving ſecurity if required.

N. B. The payments for the houſe, mills and lots will be made eaſy to the purchaſers on paying intereſt.

Juſt publiſhed and to ſold by JAMES HUMPHREYS, JUN. and by WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, in Front-ſtreet,

THE

CHRISTIAN ŒCONOMY.

Tranſlated from the original Greek of an old manuſcript, found in the iſland of Patmos, where St. John wrote his book of the Revelations.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL TRACTS of excellent LAND, in the county of Northumberland, ſituated from ten to eighteen miles diſtance from the town of Sunbury, and two or three miles from Suſquehanna. The above lands are remarkably well adapted for farming, or raiſing ſtock, as there is a large quantity of rich bottom and meadow ground to each tract. For terms apply to BENJAMIN DEAN, in Philadelphia.

WANTS A PLACE,

As a HOUSE-KEEPER, in an orderly family,

AN elderly reputable woman, who can be recommended for her œconomy and care. Enquire of the printer.

A YOUNG MAN, who ſerved his apprenticeſhip to an Attorney in Dublin, would engage as a Clerk to a Gentleman of that profeſſion. He will be heard of by applying to the printer hereof.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London, by

JOHN M'CALLA AND SON,

At the corner of Walnut and Second-ſtreets, a neat aſſortment of Merchandize, among which are,

FINE, ſuper and ſuper-fine BROAD-CLOTHS of the beſt quality and moſt faſhionable colours; rattinets, ſhalloons, durants, linen checks, oznabrugs, brown and ſtriped hollands, ſuper-fine white and drab coloured jennets, pillow fuſtians, India nankeens, ſilk breeches pieces, ſuper-fine four thread worſted ditto, black and brown buckram, prunello, a variety of ſilk knee-garters, collar velvets, ſcarff twiſt, beſt baladine ſewing ſilk, broad and narrow gold lace, gold Pruſſian binding, edge and button-hole ditto, coat and waiſtcoat gold vellum, gold chains for hat-loops, very neat gold ſpangled coat and waiſtcoat buttons, gold and ſilver coat and breaſt buttons.—The above goods will be ſold on the loweſt terms.

N. B. The ſaid M'CALLA and SON carry on the Taylors buſineſs as uſual; they return their thanks to their former cuſtomers, and hope for a continuance of their favours, and others that pleaſe to employ them may depend on having their work done in the neateſt and moſt faſhionable manner, and on the loweſt terms.

*** To be let on ground-rent, a lot next to the corner lot of Lombard and Third-ſtreets, enquire as above.

May 10, 1773.

SEVENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, from Annapolis, the two following indented ſervants, viz. WILLIAM TANKARD, a native of Ireland, about twenty years of age, about five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, of a ruddy complexion, has light hair and very little beard. He took with him, a blue duffil coat with a red collar, a red duffil waiſtcoat, leather breeches, boots turned down, with plated ſpurs. He alſo took with him, a livery ſuit of cloths, the coat being a ſuperfine blue cloth, waiſtcoat and breeches ſuperfine white cloth, the buttons plain white metal, the ſleeves and cape of the coat of white cloth, and a ſilver laced hat, but he may have taken off the trimmings. He may alſo have other cloths.

BERNARD BARRY, alſo a native of Ireland, about twenty-eight years of age, five feet ten inches high, of a ruddy complexion, black beard, and large eye brows. He is a ſtout man, and in the right ſide of his upper jaw has a remarkable tooth ſticking out ſo that in ſpeaking he ſhews it. He took with him, a new ſky blue coat with plain white metal buttons, red waiſtcoat, black cotton velvet breeches lined with ſhammy. His hair is ſhort in curl, but he took with him a light-coloured wig with one curl, and may cut off his hair; he is a brick layer, ſtone maſon, and plaiſterer. They took with them a ſorrel gelding, about fourteen hands high, or upwards, with a white face, his mane remarkably thick; alſo a bright bay gelding, known by the name of Chatham, about fifteen hands high, nine years old, is a blooded horſe, has loſt three of his upper fore teeth by an accident; likewiſe took with them, two ſaddles, made by Witkers of London, one of them has four railed ſilver plated nails, has been cut in the ſeat, and ſewed; the other a portmanteau ſaddle, the ſtirrips of both double barr'd; two bridles, one of them plated with ſilver, the other a ſteel one; alſo, a large whip with a ſilver cap, with the letters D D in a cypher. They have alſo, a brace of ſilver mounted ſcrew barrel piſtols.

The ſubſcriber, D. DULANY, will pay to any perſon who will apprehend and ſecure William Tankard, the ſum of TWENTY DOLLARS, and alſo TWENTY DOLLARS more for the ſorrel horſe, ſaddles, bridles, and piſtols, on delivery to him.

The ſubſcriber, UPTON SCOTT, will pay any perſon for the bay horſe, the ſum of FOURTEEN DOLLARS, on delivery to him; and the ſubſcriber, JAMES MAWE, will pay to any perſon who ſhall apprehend and ſecure BERNARD BARRY, in any of his Majeſty's gaols the ſum of SIXTEEN DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges if brought home.

It is ſuppoſed they were ſeen paſs by the Riſing Sun, on the Old York-Road.

D. DULANY,
UPTON SCOTT,
JAMES MAWE.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry them off at their peril.

Imported in the Betſey, Captain Hood, from Briſtol, and to be ſold by

THOMAS CLIFFORD AND SONS,

THREE-penny, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, ſheathing nails, copperas, brimſtone, allum, madder, ground redwood, fine powdered Spaniſh brown, red lead and white lead ground in oil; an aſſortment of iron pots from 1 gallon to 20 gallons, ditto of iron kettles from 2 to 25 gallons; camp ovens, bake-plates, chimney backs with and without ſides, neatly caſt; a large iron cabouſe fit for a ſhip, with compaſs doors and grate; an aſſortment of ſhovels and tongs, frying pans, ſad irons, plated and other buckles; ſcyths of the common kind, and a few dozen of William Moore's double refined and crown ſcyths of the beſt quality; double and ſingle roll'd plate iron; a very good aſſortment of mens and boys felt hats, bound and unbound; mens and boys flannel caps, of late much in uſe; Taylor's window glaſs, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, and 9 by 7; ditto ſheet glaſs in crates; a large aſſortment of white ſtone, delph and cream coloured ware; crates of phials and flint glaſs; large and ſmall bowl long and ſhort pipes; a variety of ſail and ſeine twine and common packing twine; Kiddell's beſt ſail cloth aſſorted; forge hammers and anvils; ſmiths anvils and viſes; anchors from 21 Ct. to 11 Ct. with cables from 7 inch to 12 inch, and a variety of other cordage. Alſo Briſtol beer in hampers of 3 dozen each, freſh raiſins in jars and kegs, a good aſſortment of ſuperfine, ſecond and coarſe broadcloths, with a great variety of European and India Goods, imported in different veſſels from London and Liverpool.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Betſey, Captain Hood, and to be ſold by

TIMOTHY BERRETT,

In Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, the following articles, viz.

PLATED tea urns, coffee pots, waiters, bread baſkets, candleſticks, ſpoons, ſalts, and a great variety of plated ſhoe and knee buckles, foileſtone paſte threaded ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, broaches, earrings, ſtay hooks, combs and hair pins, foileſtone, mocoa, garnet gold rings, ſilver and plated ſhagreen inſtrument caſes, ladies gilt watch chains, ſeals and keys, gilt ſhoe and knee buckles, gilt lockets and broaches, pinchbeck ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, ſteel watch chains, ſeals and keys, enamelled gilt mounted ſnuff boxes and ſleeve buttons, plated, green, ivory and camwood knives and forks, barlow pen knives, black poliſhed razors, one very neat enamelled arch dial plate, and a few ſetts of caſting and forging clock bells, watch enamelled dial plates, main ſpring and inſide chains, pinion wire, watch glaſſes, watch hands, watch caſe ſprings and buttons, with a variety of clock and watch makers tools, conſiſting of bench vices, tumbenches, ſcrew plates, ſcrew drives, cock ſaws, ſaws with nuts, flat faced hammers, ſquare noſed watch plyes, cutting nippers, ſpring dividers, and ſundry other articles too tedious to inſert.

N. B. An aſſortment of bronſed and japanned tea kitchens, with plated ſpouts and handles, tea cheſts, waiters, bread baſkets, bottle ſtands and duſt pans, all which he is determined to ſell on the loweſt terms; alſo a few pair of very handſome braſs ſconces, of the neweſt patterns.

LAZARUS ISAAC,

Glaſs Cutter and Engraver upon Glaſs,

At the houſe of Mrs. Mary Wood, nearly oppoſite to Mr. John Elliott's Looking-Glaſs Store in Walnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

BEING juſt arrived by Capt. Sutton, from London, takes this method of acquainting the publick in general, that he undertakes to cut and engrave on glaſs of every kind, in any figure whatſoever, either coats of arms, flowers, names or figures, to the particular fancy of thoſe who may pleaſe to employ him: Patterns of his work may be ſeen at his dwelling. He cuts upon decanters a grape vine or other flower, with a label containing the name of the wine, &c. for 1*s*. tumblers for 6*d*. each, wine glaſſes for 2*s*. per dozen, and the ſtems cut in diamonds at 2*s*6 per dozen. He returns his thanks to thoſe gentlemen and ladies who have been pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, and hopes for a continuance of the ſame, as he will uſe his utmoſt endeavour to give ſatisfaction to his employers; and as he is a ſtranger he hopes for the patronage of the publick.

Juſt arrived from London, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All,

WILLIAM MINSHALL, JEWELLER;

Who makes and ſells, wholeſale and retail,

ALL ſorts of ſet buckles, diamond rings, hair pins, ſhirt broaches, and every other article in the jewellery way, in the neateſt and moſt elegant manner, at his ſhop in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe; where ſhop-keepers and others, who buy to ſell again, may be ſupplied with any kind of Goods of that ſort, as cheap as they can import them.

Newcaſtle County, May 7, 1773.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on Monday the nineteenth of April laſt, a negro man named TOM; a likely well-ſet fellow, five feet nine or ten inches high, about twenty-four years of age, wants two of his upper fore teeth, has a large ſcar on the right ſide of his head, and is very talkative; had on when he went away, a caſtor hat, a brown homeſpun coat, ſwanſkin jacket, blue ſtuff breeches, ridge and fur worſted ſtockings, a pair of new ſhoes, and a white ſhirt; alſo took with him a pair of tow trowſers. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any gaol, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

ALEXANDER PORTER.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT in Walnut-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the ſubſcriber's: The houſe is 20 feet front in the lower ſtory, and 24 feet in the upper, and 30 feet deep, with a two-ſtory brick kitchen accommodated with two ovens, and the privilege of a 4 feet alley. For terms apply to

JAMES CLAYPOOLE.

WANTED DIRECTLY,

THREE or FOUR HORSES from five to eight years old, about 14 hands high, gentle, well broke to pace and canter, ſuitable for ladies pads. Enquire of Mr. JACOB HILTZHEIMER for a purchaſer.

FOUR POUNDS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on New-Year's day laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Juniata, Cumberland county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named PATRICK HAMILTON, about five feet eight inches high, ſtraight fair yellow hair very long, eighteen years of age, of a very tawny complexion; had on when he went away a blue broadcloth coat, almoſt new, a half worn jacket with brown fore parts and blue backs, buckſkin breeches, half worn ſhoes, and a very good felt hat; he ſpeaks a good deal in the Scotch dialect, is very talkative, fond of ſtrong liquor, and curſes, ſwears and chews tobacco with any man in the province. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

DAVID ENGLISH.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, or others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

Juſt PUBLISHED and to be SOLD by

JAMES HUMPHREYS, JUN.

At the lower corner of BLACK HORSE ALLEY, in FRONT-STREET,

A SHORT INTRODUCTION TO

GRAMMAR,

(Deſigned more particularly for the uſe of the COLLEGE and ACADEMY of PHILADELPHIA)

Being a New Edition of

WHITTENHALL's LATIN GRAMMAR;

With many alterations, additions and amendments, from antient and late Grammarians.

N. B. Any orders from country ſtore-keepers, or others, for the above GRAMMAR, or any thing elſe in the PRINTING, BOOKSELLING, or STATIONARY WAY, will be punctually complied with by ſaid HUMPHREYS.

New-York, March 1773.

TO THE RESPECTABLE PUBLIC.

SAMUEL F. PARKER, and JOHN ANDERSON, of this city, printers, have entered into partnerſhip together, for the carrying on that buſineſs in all its branches; and propoſe in Auguſt next, to publiſh the New-York Gazette, or the Weekly Poſt-Boy, which was publiſhed for many years by ſaid PARKER's father, and eſteemed to be a paper of as good credit and utility as any extant ſince the firſt commencement thereof; and which ſaid Parker and Anderſon are determined, by every poſſible means to realize, as well for the especial ſervice of the commercial intereſt, as for the amuſement and information of private families, in matters both Foreign and Domeſtic; and in giving free acceſs to all parties without diſtinction, provided, the ſubject matter of the ſeveral pieces directed to the proprietors of the New-York Gazette, or Weekly Poſt-Boy, are conſiſtent, and within due bounds to admit of publication.—The favours of former ſubſcribers, as well as of all others, will be acknowledged by that conduct and endeavour, which becomes the public's dependant, and very humble ſervants.

*** PRINTING in all its branches will be carefully executed, and further particulars thereof publiſhed in due time.

May 8, 1773.

CAME to the plantation of HUGH M'WILLIAMS, living in Turbut Township, Northumberland County, about the firſt of February laſt, a BAY MARE, twelve years old, about fourteen hands and a half high, with a ſmall ſtar; branded on the near buttock L G. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges and take her away.

Philadelphia, May 6, 1773.

IN a GOOD STAND, and will be ſold reaſonable, a large convenient TALLOW-CHANDLER's SHOP, with all the fixtures and utenſils, ſituated in Front-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet; and the dwelling-houſe in the front may be had on a leaſe for a long term of years. Enquire of NATHAN BUSH, at Mr. David Franks's, or ELIZABETH CORSE, at the corner of Coomb's Alley.

WHEREAS the partnerſhip between ROBERT PATTON and JOHN WILLIAMS, of Lebanon, is now diſſolved, all perſons who have any demands againſt them, are requeſted to bring in their accounts to the ſubſcriber, that they may be ſettled; and all perſons indebted to them for goods, bought at Lebanon, are deſired to ſettle and pay off their accounts to Robert Patton, at the ſtore now kept by him there.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

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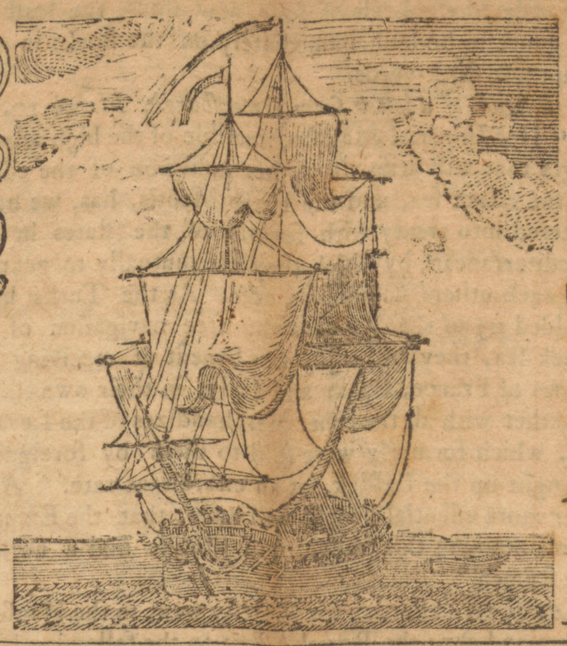
Best possible image.

MAY, 1773. THE VOL. II. NUMB. 84.

Pennsylvania AND GENERAL MONDAY,



Packet THE ADVERTISER.

MAY 31st, 1773.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

From the GLASGOW MUSEUM.

I BELIEVE there is ſcarce any thing in nature more talked of, and yet perhaps leſs underſtood, than happineſs: I doubt not but it is every one's wiſh to attain it; nay, it is even the full buſineſs of our lives, but ſurely we purſue a very wrong method, when we take blind paſſion for our guide, and reject the benign aſſiſtance of reaſon.

Happineſs, or, in other words, the true felicity of life, does not conſiſt in a large ſhare of the gifts of fortune, as many fooliſhly imagine; nay, it is ſo far from it, that no opinion can be more prepoſterous than to think the happineſs of a rational creature depends on things ſo precarious, and ſubject to ſuch viciſſitudes. It is equally as prepoſterous to think that happineſs conſiſts in ſenſuality, for all events of ſenſuality, which are often, though falſely, called pleaſure, carry with them their reſpective and peculiar evils. But real happineſs conſiſts in rightly underſtanding our duties to God and our fellow creatures; and when we have acquired this true knowledge, to put it in practice. And ſurely, if inſtead of blind paſſion, we follow that heaven-lighted lamp Reaſon as our guide, ſhe would ſoon lead us to underſtand, and practiſe, the duties on which our happineſs depends.

The firſt object ſhe will conduct us to, after we have ſubmitted ourſelves to her direction, is wiſdom, that reaſoning faculty that diſtinguiſhes good from evil, and ſhews us what ſhould be choſen, and what rejected: it is compoſed of knowledge and judgment, conducted by prudence and diſcretion; it is a judgment not founded on the common opinion of things, but on their real value; it is an examiner of all circumſtances, both of time and place; for, with regard to time, it ſees when it began, what it now is, and how long it will continue: and with regard to place, no bounds can confine it, it is infinite in its extent, for it ſoars on the wings of Contemplation through the whole creation; it ſurrounds the earth, penetrates the depths of the ſeas, wings its flight through the boundleſs tracts of æther, and even viſits the very heavens themſelves. It is our trueſt director in all moral, ſocial, and religious duties; in ſhort, it is the perfection of humanity, raiſed to the moſt elevated pitch Nature is capable of reaching.

As ſoon as we are perfectly acquainted with Wiſdom, ſhe will conduct us to Virtue, from whoſe benign ſmiles we ſhall acquire ſo perfect a tranquility of mind, that no condition, no change of fortune, can either elevate or depreſs. This tranquility conſiſts in an abſolute government of the paſſions and appetites; is always ſteady and contented in itſelf, amidſt all the bleſſings or afflictions we may either enjoy or ſuffer in this vale of mortality. It may even be conſidered as an infallible antidote againſt calamity, as it will inſpire us with a certain greatneſs of mind, which is at once invincible and invulnerable. Virtue therefore is an inexhauſtible fund of the moſt delicious and refined delights.

The teſtimony of a well-ſpent life is a good conſcience; this is a ray of the divinity lodged in a corporeal frame, and is a continual feaſt of heavenly felicity, allotted by the benificent Creator for a virtuous mind to enjoy in this ſublunary world.

Was it poſſible to view (as it were in a glaſs) a mind fraught with theſe ineſtimable bleſſings, reaſon, wiſdom, virtue, and a clear conſcience; with what beauty, what eloquence, and what majeſtic dignity, ſhould we ſee it arrayed! We ſhould even view it with a reverential veneration. What ſublime, and delicious, nay, even unparalleled delights, muſt it then adminiſter to every human creature, to ſee his own breaſt decorated with gems of ſuch ineſtimable value.

As every creature of the human ſpecies is, in a greater or leſſer degree, endowed with that noble faculty Reaſon, how lamentable it is that they ſhould in ſuch manner neglect and ſlight her friendly aſſiſtance, and rely upon that treacherous guide Paſſion, who leads them into the greateſt inconveniences, and utmoſt diſtreſſes now, and will at the laſt bring them to inevitable ruin and deſtruction; when, on the other hand, Reaſon will ſurely conduct them to all deſirable felicity in this life, and to bliſs inexpreſſible, and inconceivable, in the life to come.

S.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 29.

WE had a violent ſtorm here a few days ago. In the night of the 16th an eaſterly wind blew ſo violently as to drive on ſhore ſeveral ſhips and gallies. Thoſe parts of the ſeraglio which are ſituated oppoſite the peninſula of Thrace have been thrown down, and a number of perſons cruſhed in the ruins.

Paris, March 16. The deplorable ſituation of Poland, and the arbitrary vexations of the King of Pruſſia, have at laſt determined our court, at the inſtigation of the court of Spain, and by the advice of the Duke de Choiſeul, to interfere in the affairs of that kingdom. Orders have, in conſequence, been iſſued to the greateſt part of the troops, both foot and horſe, garriſoned in Poiton and Saintage, to repair to the borders of the Moſelle and Meuſe, and all the frontier places. A free paſſage for a body of troops has been granted by the Elector of Bavaria through his dominions; 6000 ſoldiers are to be ſhipped on board the fleet which is now arming for the Mediterranean at Breſt. The court of Spain is to ſend two fleets, of 15 men of war each, to the Mediterranean with 8000 troops on board.

Lord Stormont is expected with great impatience, to ſettle with our court what our Ambaſſador has not been able to do in England.

Dantzick, March 21. The fatal blow has at laſt been given to the privileges of this city. The Burgrave, and all the Courts, have in a formal manner delivered up their power into the hands of the King of Pruſſia, and with one accord have taken the oaths of allegiance to him; in return for which, he has continued them in office, and given them ſome honorary rewards; but ſo reſtricted them in their power that they are only the nominal executors of his will. All the Jews of this city are, by the King's command, now removing with all their effects either into Germany or Holland.

LONDON, *March* 15.

The old proverb of "penny wiſe and pound fooliſh," was never more fully verified than in the conduct of the Britiſh Parliament towards the Americans. They have impoſed upon them a tea duty, which never brought into the treaſury an hundred ſhillings; and yet, by this *wiſe* ſtep, they have precluded the nation from the receipt of three millions ſterling for ever, ſince the Americans uſe no Engliſh tea; but are ſupplied with that commodity from France and Holland. According to the moſt probable accounts, there are a million of people in America that drink tea; now reckon them at ten ſhillings a head per ann. which is a very moderate calculation, this will produce half a million yearly, which in the ſix years that the tea duty has continued, will amount exactly to three millions ſterling.

March 25. Yeſterday afternoon died, at his houſe in Hertford ſtreet, May-fair, the Right Hon. Philip Dormer Stanhope, Earl of Cheſterfield, aged 78 years. His title deſcends to maſter Philip Stanhope, a minor, about eighteen years of age, now at Leipſic Univerſity.

The 3d inſtant died at Vienna, Prince Poniatowſki, brother to the King of Poland, ſaid to be in conſequence of his troubles on account of the ſituation of his native country; his Lady arrived time enough to take her laſt farewell of him.

Letters from Paris ſay, that the Court of Verſailles only wait to receive ſome advices from the French Ambaſſador at Vienna, after which that Court will declare itſelf an enemy to the three united powers.

We are informed that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has offered two diſtinguiſhed lawyers of this country very great ſums, for forming a code of laws, for the better regulation of her kingdom.

Extract of a letter from Genoa, February 22.

"The Marquis de Maruzzi, Ambaſſador from the Empreſs of Ruſſia to the Imperial Court of Vienna, has juſt arrived here on the buſineſs of negociating a loan of 3,000,000 florins, for the ſervice of the Empreſs; and likewiſe to ſettle the articles of a treaty of commerce between the Republic and the Court of Petersburgh, which we hear is greatly in favour of the Genoeſe.

"Three Malteſe frigates and a galley have lately put in here, with four Turkiſh prizes, which they took after a very ſmart engagement of ſeveral hours, off Barcelona. Several Turks of diſtinction were on board, and the cargoes are eſteemed at four millions of florins."

Letters from Vienna ſay, "The Jews will be ſufferers by the diviſion of Poland, and undergo a diſmemberment with the country. Many arts were cultivated, and moſt of the trade carried on by theſe people, who were become exceeding numerous; but they are all ordered out of the country, and the King of Pruſſia has actually ſent a number of phyſicians, ſurgeons, and apothecaries, into Poliſh Pruſſia, to ſucceed the Jews who followed their profeſſions."

March 27. Yeſterday at two o'clock the Lord Mayor, attended by Mr. Serjeant Glynn, Recorder, Alderman Bull, Mr. Sheriff Lewes, City Remembrancer, Common Serjeant, Town Clerk, 8 of the Livery, and the reſt of the City Officers, went to St. James's, where the Recorder read to his Majeſty the Addreſs, Petition and Remonſtrance, from the City of London: To which his Majeſty was pleaſed to give the following Anſwer.

I HAVE the ſatisfaction to think that my people do not doubt of my readineſs to attend to their complaints, or of my ardent deſire to promote their happineſs, which I cannot more effectually do, than by reſiſting every attempt to ſow groundleſs jealouſies among them.

Your Petition is void of foundation, and is beſides conceived in ſuch diſreſpectful terms, that I am convinced you do not ſeriouſly imagine it can be complied with.

Yeſterday a mortifying fray happened between Dr. Goldſmith, the author of the new comedy, called *She ſtoops to conquer*, and Mr. Evans, the publiſher of the London Packet of the 25th. The Doctor, it ſeems, thought himſelf injured by ſome paſſage in the Packet, and calling upon the publiſher to reſent the inſult, took an opportunity, while Evans was looking over the paper in queſtion, to lay his cane over the Book-ſeller's ſhoulders. The compliment was immediately returned by the Welſhman, and a bloody battle enſued, in which the Doctor received two black eyes, and was otherwiſe much bruiſed. When the engagement was over, Mr. Evans called a conſtable, and inſiſted that the Doctor ſhould be carried to the Compter; but a brother author, who was preſent, interpoſing, led Dr. Goldſmith to a coach, and thus ended the fray.

March 30. Orders are given for preparing an account to be laid before the Houſe of Commons, of all the rum and brandy which has been regularly imported into this kingdom, from the 25th of Dec. 1765, to the 25th of Dec. 1772, inclusive; as alſo of the quantity of thoſe articles ſeized during that time.

A perſon juſt arrived from Liſbon, ſays, that the Rio Janeiro and Bahai fleet is arrived in the Tagus, and has brought immenſe treaſures, as well for the King, as on account of the merchants and private perſons.

We hear from Cadiz, that the Noſtra Senhora Roſaria, the annual regiſter ſhip from Acapulco, arrived there the 2d inſt. with an immenſe treaſure on board, all in ſpecie.

Advice is ſaid to be received from Madrid, that a large mob lately ſurrounded the royal palace, and demanded that the effects taken away from ſome particular Jeſuits ſhould be reſtored to their relations. To get them to diſperſe, the ſoldiers were called out, but refuſed to fire upon them, which made the mob more outrageous, whereupon it was by the King and thoſe about him thought adviſeable to promiſe the populace, that if they would diſperſe, their demands ſhould be complied with, upon which they all departed.

When Sir William Stanhope was married, notwithſtanding the great diſparity of years between his Lady and himſelf, Sir William was happy in the thoughts of a numerous progeny; full of this idea, Sir William addreſſed his brother, the late Earl of Cheſterfield, thus, 'Well, brother, there is now a proſpect that we 'ſhall have an heir to our eſtates.'—'True, brother,' replied Lord Cheſterfield, with a ſmile, 'ſomething 'may be done by Stanhope and Co.'

The monument erected to the memory of General Wolfe, is executed in the form of a pyramid, and will be opened in a few days. The General is repreſented as naked, pointing to the wound in his breaſt, and looking with anxiety towards the field of battle. He is ſeated on an Indian carpet, ſupported by a grenadier. A

ſerjeant on one ſide ſeems to tell him *the enemy run*, with a look of joy extremely well expreſſed. The Britiſh lion is introduced in a happy manner; and, upon the whole it would be one of the beſt in the abbey, if not for a moſt glaring omiſſion in the grenadier.

Letters by his Majeſty's ſhip Achilles, arrived at Spithead from Jamaica, adviſe, that a duel had been fought there between Mr. John L—, and Mr. Charles De P——, Midſhipman, when the latter was run through the heart, and died on the ſpot.

It is ſaid, Mr. Evans has done great ſervice to the author of the new comedy, as by beating out both his eyes he has made the Iriſh Doctor ſee his errors.

Yeſterday the Earl of Stormont took leave of his Majeſty, and to-morrow will ſet out on his embaſſy to the court of France.

Yeſterday Col. Barre obſerved in the Houſe of Commons, that Oppoſition was quite dead, and he was left chief mourner o'er her bier.

It is expected that Parliament will not riſe, at ſooneſt, till the 20th of June, nor, if puniſhments or public cenſures take place, till the month of July.

The preſent conduct of the French Ambaſſador and Miniſtry, with reſpect to the *balls*, brings to our recollection the expreſſion of the Kings of Brentford:—"We ſhall ſettle our ſtate affairs—*but firſt we'll have a dance*."

The famous alliance which is now almoſt concluded between England, France, and Spain, is univerſally allowed to be unnatural, and will certainly ſhare the fate of all *unnatural* things: It is a *monſter*, and cannot live long.

It is reported that the city remonſtrance is to be laid before a great Aſſembly.

They write from Paris, that the court of France has openly declared, that, if any Pruſſian troops march into Swediſh Pomerania, a numerous army ſhall immediately ſet out for Embden, Frieſtand, and other ſtates belonging to Brandenburgh.

The Houſe of Commons, it is ſaid, will prolong their ſeſſions till the middle of July, on account of the many affairs ſtill remaining for their conſideration.

Two couriers arrived this day from the continent with ſome ſpirited remonſtrances to our court.

We hear that the bug-bear which the King of Pruſſia holds up continually to deter our K—— from interfering with the plunderers on the continent is, the ruin of Hanover. If Great-Britain makes one offenſive ſtep to interrupt that Monarch's views in this ſcandalous affair, he threatens, as his firſt ſtroke, to pour ſwarms of troops into Hanover. It appears that theſe threats are ſufficient, for it has been determined in the Britiſh cabinet, that the diviſion of Poland can be in no degree injurious to the intereſt of Britain.

As a freſh ſtroke to public credit, a very eminent banker ſtopped payment yeſterday.

Something of conſequence is now agitating between the courts of France, and England, ſuppoſed to be relative to the King of Pruſſia.

By order of the Empreſs of Ruſſia, an eſtabliſhment has lately been formed in favour of the children of her merchants who have died in low circumſtances. Twenty ſuch orphans are to be immediately admitted, who are to be cloathed, nouriſhed, and inſtructed in the principles of commerce, after which they are to be placed out in ſuch a manner as to enable them to purſue the buſineſs of their deceaſed parents.

They write from Smyrna, that a moſt bloody battle was lately fought between the Turks and Perſians, in their Aſiatic territories, in which the former were very great ſufferers. This new enemy (the Sophi of Perſia) will embaraſs the Porte more than ever Ali Bey did; ſo that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has now the beſt chance to have all her demands on the Porte acceded to, if ſome chriſtian power, jealous of her greatneſs, does not hinder it.

The Earl of Cheſterfield was born Sept. 25, 1693, and ſucceeded his father the 27th of January, 1725; was elected Knight of the Garter, May 18, 1730; and ſoon after made Lord Steward of his Majeſty's Houſhold, and Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the States General; and Lord Lieutenant of Ireland in the year 1745. On the 15th of Sept. 1733, he married Lady Meliſina, counteſs of Walſingham. His title deſcends to Maſter Philip Stanhope, a minor about 18 years old, now at Leipſic Univerſity. This noble Peer, convinced by experience of the fatal conſequences attendant on gaming, has left his valuable eſtate to his nephew, now abroad, under certain ſevere reſtrictions; among many others equally prudent is the following: "That he never be ſeen at Newmarket during any of the meetings, under the penalty of 5000l. and that he forfeit the ſum of 5000l. for any ſum of 100l. loſt by him at any ſport or game, at White's, Arthur's, Boodle's, &c." his Lordſhip empowering, by this his laſt will and teſtament, the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury, to ſue for and recover the forfeited ſums aforeſaid, and to appropriate them to the ſole uſe of that church.

He was the moſt eloquent Speaker in the firſt Council of the Nation, the ableſt and moſt ſucceſsful ambaſſador, of all the Viceroys in Ireland the beſt beloved, the trueſt patron of genius and literature, and one of the honeſteſt Engliſhmen both in parliament and private life, that ever dignified the peerage of Great-Britain.

Extract of a letter from Berlin, March 15.

"His Pruſſian Majeſty ſeems entirely bent on carrying his new ſcheme into execution, of becoming a maritime Prince; to accompliſh which he offers the greateſt encouragement to ſhip-builders, riggers, ſeamen, &c. of whatſoever nation, who will enter into his ſervice. He has likewiſe ordered the city of Dantzick to ſupply him with a certain number of ſeamen, and to build him a ſhip of 60 guns, at their own expence, and has himſelf ordered the keels of four new ſhips, the leaſt of 40 guns, to be laid immediately on the ſtocks in the Dantzick dock-yards.

Extract of a letter from Peterſburgh, March 10.

"Her Imperial Majeſty, ſenſible of the high advantages that will ariſe from her poſſeſſion of the coaſts of the Black ſea, and the Palus-Meotis, has, we hear, entered into treaty with ſeveral of the ſtates in the Mediterranean, by which they are mutually to guarantee each others commerce, &c. As the Turks have yielded up to the Ruſſians the free navigation of the black ſea, they will enjoy the benefit of receiving the wines of France, Spain and Italy, in their own ſhips, together with all the other merchandizes of the Levant, &c. which formerly were ſold to them by foreigners, brought up the Baltick, at an exorbitant rate. Another more eſſential benefit will ariſe, that the Empreſs in maintaining this trade, will always find a nurſery for ſeamen."

April 2. Yeſterday his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers and gave the Royal Aſſent to the following bills:

The bill for continuing ſeveral acts for puniſhing mutiny and deſertion, and for the better payment of the army in America.—The bill for defraying the charge of the pay and cloathing of the Militia for 1773.—The bill for the more effectual execution of the criminal laws in both the united kingdoms.—The bill for preventing the ſtealing or deſtroying of turnips, potatoes, cabbages, parſnips, peaſe, and carrots.—The bill for the preſervation of timber, trees, woods, and underwoods, roots and ſhrubs, plants, &c. and ſeveral road and other bills.

The accounts relative to an alliance ſaid to be lately entered into between Great-Britain, France, and Spain, are very contradictory; one of the morning papers of this day ſays, that the report is totally groundleſs; and another poſitively aſſerts, that ſuch an alliance is actually formed.

This morning her Grace the Dutcheſs of Northumberland ſet off, in a poſt-coach and four, from her houſe at Charing-croſs, for Dover, in order to embark for the continent.

It is aſſerted, that a great banker who yeſterday ſtopped payment, has for ſome time paſt reſolved to decline buſineſs; and that after all demands upon the houſe are ſatisfied, the principal's fortune will not be leſs than 200,000l.—This may nevertheleſs be productive at leaſt of a temporary diſtreſs, and in ſome degree injure publick credit.

April 3. Yeſterday, a little before three o'clock, came on, in the Houſe of Lords, the grand debate concerning the commitment of the Diſſenters bill. It was the fulleſt houſe that has been ſeen this ſeſſion. The debate laſted nearly ſix hours. The ſpeakers in favour of the bill were the Duke of Richmond, Lord Mansfield, Lord Camden, the Earl of Shelburne, and Lord Lyttleton; againſt it, the Earl of Denbigh, Lord Bruce, Earl Gower, Biſhop of London, Biſhop of Peterborough, the Lord Chancellor, Earl of Suffolk, Duke of Grafton, and Biſhop of Landaff. It is no reflection upon any nobleman to ſay, that the ability of the ſpeakers and the force of argument were on the ſide of the bill. The Duke of Grafton made great conceſſions in its favour. Upon the diviſion, the contents were 26, non-contents 65, without proxies; including the proxies, contents 28, non-contents 86. The Peers who divided for the commitment were the Dukes of Richmond, Devonſhire, Portland, Mancheſter, Northumberland, Athol, and Newcaſtle; Marquis of Rockingham; Earls of Coventry, Tankerville, Talbot, Hardwicke, Beſborough, Buckinghamſhire, Northington, and Shelburne; Viſcounts Say and Seale, and Torrington; Lords Deſpencer, Romney, Lyttleton, Mansfield, Camden, Trevor and Milton; and to his eternal honour, the Biſhop of Lincoln. The two proxies were Earl Fitzwilliams and Lord Archer. The petitioners againſt the bill were treated with a juſt diſregard, and no ſtreſs was laid on their oppoſition. Upon the whole, the cauſe of religious liberty evidently gained ground by this important debate.

It is reported at the Bank, that Sir G—— C——e will have 150,000l. after the ſettling his affairs.

At Shrewſbury fair on Saturday the 20th ult. a remarkable fine bull belonging to Thomas Mytton, Eſq; of Shipton, in that county, was ſhewn for ſale; his amazing magnitude rendered him a prodigy, and was allowed to be the fineſt beaſt that ever appeared in any market. Being weighed in the machine, he proved to be upwards of 33 Cwt. which was 15 Cwt. more than the heavieſt beaſt that had ever been weighed in the ſame machine.

We hear that Sir John Dalrymple has lately diſcovered ſome curious manuſcripts, in the ruins of Herculaneum, by which it appears, that the old Greek and Roman patriots, were traitors to their country.

His Majeſty's packet boat, Eagle, Capt. Nicholls, having on board his Excellency the RightHon. Ld. Ch. Greville Montagu, Governor of South Carolina, and Family, was arrived ſafe at Falmouth from thence.

St. James's, March 30. The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Edward Mulſo, Eſq; the office of receiver of revenue of firſt fruits in England, Wales, and town of Berwick upon Tweed, and of all tenths inſtalled or to be inſtalled in his Majeſty's court of Exchequer.

Carrick on-ſhure, March 15. The White Boys are ſpreading their ravages through the country more than ever; they have committed ſeveral outrages in the neighbourhood of Templeorum, and in the Welſh mountains, within this twelvemonth paſt.

Newry, March 20. There are no leſs than fourteen ſhips now advertiſed in the Belfaſt paper to take in paſſengers for Philadelphia, &c. If ſome ſtop be not put to this trade, we ſhall in a ſhort time loſe our manufacture, with our beſt manufacturers; the numbers that went laſt year from the North is incredible, and almoſt all Proteſtants.

NEW-YORK, *May* 27.

About one o'clock laſt Saturday noon, his Excellency our Governor, and his Lady, returned here from Hartford, in Connecticut, where they attended the congreſs that was held there by the commiſſioners of this province, and that of the Maſſachuſets Bay, for ſettling their conteſted limits; and we can with pleaſure inform the public, that the buſineſs is compleated to the ſatisfaction of all parties.

When Col. Putman, and the other Gentlemen of the Committee, from Connecticut, for viewing and exploring the lands on the Miſſiſippi, intended to be granted by his Majeſty to General Lyman, for the ſettlement of a colony, applied to Governor Cheſter, he had then no particular inſtructions concerning that matter, not having received any expreſſes from England, for upwards of four months, but was pleaſed with their errand, encouraged them to hope for all the ſucceſs they could reaſonably expect, and gave the committee an inſtrument under the ſeal of the province, to take up, (wherever they pleaſed within the limits aſſign'd, ſo far as the Yaſou River) and ſettle five townſhips——And they had ſail'd from Penſacola for Miſſiſippi, on that deſign.

Yeſterday afternoon arrived the ſloop Katharine, Capt. Exene, from Coracoa; twelve days ago he ſpoke the ſloop St. Andrew, Capt. Roach, from St. Nichola Mole,—who told him that ſeveral of the veſſels that had been detained by the French at the Mole, were diſcharged.

The brig Peter and John, Capt. Simmons from Waterford, but laſt from Teneriffe, which place he left the 9th of April; on the 14th of May in lat. 36, 50, ſpoke a ſchooner from Philadelphia for the Canaries; 18th, lat. 39, 30, ſpoke a ſchooner for Nantucket; and on the 20th, ſpoke a whaling ſchooner from Nantucket, out 5 days.

The laſt advices from Europe, received by Captain Young on Saturday the 22d inſt. via. Newry, to the 1ſt of April, mention very peremptorily, that a triple alliance is finally aſſented to by our privy council, and concluded between Great-Britain, France and Spain, with a view of ſecuring the balance of power in Europe, which would be ſubverted by the awful union of the Pruſſians, Ruſſians and Imperialiſts. The court of Verſailles waited only the return of a courier from Vienna, after which the Majeſty of France will declare himſelf an enemy to that confederacy.

A patent of peerage, it is ſaid, was making out for General Conway. Advices from Turin of very great moment, agitated the miniſtry, they were to be laid before the privy council. The Jeſuits on the coaſts of Coromandel, in Eaſt India, have converted the King of Tanjour, who received the ſacrament, baniſhed the Heathen Prieſts, demoliſhed the Temples dedicated to the Sun, enjoined his ſubjects to embrace the Catholic Faith, and ſolemnly ſwore at the altar to defend the Roman church with all his power.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 31.

Captain Cheſeman from Falmouth, on the 17th inſt. in lat. 37:23, long. 57, ſpoke a ſhip from Jamaica for London; and on the 22d, in lat. 37:28, long. 67, ſpoke a brig from New-London for the Weſt-Indies, out 5 days, alſo the brig Carpenter, Capt. Williams, from this port for Liſbon, out 3 days.

The Lord Hyde Packet, Captain Goddard, ſailed from Falmouth for New-York, the 13th of April.

Captain Power, from Barbados, on the 15th inſt. in lat. 27, long. 66:30, ſpoke a ſloop, Capt. Wilſon, from Antigua for Virginia, out 7 days: On the 17th, in lat. 29:10, long. 68, ſpoke a ſchooner, Capt. Cooper, from Barbados for Virginia, out 11 days; and on the 23d, in lat. 34:11, long. 71, ſpoke a ſloop, Capt. Bigelow, from St. Euſtatia for New-London, out 15 days.

Captain Gamble, from Briſtol, on the 12th inſt. in lat. 40:44, long. 61, ſpoke a ſhip from Glaſgow for Virginia, out 5 weeks and 2 days.—The ſhip Sally, Capt. Young, was to ſail for this port the day after Capt. Gamble, and Capt. Clark, in a ſhip for New-York, a few days after.

Captain Nicholls, from Jamaica, on the 30th ult. off the weſt end of Hiſpaniola, ſpoke his Majeſty's ſhip Portland, Capt. Perkland, from England for Jamaica, who was going to relieve the Princeſs Amelia, of eighty guns; the Ferrett ſloop of war was arrived there from England, and the Carrysfort frigate was to ſail for England the 26th of April.

Captain Cook was to ſail for London, on the 26th of April.

Arrivals at Jamaica. Ship Britannia, Capt. Vanhorn, from New-York. Brig Speedwell, Capt. Lake, brig Nancy, Capt. Hanſe, and brig Elizabeth, Capt. Stewart, from this port.——Capt. Stewart, having ſprung a leak, was obliged to heave the greateſt part of his cargo between decks overboard.

Capt. Cochran from Glaſgow on the 10th inſt. in lat. 31, long. 64, ſpoke Capt. Robinſon in a ſloop from Virginia for Nevis, out 15 days, and on the 19th, 35

leagues S. E. of Cape Henlopen, he ſpoke the brig Carpenter, Capt. Williams from this port for Liſbon, all well.

With Captain Cochran, came paſſenger, JOHN M'PHERSON, Jun. Eſq.

Capt. Johnſton from Cape Nichola Mole, the 18th inſt. in lat. 34, 22, long. 71, 37, ſpoke the ſhip Adventure, Capt. Walter Wilſon from New-Caſtle on Tyne, with a great number of paſſengers, who were very ſickly, bound for Maryland; and the ſame day ſpoke a ſloop from Virginia for Antigua, out 3 days, but could not learn the maſter's name.

By the Captains Henderſon and Johnſton, arrived here from Cape Nichola Mole, in Hiſpaniola, we learn, that the latter end of April arrived there, from Old France, four armed veſſels, with expreſs orders to ſeize all veſſels belonging to or bound for any Engliſh port, which ſhould have on board any articles, except lumber or molaſſes: In conſequence of which, the following veſſels were taken into cuſtody; ſloop Trial, Thomas Crippen of this port, 12 hogſheads of ſugar on board; ſloop St. Andrew, Roch of New-York, 110 hogſheads of molaſſes and 10 hogſheads of ſugar; ſloop———, Brown, 20 hogſheads of ſugar, and a ſchooner, with bread and flour, both belonging to Meſſrs. Shadding and Co. of Virginia; brig Charlotte, Fryers; brig Freelove, Brown; brig Charlotte, Wolf; ſloop Cæſar, Forreſter, with flour, fiſh and ſpermaceti candles, of Rhode-Iſland; brig——, Gordon, 165 hogſheads of ſugar, of Marblehead; brig ———, Hudſon, and ſchooner Eunice, Davis, of Boſton; and three Frenchmen, two of them with 75 hogſheads of ſugar, and the other with Engliſh goods on board. The particulars of their ſeveral cargoes were tranſmitted to the General at Port-au-Prince, and as they conſiſted of ſuch articles as were contraband by their laws, it was apprehended they would all be confiſcated. We alſo hear, that many others were taken into cuſtody in the different ports of that Iſland.

Captain Caton, from Hiſpaniola, on the 5th inſt. ſpoke the ſloop Yellow Bird, Capt. Simmons, from North-Carolina, going into the Mole; and on the 12th, three miles off the ſouth end of the Iſle of Fortune, ſpoke a ſchooner from Cape Nichola for Baltimore.—Captain Caton informs us, that it was reported there was upwards of £60,000 in bad money circulated at Hiſpaniola—That on the 8th of May a French frigate cleared ſeveral Engliſh veſſels which ſhe had ſeized, and that Captain Young, belonging to this port, not hoiſting his colours in compliment to the frigate when ſhe went out, the commander ordered him to be confined—That there were ſeveral veſſels went to Jamaica to diſpoſe of their cargoes, for fear of being ſeized, among which was Capt. Forreſter, in a brig belonging to this port.

On Wedneſday the 18th inſt. the General Synod of New-York and Philadelphia, met in this city, when a ſermon ſuitable to the occaſion was preached by the Rev. Mr. Joſeph Treat, of New-York. The Rev. Mr. James Sprout, was afterwards choſen Moderator: And on Thurſday, the 27th inſt. after having finiſhed their buſineſs, they broke up.

On Thurſday the 20th inſt. JOHN REILY, Esq; Attorney at Law, of Lancaſter, was married to Miss ELIZABETH MEYER, of the ſame place.

On Tueſday the 18th inſtant, the Races began here, when the following horſes ſtarted for the Jockey Club Purſe of One Hundred Pounds.

Mr. Heard's bay mare Nettle (got by Snap) aged. - - - -	1	diſt.	
Mr. Waters's bay horſe Herod, 5 years old. - - -	3	1	1
His Excellency Gov. Eden's horſe Whynot (got by Fearnought) aged.	2	3	2
Col. Lloyd's bay mare Miſs Wildman (got by Poſthumous) 5 years old.	4	dr.	

On Wedneſday the following horſes ſtarted for the Whim Purſe of Fifty Pounds.

James De Lancey, Eſquire's bay mare Sultana (got by Wildair)	1	1
Col. Lloyd's bay horſe Slow and Eaſy (got by Silver Legs)	3	2
Mr. Patterſon's black gelding Gimcrack (got by Ariel) - -	2	diſt.

On Thurſday, when they ended, the City Purſe of Fifty Pounds was run for, and won by

James De Lancey, Eſquire's bay filley Slamerkin (got by Wildair)	1	1
Col. Lloyd's bay mare Miſs Wildman, - - - - -	3	2
Mr. Patterſon's bay filley Virgin (got by Figure) - - - -	2	3

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schoon. William,	J. Peck,	North-Carolina,
Brig Herring,	B. Richards,	Maryland,
Brig Nancy,	T. Armſtrong,	Cadiz,
Sch. Lively,	H. Johnſon,	Hiſpaniola,
Sloop Sally,	W. Kelly,	Jamaica,
Brig Suſanna,	W. Nicholls,	Jamaica,
Ship Catherine,	R. Torrens,	Hiſpaniola,
Ship Phœnix,	W. Gamble,	Briſtol,
Brig Matty,	T. Cochran,	Glaſgow.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Norfolk,	W. Caſtle,	Liſbon,
Brig Mol. & Sally,	G. Sleakum,	Dublin,
Brig Content,	S. Hervey,	Jamaica,
Ship Fame,	H. Lile,	Liſbon,
Sch. Lively,	H. Johnſon,	Salem, N. E.
Brig Free Maſon,	D. Wilkins,	Hiſpaniola,
Sch. N. Carolina P.	A Dyer,	North-Carolina.

CLEARED.

Snow New Molly,	W. Kerlin,	Liſbon,
Schooner Polly,	R. Zuil,	St. Euſtatia,
Sch. Lucretia,	J. Moore,	Maryland,
Sch. Catherine,	J. Huſton,	Halifax,
Sloop Polly,	D. Tuttle,	North-Carolina,
Brig T. Brothers,	J. Martin,	Jamaica,
Ship Neſbitt,	J. Green,	Quebec,
Sch. Patty,	W. Shine,	North-Carolina,
Ship Chalkley,	E. Spain,	Briſtol,
Sch. Lovely Laſs,	J. Stephens,	Maryland,
Schooner Nancy,	G. Middleton,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Ruth,	T. Davis,	Anguilla,
Sloop Potowmack,	G. Rowe,	Maryland,
Sch. Diſpatch,	B. Minors,	New-Providence,
Ship Charm. Sal.	J. Cooper,	Jamaica,
Ship Concord,	J. Volans,	St. Euſtatia,
Brig Matty,	T. Cochran,	New-York,
Ship Friendſhip,	W. M'Culloch,	Belfaſt,
Brig Lovely Laſs,	A. Waide,	Jamaica,
Snow Britannia,	R. Eyres,	Liſbon,
Schoon. Rebecca,	J. Farye,	St. Kitts,
Schooner Lively,	N. Howland,	Boſton,
Sloop Sally,	J. Weſtcott,	Cohanſey.

VENDUE.

TO-MORROW, AT ONE o'clock, AT

JOHN HART'S VENDUE-STORE,

Will begin the SALE of a large and neat aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE;

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

Has juſt imported in the Matty, Captain Cochran, from Glaſgow,

A LARGE aſſortment of ſilk gauzes, lawns and kentings, of the neweſt patterns, with a variety of other articles; alſo a large aſſortment of books.

TO BE SOLD, BY

PELATIAH WEBSTER,

CHOICE WEST-INDIA, NEWBURY, and BOSTON RUM, pickled ſalmon in kegs, put up in the beſt manner, a neat aſſortment of Boſton ſhoes, of excellent quality and variety of colours, ſealſkins, Barcelona handkerchiefs of all colours, POTASH KETTLES, boilers containing about fifteen gallons, iron tea kettles, COCOA, chocolate, PEPPER, clover ſeed, lamp and tanners oil, and blubber, a few tierces of brown ſugar, raiſins in kegs, COTTON, molaſſes, cod-fiſh; BAR-IRON by the larger or ſmaller quantity; a parcel of STEEL of the beſt quality, and a few dozen of New-England ſcythes.

THE perſon who borrowed a pair of ſaddle bags of JONATHAN ZANE, is deſired to return them.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT twenty tons of good white-oak Timber, now lying at Burdenton, from 16 inches to 24 inches ſquare, and 6 and a half feet long; it may be delivered in this city in five days, by applying to the printer hereof.

WANTS A PLACE,

As a WET NURSE,

A WOMAN with a good breaſt of milk, who can be well recommended. Enquire of JACOB BARGE, in Market-ſtreet, the corner of Fifth-ſtreet.

FOUND,

ON Thurſday laſt, in the Jerſey Market, paper money, to the amount of ſix Dollars. Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to the printer, proving his property, and paying for advertiſing, may have it again.

New-Caſtle Goal, May 21ſt, 1773.

WAS committed into my cuſtody, on the 19th inſt. two Negro wenches, viz. SUSANNAH, about twenty-four years of age, the other called PHEOBE, about eight years old, who ſay they are the property of Mr. JAMES WALLACE, near the Head of Elk; if ſo, their maſter is requeſted to come, pay charges and take them away.

ROBERT MACK, GOALER.

ALL PERSONS having any accounts againſt the eſtate of JOHN PETTY, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in properly proved to the ſubſcribers, as they are about making a final ſettlement of ſaid eſtate, as they will otherways be excluded, and thoſe indebted are deſired to diſcharge the ſame to prevent trouble.

JEREMIAH WARDER, THOMAS SAY. } Executors.

Philadelphia, 30th of 5th Month, 1773.

FIFTEEN SHILLINGS REWARD.

STRAYED or STOLEN, about ten days paſt, from off the Commons, a ſmall young red COW, forward with the ſecond calf; ſhe is entirely red except ſome white under her belly. Whoever will bring her to the ſubſcriber, living in Third-ſtreet, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges.

JEREMIAH WARDER.

Philadelphia, May 24, 1773.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUNAWAY laſt night from the ſubſcriber, living in New-Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, an Engliſh ſervant man named LEONARD BROOM, about thirty-three years of age, five feet ſix inches high, wears his own ſhort brown hair: Had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat, with ſide pockets, and a collar, black velvet jacket, brown pluſh breeches, a white ſhirt, with a black handkerchief about his neck, worſted ſtockings, a common wool hat flapped at both ſides, and good ſhoes, with buckles in them; he followed gardening in England, and talks much of it. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward and reaſonable charges, paid by

JAMES VAUX.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Tinicum Townſhip, Bucks County, on the 27th inſtant, May, an Iriſh ſervant man named JOHN RULLEGE, but very likely may change his name; he is about five feet eight or nine inches high, has black ſtraight hair which he ſometimes wears tied, a fair complexion, very talkative, has the brogue on his tongue, and pretends to underſtand painting and glazing: He took with him a brown coat with ſhalloon lining and brown buttons, one white ditto, with lincey lining and white metal buttons, but it is not known which he had on when he went away; a wilton jacket, a red and white ditto, white breeches, two pair of blue ſtockings, one of which was ribbed, a pair of white cotton ſtockings half worn, new ſhoes, round copper buckles, a fine ſhirt, two coarſe homeſpun ſhirts, a pair of homeſpun ſhirting trowſers, two pair of tow trowſers, and a new felt hat; he alſo took with him a white woollen blanket. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN PATTERSON.

Baltimore, May 21ſt, 1773.

DANIEL GRANT,

Who lately kept TAVERN at the ſign of the BUCK near PHILADELPHIA,

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLICK, that he hath opened an INN and TAVERN, at the ſign of the FOUNTAIN, in that large and commodious houſe, lately built by Mr. GOUGH, in Baltimore-ſtreet, BALTIMORE-TOWN.

He hath provided every thing for the accommodation of Gentlemen, their ſervants, and horſes in the beſt manner, and thoſe who chooſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may be aſſured of his beſt endeavours to merit their approbation: He takes this opportunity of returning his moſt grateful thanks to the Gentlemen who did him the honour to frequent his former houſe, and as it ſhall ever be his ſtudy to pleaſe, he hopes for a continuance of their favours.

SAMUEL WHEELER,

CUTLER,

At his houſe in Second-ſtreet, at the ſign of the Scythe and Sickle, about midway between Market and Cheſnut ſtreets, Philadelphia,

MAKES and has for ſale, for the enſuing harveſt, a quantity of ſcythes and ſickles: He likewiſe makes ſcale-beams, ſteel-yards, ſteel ſtamps for carpenters and ſmiths, iron or copper brands, and iron work for mills; alſo iron work for the Weſt-Indies, ſuch as axles for carts, &c. bill-hooks, hoes, ſpades, ſhovels, axes, &c. and performs moſt kinds of ſmiths work, as any perſon's buſineſs may require.

Goſhen, Orange County, Province of New-York, Jan. 22, 1773.

WHEREAS a certain HANNAH JONES by maiden name, who was married to one Hugh Dougherty, an Iriſhman, left Goſhen about ſeven years ago, and her aged parents have never heard of her ſince; this is therefore to requeſt of her, if ſhe be living, to write to her parents, from whom ſhe may have ſomething conſiderable, they having a good eſtate, and no other daughter. It is requeſted as a favour of any perſon that can give intelligence of ſaid woman, to direct a letter to the ſubſcriber, or to THOMAS MULLEN in Front-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

SAMUEL JONES, Senior.

Philadelphia, May 29, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that BARBARY my wife has eloped from my bed, without any manner of reaſon, and I hereby deſire that no perſon will truſt her on my account, for I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof.

THOMAS EADES.

Trenton, May 14, 1773.

THE public is hereby cautioned to beware of counterfeit HALF JOHANNESES, which are now paſſing; they are dated 1743, are ſomething larger than the true ones, ticker in the middle than on the edge, and are ſo well done as may, at firſt ſight, deceive the niceſt eye. A certain Andrew Boyd, a genteel likely young man, has been detected in paſſing two of the aboveſaid counterfeits, was purſued and overtaken, but made his eſcape, leaving behind him a horſe, ſaddle and bridle, with a pair of ſaddle-bags; he is well known in many parts of New Jerſey, as a very great gambler; a conſiderable number of half johanneſes were ſeen with him. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, had on a brown broadcloth coat, buff coloured jacket, buckſkin breeches, beaver hat, black hair tied behind; the horſe, ſaddle and bridle, with the ſaddle-bags, are now in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, in Trenton, to whom the ſaid Boyd paſſed one of the aforeſaid counterfeits, and from whom he made his eſcape, on Sunday the 9th inſtant.

CHARLES AXFORD, Jun.

An ASSORTMENT of

Very elegant WAITERS, TRAYS, &c.

JUST OPENED, and to be SOLD, by

JACOB S. HOWELL,

At his STORE, in Water-ſtreet nearly oppoſite to the Old Ferry-houſe.

THE MANAGERS of the CONTRIBUTIONS for promoting the CULTURE OF SILK, having finally determined the PREMIUMS offered for raiſing the greateſt number of *Cocoons*, and for *reeling the beſt Silk* for the year 1772, hereby inform thoſe *Claimants* who have not applied, that on application to the Managers, they may receive the reward annexed to their reſpective names, viz.

		Cocoons	
Widow Stoner,	of Lancaſter County, for	72,800	£15
James Millhouſe,	Cheſter County,	41,820	10
Richard Gorman,	Ditto	34,850	6
William Hill,	Philadelphia County,	31,330	3
Phebe Trimble,	Cheſter County,	29,059	3
Lewis Nalaret,	Philadelphia County,	25,000	3
Caſper Farkney,	Lancaſter County,	22,840	3
Mary Parker,	Cheſter County,	22,700	3
Catherine Steimer,	Lancaſter County,	21,800	3
Mary Biſhop,	Cheſter County,	21,479	A ſilk reel.
Lucia Linton,	Bucks County,	20,000	ditto
James Wright,	Lancaſter County,	17,600	ditto
Caleb Harriſon,	Cheſter County,	16,500	ditto
Rebecca Park,	Lancaſter County, for the beſt ſample of reeled Silk,		£3
Joſeph Ferree,	Lancaſter County, for 2d beſt do.		2
Phebe Cornthwate,	Bucks County, for 3d beſt do.		1

N. B. A liſt of the PREMIUMS, with the PRICES, propoſed to be given by the Managers for *Cocoons*, for the year 1773, will be ſhortly publiſhed.

Thoſe perſons who propoſe raiſing Silk Worms the enſuing ſeaſon, and may want a ſupply of eggs, will be furniſhed therewith gratis, by a ſpeedy application to JOHN KAIGHN, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Newport, May 17th, 1773.

THE MANAGERS of the NEWARK LAND AND CASH LOTTERY, beg leave to acquaint the public, that the drawing of the third and laſt claſs will actually begin on Monday the 31ſt inſtant, May, at NEWPORT, in New-Caſtle county.

Notwithſtanding there is yet a very conſiderable ſum due for tickets in the preceding claſſes; and we do aſſure the adventurers in the third claſs, that nothing but the want of this money has prevented us from drawing, and that we have not received caſh for one hundred tickets in this preſent claſs, therefore we entirely rely on the honour of all thoſe indebted for tickets in the ſaid lottery, that they will be punctual in paying their reſpective balances that may fall due after the drawing is ended, that the managers may thereby be enabled to pay the prizes when called for.

The adventurers in this claſs have an advantage of 20 per cent. as they ſport for £11,925, and the whole tickets coſt but £10,000.

There are a few tickets on hand, which will be diſpoſed of at 40ſ. each, for caſh only. For further information apply at the London Coffee-houſe in Philadelphia.

TO BE SOLD,

By WHOLESALE and RETAIL,

Near the lower part of the New-Jerſey Market, where the Poſt-office was lately kept, and almoſt oppoſite to the Coffee-houſe,

The following ARTICLES (among others) viz.

Jamaica MAICA Spirit, Weſt-India Rum, Brandy, Hollands Geneva, Bohea Tea, Coffee, Loaf and Muſcovado Sugar.

May 24, 1773.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the eſtate of Captain HENRY MORGAN, late of Baltimore County in Maryland, deceaſed, either by bills, bonds, proteſted bills of exchange, notes of hand, accounts, or otherwiſe, are hereby deſired to call and pay the ſame, or give ſecurity for the payments, on or before the firſt day of June next, or they may expect to be dealt with as the law directs, without further notice or reſpect of perſons; and all perſons who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in regularly atteſted, that they may be adjuſted and paid, by

ALEX. M'MECHAN, and JAMES MORGAN, } Adminiſtrators.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD,

BROKE out of Cæcil County Gaol, on Saturday night the 15th of May, the following perſons, viz.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON, committed for felony; a tall thin fellow, about thirty years of age; had on a light coloured coat, a brown jacket, an old hat, and wore his own hair tied behind.

PATRICK M'DONALD, committed as a runaway, lately broke out of Newcaſtle county Gaol; about twenty-two years of age, had on a brown jacket with a linen frock almoſt worn out, and a half worn pair of buckſkin or ſheepſkin breeches, black hair and ſmooth face, and looks as if he had been pretty long confined in gaol.

HUGH BROWN, about forty ſeven or forty-eight years of age, had on a brown jacket, blue duffil trowſers, old hat and ſhoes.

SARAH DAVIDSON, about twenty-five years of age, yellow complexion, long black hair, and a lincey petticoat. Whoever takes up the above deſcribed perſons, and delivers them to me, ſhall have the above reward, or FIVE POUNDS for each.

JOHN HAMILTON, SHERIFF.

IN BURLINGTON

Will be SOLD at VENDUE, on the third day of June,

SUNDRY BUILDINGS and LOTS of GROUND, viz.

No. 1. The houſe and lot where Richard Wells lately dwelt, being a two ſtory convenient brick building, pleaſantly ſituated on the bank of the Delaware, with large ſtables, chaiſe houſe, waggon houſe, corn cribs and ſmoke houſe, with ſundry other buildings; the gardens are large, and abound with excellent fruit—To be ſtruck off preciſely at two o'clock.

No. 2. An oyl mill and ſnuff mill, with about three acres of orchard, a ſmall diſtance from the houſe——To be ſtruck off at half paſt two o'clock.

No. 3. Eighteen acres of corn land, on the road leading to Cooper's ferry, about two miles from Burlington, one part of which is a young bearing orchard—To be ſtruck off at three o'clock.

No. 4. A piece of meadow adjoining lands of the widow Harſhorne and John Lawrence, Eſq; about two acres and three quarters—To be ſtruck off at half paſt three o'clock.

No. 5. An upland graſs lot on Pearl Street, near the houſe, containing about ſix acres, on part of which is an orchard—To be ſtruck off at four o'clock——

WHEN WILL BE SOLD,

Two pair of COUNTRY MILL STONES, a waggon, cart, plow, harrow, horſe-hoe, gears, a light chair for one perſon, a two wheel chaiſe fitted alſo for a curricle, a perambulator, or wheel to meaſure diſtances, hay, Indian corn, flaxſeed, meal, a cow, ſundry large pictures framed and glazed, together with ſome kitchen, and other furniture. Caſh will be expected for all ſums not exeeding 40 ſhillings, and three months credit allowed for all above, on giving ſecurity if required.

N. B. The payments for the houſe, mills and lots will be made eaſy to the purchaſers on paying intereſt.

TO BE SOLD,

THE TIME of a Dutch ſervant woman, who has four years and a half to ſerve. Enquire of Mr. Kreider, in Third-ſtreet near Arch-ſtreet.

N. B. She is ſuppoſed to be tractable, and known to be fond of children; and a native of Holland. For terms, apply to

ENOCH STORY, BROKER.

May 17, 1773.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RAN AWAY laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Thornbury Townſhip, Cheſter County, a mulatto wench about 28 or 30 years of age, well ſet and active; had on and took with her, an India callico gown, and one ditto of brown worſted, a red flannel quilted petticoat, two ſtriped lincey petticoats, two ſtriped lincey ſhort gowns, one worſted and linen ditto, red and yellow mixed, two linen ſhifts, a pair of thread ſtockings, and a pair of old high heeled ſhoes. It is ſuſpected ſhe went off in company with a white man that goes by the name of JOHN MAY, but his proper name is MARK WILEY: He is about five feet ten or eleven inches high, ſlender made, of a pale complexion, has long hair but generally wears a cap over it; had on a white jacket with ſleeves, a pair of linen drawers, and other cloaths in a bundle. It is reported he is a deſerter from the Royal Iriſh regiment, and has a wife near Wilmington. Whoever takes up the ſaid wench and ſecures her, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

PERSIFOR FRAZER.

JOHN BOYD,

Has juſt imported from LONDON,

A LARGE and well aſſorted parcel of capital Drugs, and compound Medicines, which he will ſell on terms that will make it the intereſt of gentlemen of the faculty, and others, to deal with him, at his Medicinal Store in Baltimore Town. Among other things, he has imported from the original ware-houſes the whole, catalogue of Patent Medicines generally uſed in this country; the moſt ſaleable of Doctor Hill's Noſtrums; Ward's famed Compoſitions; alſo a variety of Perfumery of the moſt fragrant odours, ſuch as eſſence of bergamot, oranges, lemons, jeſſamy, lavender, roſemary, &c. Hungary and lavender waters, &c. Likewiſe a quantity of freſh Spicery, well cured and carefully preſerved, as cinnamon, mace, nutmegs, cloves, white, black, long and Jamaica peppers, &c. His Grocery articles are of the firſt quality, conſiſting of delicious Florence ſallad oil, Montpelier white wine vinegar at 12/6 per gallon, good common ditto, raiſins, ſago, ſalop, ſugar candy, pearl barley, &c. Houſe, ſhip and carriage Painters will find at his ſtore, a compleat aſſortment of Colours of every kind: He has white and red leads ground and dry, yellow and brown ochre, ditto ſtone ochre, Spaniſh brown, verdigreaſe, vermillion, roſe pink, Venetian red, lampblack, ivory ditto, Pruſſian blue from No. 1 to No. 5, Kings yellow, chalk, Spaniſh whiting, varniſh bruſhes, tools and camel-hair pencils, with linſeed oil boiled or raw, by any quantity; Apothecaries ſhop furniture as uſual, and a few elegant ſetts of pocket inſtruments, in pouches and ſhagreen caſes; lancets, pullicans, hawks bills, caſes of crooked needles, ſcalpels, &c. all from the moſt approved performers in cutlery.—Said BOYD is determined to ſell his Goods for a moderate profit, at his uſual credit, but expects punctual payments, or at leaſt intereſt, if accounts are not diſcharged within the limited credit. He will be much obliged, if all perſons who are indebted to him above twelve months, will pleaſe to pay off their reſpective accounts before the 25th day of July next.

N. B. An active young lad of good character, inclinable to ſtudy phyſic, and acquire an acquaintance with the Druggiſts buſineſs, may be admitted on advantageous terms, by applying to

JOHN BOYD.

April 20, 1773.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the Tenth of JUNE next,

ALL the REAL ESTATE belonging to the BUSH RIVER IRON WORKS COMPANY, at the head of Buſh River, in Baltimore County, Maryland, now laid out in the following lots for conveniency of ſale.

No. 1. The PRINCIPAL SEAT, containing about fifty acres of land, on which is an iron furnace (not in uſe), a merchant mill and ſaw mill, on a very fine ſtream of water, with the mill race and dam; about twenty acres of the land is very good improved meadow, and moſt of the fifty acres may be watered from the race, and is very rich. There are divers ſmall houſes, out-houſes, &c. on this lot, which is pleaſantly ſituated at Buſh Town. The ſtream is capable of manufacturing thirty thouſand buſhels of wheat per annum, is in an extraordinary fine wheat country, and about 45 miles diſtant from York Town in Pennſylvania, to which is a very good road. The mills and furnace are ſituated at the head of navigable water, and the flour barrels may be rolled out of the mill into the craft, and tranſported from thence by water to Baltimore Town, on the Head of Elk, about 30 miles equal diſtance, at 9d. per barrel.

No. 2. A tract of land called Coomb's Adventure, on Patapſco River, about 2 miles diſtant from Baltimore Town; contains by eſtimation one hundred and ſeventy five acres. On this land is one of the beſt banks of iron ore in the province, and is very valuable from its ſituation, and many other conveniencies; it lays high, and a veſſel of 200 tons burthen may come cloſe to the ſhore, and is a fine place for a gentleman's ſeat.

No. 3 and 5. Contain about ſeven acres of land, adjoining Buſh Town, between the Furnace Race and Bynam's Run; is pleaſantly ſituated on the main road, and very convenient for building on.

No. 4. Contains three acres of the ſame ſort of land, on the other ſide the race.

No. 6. Is a lot of one acre of the ſame land adjoining.

No. 7. Is a lot of ſeven acres, adjoining Buſh Town, below the old race and the dam; valuable meadow ground.

No. 8. Contains about twenty-five acres, near Buſh Town, on the weſt ſide of Bynam's Run, below the dam; ſome of it fine meadow ground.

No. 9. Contains about thirty-one acres, above the dam, adjoining lands of James Mathers; part of it good meadow ground.

No. 10. Contains about five acres, between the race and the run.

No. 16. Contains about two hundred and thirty acres, at the north end of a tract of land called Nova-Scotia; very good land and well timbered.

No. 17. Contains about two hundred and ſeventy acres, part of the ſame tract; very fine land, about twelve acres of valuable meadow ground, and well timbered.

No. 18. About one hundred and thirty acres, part of the ſame tract; very good land, with a ſufficient quantity of meadow ground.

No. 19. About one hundred and twenty one acres, part of a tract of land called Abbot's Forreſt, about thirty acres of which is ſome of the beſt meadow ground in the province, which, together with the upland, is exceedingly well timbered, with white oak, poplar, aſh, &c.

No. 20 and 21. About one hundred and ten acres, part of the aforeſaid tract called Nova-Scotia, on the weſt ſide of James's Run, near Buſh Town; part of it good meadow ground.

No. 22. About one hundred and twenty acres, part of two tracts near Buſh Town; part of it rich bottom.

No. 23. About eighty acres, part of a tract of land called Friendſhip, pleaſantly ſituated between the main road and James Webſter's plantation, about one mile from Buſh Town.

No. 24. Is a griſt mill and ſtone mill-houſe, with twenty acres of condemned land, on a good ſtream of water, adjoining Buſh Town, one quarter of a mile from tide water, and near the main road.

No. 25. Is a wharf on Buſh River, for conveniency of veſſels loading and unloading near the town.

No. 26. About twenty-eight acres, part of the aforeſaid tract of land called Nova-Scotia, near or on Buſh River.

No. 27. About nine acres, called Broken Iſlands, on Buſh River.

No. 28. About ſixty-one acres, part of a tract of land called Friendſhip, ſouth-eaſt of lands of Hannah Richardſon's.

No. 29. About one hundred and eighty acres, part of ditto lands, on the main road near Buſh Town.

No. 31. About one hundred and thirty four acres of land, about four miles from Buſh Town, pleaſantly ſituated on the main road, and ſome of it cultivated.

No. 32. About three hundred acres of land, part of two tracts, on which is a good plantation, an orchard of good fruit, and great proſpect of iron ore.

All the above lands (except the lot No. 2, called Coomb's Adventure) are ſituated at and near Buſh Town, and none of them are more than four or five miles diſtant from navigable water. The ſale to be held at Joſeph Stiles's, at Buſh Town. Reaſonable credit will be given the purchaſers, on giving bond with approved ſecurity. The premiſes may be viewed any time before the day of ſale, and the ſeveral lots above deſcribed ſhewn, by applying to ISAAC WEBSTER, near Buſh Town, WILLIAM COX for JACOB GILES, or THOMAS BOND, ſon of JOHN. Further information reſpecting the premiſes may alſo be had by applying to THOMAS CLIFFORD, in Philadelphia.

N. B. As the Buſh River Company have but lately purchaſed the iron bank on lot No. 2, called Coomb's Adventure, and the iron ore on lot No. 32 (two miles diſtant from the furnace) has been but very lately diſcovered, ſhould any one perſon, or two or three in company, incline to purchaſe the whole and carry on the works, the furnace has all the advantages from ſituation and conveniency, as can be found at any one place in the province, and could not fail of making money faſt, provided the partners were unanimouſly engaged to conduct the ſame agreeable thereto, and the furnace ſtack is allowed to be ſtaunch and good.

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